India

National Sample Survey Office, M/o Statistics and Programme Implementation(MOSPI),Government of India (GOI)

Household Consumer Expenditure, NSS 53th Round : Jan - Dec 1997

August 27, 2012

Metadata Production

Metadata Producer(s)	Computer Centre (MOSPI, CC) , M/O Statistics & Programme Implementation , Documentation of the study
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India (1997)
Household Consumer Expenditure, NSS 53th Round : Jan - Dec 1997

Overview

Type	Socio-Economic/Monitoring Survey [hh/sems]
Identification	DDI-IND-MOSPI-NSSO-53Rnd-Sch1.0-1997
Version	Production Date: 2012-05-27 V1.0; Re-organised anonymised dataset for public distribution.
Series	The National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO) has been set up by the Government of India in 1950 to collect socio-economic data employing scientific sampling methods. The NSSO conducts regular consumer expenditure surveys as part of its “rounds”, each round being normally of a year's duration and covering more than one subject of study. The surveys are conducted through household interviews, using a random sample of households covering practically the entire geographical area of the country. Surveys on consumer expenditure are being conducted quinquennially on a large sample of households from the 27th round (October 1972 - September 1973) onwards. Apart from these quinquennial surveys, the NSSO collected information on consumer expenditure from a smaller sample of households since 42nd round (July 1986 - June 1987). Nowadays every round of NSS includes a consumer expenditure survey (CES), giving rise to an annual series of consumption data. The field operations of the 53rd NSS round commenced on 1st January 1997 and continued up to 31st December 1997. The household consumer expenditure schedule, used for the survey, collected information on quantity and value of household consumption with a reference period of “last 30 days” for some items of consumption. To minimise recall errors, a very detailed item classification was, as usual, adopted to collect information. The field work for the survey was conducted, as usual, by the Field Operations Division of the Organisation. The collected data were processed by the Data Processing Division of NSSO and tabulated by the Computer Centre of Department of Statistics. The reports have been prepared by Survey Design & Research Division (SDRD) of NSSO under the guidance of the Governing Council, NSSO.

Abstract

The National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO) has been carrying out All-India surveys on consumer expenditure. While some of these smaller-scale surveys are spread over a full year and others over six months only, the quinquennial (full-scale) surveys have all been of a full year's duration. Household consumer expenditure is measured as the expenditure incurred by a household on domestic account during a specified period, called reference period. It includes the imputed values of goods and services, which are not purchased but procured otherwise for consumption. In other words, it is the sum total of monetary values of all the items (i.e. goods and services) consumed by the household on domestic account during the reference period. Any expenditure incurred towards the productive enterprises of the households is also excluded from household consumer expenditure. To minimise recall errors, a very detailed item classification is adopted to collect information, including items of food, items of fuel, items of clothing, bedding and footwear, items of educational and medical expenses, items of durable goods and other items. The schedule has also collected some other household particulars including age, sex and educational level etc. of each household member. The schedule design for the survey is more or less similar to that adopted in the previous rounds.

Kind of Data	Sample survey data [ssd]
Unit of Analysis	Randomly selected households based on sampling procedure and members of the household

Scope & Coverage

Scope

The NSSO surveys on consumer expenditure aim to measure the household consumer expenditure in quantitative terms disaggregated by various household characteristics.

The data for this survey is collected in the NSS Schedule 1.0 used for household consumer expenditure. For this round, the schedule had the following blocks.

Blocks 1 and 2 - are similar to the ones used in usual NSS rounds. These are used to record identification of sample households and particulars of field operations.

Block-3: Household characteristics like, household size, principal industry-occupation, social group, land possessed, primary source of energy used for cooking and lighting etc. have been recorded in this block.

Block-4: In this block detailed demographic particulars including age, sex, educational level, marital status, number of meals usually taken in a day etc. has been recorded.

Block-5: In this block cash purchase and household consumption of food, pan, tobacco and intoxicants during the last 30 days have been recorded.

Block-5.1: In this block cash purchase and household consumption of fuel and light during the last 30 days have been recorded.

Block-6: Monthly household consumption of clothing has been recorded in this block.

Block-7: Monthly household consumption of footwear has been recorded in this block.

Block-8 : Household expenditure on miscellaneous goods and services and rents and taxes during the last 30 days has been recorded in this block.

Block-8.1 : Monthly household expenditure on education and medical (institutional) goods and services has been recorded here.

Block-8.2 : Monthly household expenditure on medical (non-institutional) goods and services has been recorded here.

Block-9 : Monthly household expenditure for purchase and construction (including repairs) of durable goods for domestic use has been recorded here.

Block-10 : Perception of households regarding sufficiency of food has been recorded here.

Block-12 : Summary of household consumer expenditure has been recorded here.

Geographic Coverage

The survey covered the whole of the Indian Union except
(i) Ladakh and Kargil districts of J & K,
(ii) 768 interior villages of Nagaland situated beyond 5 kms of the bus route and
(iii) 195 villages of A & N Islands which remain inaccessible throughout the year.

Universe

The survey used the interview method of data collection from a sample of randomly selected households and members of the household.

Producers & Sponsors

Primary Investigator(s)	National Sample Survey Office, M/o Statistics and Programme Implementation(MOSPI),Government of India (GOI)
Other Producer(s)	Survey Design Reearch Division (SDRD) , National Sample Survey Office , Questionnaire Design, Sampling methodology, Survey Reports Field Operations Division (FOD) , National Sample Survey Office , Field Work Data Processing Division (DPD) , National Sample Survey Office , Data Processing Computer Centre (CC, MOSPI) , M/o Statistics and Programme Implementation(MOSPI) , Tabulation and Dissemination
Funding Agency/ies	M/o Statistics & Programme Implementation, GOI (MOSPI)
Other Acknowledgment(s)	Governing council and Working Group , Finalisation of survey study , GOI

Sampling

Sampling Procedure

As usual, a stratified two-stage design is adopted for the current round. The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector (panchayat wards in case of Kerala) and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. The second-stage units are households in both the sectors.

SAMPLING FRAME FOR FIRST STAGE UNITS : The lists of census villages of 1991 census (1981 census list for J & K) constitute the sampling frame for the rural sector. For Kerala, however, the list of panchayat wards has been used as the sampling frame for selection of panchayat wards in the rural sector. For Nagaland, the villages located within 5 kms. of a bus route constitute the sampling frame whereas, for Andaman & Nicobar Islands, the list of 'accessible' villages constitutes the sampling frame. For the urban sector, the lists of NSSO Urban Frame Survey (UFS) blocks have been considered as the sampling frame.

STRATIFICATION

RURAL : In the rural sector, each district is treated as a separate stratum. However, if the 1991 census population of the district is greater than or equal to 2 million (1.8 million population as per 1981 census for J & K) , the districts is split into two or more strata, by grouping contiguous thesis to form strata. In Gujarat, in the case of districts extending over more than one NSS region, the part of a district falling within each NSS region forms a separate stratum.

URBAN : In the urban sector, strata are formed, within each NSS region, by grouping towns on the basis of the population size class of towns.

The total number of sampling units (i.e. villages and blocks) to be surveyed in the present round was fixed at 13,224 for the Central sample and 14,876 for the State sample.

Weighting

Two different weights have been provided in each file in the data set. Details are as follows:-

1. Weight for each sub sample is stored in the variable name : Wgt_SubSample
2. Combined subsample weight is stored in the variable name : Wgt_Combined

Data Collection

Data Collection Dates	Sub Round 1: start 1997-01-01 Sub Round 1: end 1997-03-31 Sub Round 2: start 1997-04-01 Sub Round 2: end 1997-06-30 Sub Round 3: start 1997-07-01

	Sub Round 3: end 1997-09-30 Sub Round 4: start 1997-10-01 Sub Round 4: end 1997-12-31
Data Collection Mode	Face-to-face [f2f]

Questionnaires

The data for this survey is collected in the NSS Schedule 1.0 used for household consumer expenditure. For this round, the schedule had the following blocks.

Blocks 1 and 2 - are similar to the ones used in usual NSS rounds. These are used to record identification of sample households and particulars of field operations.

Block-3: Household characteristics like, household size, principal industry-occupation, social group, land possessed, primary source of energy used for cooking and lighting etc. have been recorded in this block.

Block-4: In this block detailed demographic particulars including age, sex, educational level, marital status, number of meals usually taken in a day etc. has been recorded.

Block-5: In this block cash purchase and household consumption of food, pan, tobacco and intoxicants during the last 30 days have been recorded.

Block-5.1: In this block cash purchase and household consumption of fuel and light during the last 30 days have been recorded.

Block-6: Monthly household consumption of clothing has been recorded in this block.

Block-7: Monthly household consumption of footwear has been recorded in this block.

Block-8 : Household expenditure on miscellaneous goods and services and rents and taxes during the last 30 days has been recorded in this block.

Block-8.1 : Monthly household expenditure on education and medical (institutional) goods and services has been recorded here.

Block-8.2 : Monthly household expenditure on medical (non-institutional) goods and services has been recorded here.

Block-9 : Monthly household expenditure for purchase and construction (including repairs) of durable goods for domestic use has been recorded here.

Block-10 : Perception of households regarding sufficiency of food has been recorded here.

Block-12 : Summary of household consumer expenditure has been recorded here.

Accessibility

Access Authority	Computer Centre (M/O Statistics and Programme Implementation) , http://mospi.nic.in/Mospi_New/site/home.aspx , nssodata@gmail.com
Contact(s)	ADG, SDRD , NSSO (M/O Statistics & PI, G/O India) , http://mospi.gov.in/ DDG, Computer Centre (M/O Statistics & PI, G/O India) , http://mospi.nic.in/Mospi_New/site/home.aspx

Access Conditions

Validated unit level data relating to various survey rounds are available on CD-ROMS which can be obtained from the Deputy Director General, Computer Centre, M/O Statistics and PI, East Block No. 10 R.K. Puram, New Delhi-110066 by remitting the price along with packaging and postal charges as well as giving an undertaking duly signed in a specified format.The amount is to be remitted by way of demand draft drawn in favour of Pay & Accounts Officer, Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation, payable at New Delhi.

Rights & Disclaimer

Disclaimer

The user of the data acknowledges that the original collector of the data, the authorized distributor of the data, and the relevant funding agency bear no responsibility for use of the data or for interpretations or inferences based upon such uses.

Files Description

Dataset contains 13 file(s)

Blocks 1,3_Household Characteristics	
# Cases	51891
# Variable(s)	43
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)
File Content Household characteristics like, household size, principal industry-occupation, social group, land possessed, primary source of energy used for cooking and lighting etc. have been recorded in these blocks.	

Block 4_Person records	
# Cases	249834
# Variable(s)	40
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): Person_key (Primary key - unique identifier for a member in a household) , HHID (Key to identify a household)
File Content In this block detailed demographic particulars including age, sex, educational level, marital status, number of meals usually taken in a day etc. has been recorded.	

Block 5_Monthly household expenditure on food and non-food items	
# Cases	2466992
# Variable(s)	27
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)
File Content In this block cash purchase and household consumption of food, pan, tobacco and intoxicants during the last 30 days have been recorded.	

Block 5pt1_Monthly household expenditure on fuel and light	
# Cases	244718
# Variable(s)	27
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)
File Content In this block cash purchase and household consumption of fuel and light during the last 30 days have been recorded.	

Block 6_Monthly household expenditure on clothing	
# Cases	178944
# Variable(s)	27
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)
File Content Monthly household consumption of clothing has been recorded in this block.	

Block 7_Monthly household expenditure on footwear	
# Cases	68037
# Variable(s)	27
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)
File Content Monthly household consumption of footwear has been recorded in this block.	

Block 8_Monthly household expenditure on miscellaneous goods and services	
# Cases	901266
# Variable(s)	23
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)
File Content Household expenditure on miscellaneous goods and services and rents and taxes during the last 30 days has been recorded in this block.	

Block 8pt1_Monthly household expenditure on education and medical (institutional) goods and services	
# Cases	114926
# Variable(s)	23
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)
File Content Monthly household expenditure on education and medical (institutional) goods and services has been recorded here.	

Block 8pt2_Monthly household expenditure on medical (non-institutional) goods and services	
# Cases	67852
# Variable(s)	23
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)

File Content
Monthly household expenditure on medical (non-institutional) goods and services has been recorded here.

Block 9_Monthly household expenditure on durables

# Cases	92514
# Variable(s)	32
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)

File Content
Monthly household expenditure for purchase and construction (including repairs) of durable goods for domestic use has been recorded here.

Block 10_Perception of households regarding sufficiency of food

# Cases	51724
# Variable(s)	33
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)

File Content
Perception of households regarding sufficiency of food has been recorded here.

Block 11pt1_Weekly household expenditure on ceremonies

# Cases	237
# Variable(s)	28
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)

File Content
Block 11.1 (schedule type 2 only): Particulars of expenditure incurred on ceremonies by the household during the last 7 days prior to the date of survey: Weekly household expenditure on ceremonies has been recorded here.

Block 11pt2_Annual household expenditure on ceremonies

# Cases	3330
# Variable(s)	28
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)

File Content
Block 11.2 (schedule type 2 only): Particulars of expenditure incurred on ceremonies by the household during last 365 days prior to the date of survey: This block is similar to the earlier block i.e. block 11.1 except that the reference period for collection of information is 365 days prior to the date of survey instead of 7 days prior to the date of survey as in block 11.1. Annual household expenditure on ceremonies has been recorded here.

Variables List

Dataset contains 381 variable(s)

File Blocks 1,3_Household Characteristics

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	51891	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	51891	0	Round Schedule
3	State_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	51891	0	State Region
4	State	State	discrete	character-2	51891	0	State
5	Sub_Sample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	51891	0	Sub Sample
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	51891	0	Sub Round
7	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	51891	0	Flot No.
8	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	51891	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
9	Sample	Sample	discrete	character-1	51891	0	Sample
10	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	51891	0	Sector
11	District_Code	District Code	discrete	character-2	51891	0	District Code
12	Sample_Vill_Blk	Sample vill / Block No.	discrete	character-3	51891	0	Sample vill / Block No.
13	Second_Stratum	2nd stg strm / schedule type	discrete	character-1	51891	0	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	51891	0	Sample Household No.
15	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	51891	0	Level
16	Informant_Srl_N	Informant's Serial Number	discrete	character-3	51734	0	Informant's Serial Number
17	Resp_Code	Response Code	discrete	character-1	50846	0	Response Code
18	Survey_Code	Survey Code	discrete	character-1	51891	0	Survey Code
19	Substn_Code	Reason for substitution	discrete	character-1	2140	0	Reason for substitution
20	TimeToCanvass	Time taken to canvass schedule	discrete	character-3	51007	0	How much time was taken to canvass schedule?
21	DateOfSurvey	Date of survey	discrete	character-6	51827	0	Date of survey
22	B3_q1	Household size	continuous	numeric-2.0	51828	63	How many members are there in the household?
23	B3_q2a	NIC Code	discrete	character-3	50314	0	Which industry are the members of the household working in?
24	B3_q2b	NCO Code	discrete	character-3	50268	0	What is the occupation of the members of the household?
25	B3_q3	Household type	discrete	character-1	51774	0	-
26	HH_Type	Sector wise household type	discrete	character-2	51891	0	-
27	B3_q4	Social Group Code	discrete	character-1	51752	0	Which social group do you belong to? Do you come under scheduled caste or scheduled tribe or others category?
28	B3_q5	Land possessed code	discrete	character-2	51491	0	How much land does the household own?
29	B3_q6	Percapita expenditure	continuous	numeric-8.2	51816	75	-

File Blocks 1,3_Household Characteristics

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
30	B3_q7	Dwelling unit	discrete	character-1	51816	0	What is the dwelling unit status of the household? Is it owned, hired or anything else?
31	B3_q8	Type of dwelling	discrete	character-1	51781	0	What is the type of dwelling unit? Is it an independent house or flat or anything else?
32	B3_q9	Type of structure	discrete	character-1	51797	0	What kind of structure the dwelling unit has? Is it katcha or semi-pucca or pucca?
33	B3_q10	Covered area	continuous	numeric-4.0	51644	247	How much is the covered are of the dwelling unit?
34	B3_q11	Source of energy for cooking	discrete	character-2	51731	0	What is the primary source of energy that is being used by the household for cooking?
35	B3_q12	Source of energy for lighting	discrete	character-1	51747	0	What is the primary source of energy that is being used by the household for lighting?
36	B3_q13	Member taken meal outside	discrete	character-1	51828	0	Do the members of the household take meals outside?
37	B3_q14	Ceremony performed	discrete	character-1	31117	0	Does the household perform any ceremony?
38	B3_q15	Purchase from ration shop	discrete	character-1	51801	0	Does the household purchase things from ration shop?
39	Town_Class	Town Class	discrete	character-1	51887	0	Town Class
40	Area_Type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	51891	0	Area Type
41	Update_Code	Update code	discrete	character-1	5094	0	Update code
42	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)	continuous	numeric-9.2	51891	0	-
43	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier (combined)	continuous	numeric-9.2	51891	0	-

File Block 4_Person records

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	Person_key	Primary key - unique identifier for a member in a household	discrete	character-11	249834	0	-
2	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	249834	0	-
3	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	249834	0	Round Schedule
4	State_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	249834	0	State Region
5	State	State	discrete	character-2	249834	0	State
6	Sub_Sample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	249834	0	Sub Sample
7	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	249834	0	Sub Round
8	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	249834	0	Flot No.
9	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	249834	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
10	Sample	Sample	discrete	character-1	249834	0	Sample
11	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	249834	0	Sector

File Block 4_Person records

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
12	District_Code	District Code	discrete	character-2	249834	0	District Code
13	Sample_Vill_Blk	Sample vill / Block No.	discrete	character-3	249834	0	Sample vill / Block No.
14	Second_Stratum	2nd stg strm / schedule type	discrete	character-1	249834	0	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
15	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	249834	0	Sample Household No.
16	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	249834	0	Level
17	B4_q1	Serial No. of members	discrete	character-3	249834	0	Serial No. of members
18	B4_q3	Relation to Head Code	discrete	character-1	249818	0	What is the relationship of the members of the household with the head of the household?
19	B4_q4	Sex Code	discrete	character-1	249834	0	Sex of the member of the household
20	B4_q5	Age	continuous	numeric-2.0	249821	13	Age of the member of the household
21	B4_q6	Marital Status Code	discrete	character-1	249712	0	Marital status of the member of the household
22	B4_q7	General Education Code	discrete	character-2	249476	0	Education level of the member of the household
23	B4_q8	Usual Activity. Principal Status	discrete	character-2	249834	0	Which industry has the member of the household usually worked in during the last one year?
24	B4_q9	Usual Activity. Principal NIC code	discrete	character-1	86803	0	Which industry has the member of the household worked in during the last one year?
25	B4_q10	Usual Activity. Subsidiary Status	discrete	character-2	16926	0	Which industry has the member of the household worked in subsidiary capacity during the last one year?
26	B4_q11	Usual Activity. Subsidiary NIC code	discrete	character-1	17356	0	Which industry has the member of the household worked in subsidiary capacity during the last one year?
27	B4_q12	Weekly Activity. Status	discrete	character-2	249834	0	Which industry has the member of the household worked in during the last 7 days?
28	B4_q13	Weekly Activity NIC code	discrete	character-1	85898	0	Which industry has the member of the household worked in during the last 7 days?
29	B4_q14	Days Stayed away	continuous	numeric-2.0	62298	187536	How many days has the member stayed away from home during the last 30 days?
30	B4_q15	No. of Meals per day	continuous	numeric-1.0	249834	0	How many meals does the household usually take every day?
31	B4_q16	Meals (School)	continuous	numeric-2.0	28787	221047	How many free meals do the members of the household usually take from school?
32	B4_q17	Meals (Employer)	continuous	numeric-2.0	27311	222523	How many free meals do the members of the household usually take from the employer?
33	B4_q18	Meals (Others)	continuous	numeric-2.0	42817	207017	How many free meals do the members of the household usually take from other sources?
34	B4_q19	Meals (Payment)	continuous	numeric-2.0	31171	218663	How many meals do the members of the household usually take on payment basis?

File Block 4_Person records

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
35	B4_q20	Meals (At Home)	continuous	numeric-2.0	247640	2194	How many meals do the members of the household usually take at home?
36	Town_Class	Town Class	discrete	character-1	249811	0	Town Class
37	Area_Type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	249834	0	Area Type
38	Update_Code	Update code	discrete	character-1	23396	0	Update code
39	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)	continuous	numeric-9.2	249834	0	-
40	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier (combined)	continuous	numeric-9.2	249834	0	-

File Block 5_Monthly household expenditure on food and non-food items

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	2466992	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	2466992	0	Round Schedule
3	State_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	2466992	0	State Region
4	State	State	discrete	character-2	2466992	0	State
5	Sub_Sample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	2466992	0	Sub Sample
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	2466992	0	Sub Round
7	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	2466992	0	Flot No.
8	Sample	Sample	discrete	character-1	2466992	0	Sample
9	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	2466992	0	Sector
10	District_Code	District Code	discrete	character-2	2466992	0	District Code
11	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	2466992	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
12	Sample_Vill_Blk	Sample vill / Block No.	discrete	character-3	2466992	0	Sample vill / Block No.
13	Second_Stratum	2nd stg strm / schedule type	discrete	character-1	2466992	0	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	2466992	0	Sample Household No.
15	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	2466992	0	Level
16	B5_q1	Block 5 Item Code	discrete	character-3	2466992	0	Block 5 Item Code
17	B5_q3	Cash Purchase Quantity	continuous	numeric-9.2	1649749	817243	How much quantity of the item was purchased by the household in the last 30 days?
18	B5_q4	Cash Purchase Value	continuous	numeric-8.2	2082723	384269	How much money was spent by the household on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?
19	B5_q5	Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed	continuous	numeric-7.2	113037	2353955	How much quantity of the home grown item was consumed by the household in the last 30 days?
20	B5_q6	Value of Home Grown Items Consumed	continuous	numeric-7.2	146282	2320710	Home grown item of how much value was consumed by the household in the last 30 days?
21	B5_q7	Total consumption - Quantity	continuous	numeric-9.2	1990813	476179	-
22	B5_q8	Total consumption - Value	continuous	numeric-7.2	2448586	18406	-

File Block 5_Monthly household expenditure on food and non-food items

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
23	Town_Class	Town Class	discrete	character-1	2466812	0	Town Class
24	Area_Type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	2466992	0	Area Type
25	Update_Code	Update code	discrete	character-1	232694	0	Update code
26	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)	continuous	numeric-9.2	2466992	0	-
27	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier (combined)	continuous	numeric-9.2	2466992	0	-

File Block 5pt1_Monthly household expenditure on fuel and light

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	244718	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	244718	0	Round Schedule
3	State_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	244718	0	State Region
4	State	State	discrete	character-2	244718	0	State
5	Sub_Sample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	244718	0	Sub Sample
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	244718	0	Sub Round
7	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	244718	0	Flot No.
8	Sample	Sample	discrete	character-1	244718	0	Sample
9	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	244718	0	Sector
10	District_Code	District Code	discrete	character-2	244718	0	District Code
11	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	244718	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
12	Sample_Vill_Blk	Sample vill / Block No.	discrete	character-3	244718	0	Sample vill / Block No.
13	Second_Stratum	2nd stg strm / schedule type	discrete	character-1	244718	0	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	244718	0	Sample Household No.
15	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	244718	0	Level
16	B5_1_q1	Block 5.1 Item Code	discrete	character-3	244718	0	Block 5.1 Item Code
17	B5_1_q3	Cash Purchase Quantity	continuous	numeric-9.2	152898	91820	How much quantity of the item was purchased by the household in the last 30 days?
18	B5_1_q4	Cash Purchase Value	continuous	numeric-8.2	207412	37306	How much money was spent by the household on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?
19	B5_1_q5	Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed	continuous	numeric-7.2	7899	236819	How much quantity of the home grown item was consumed by the household in the last 30 days?
20	B5_1_q6	Value of Home Grown Items Consumed	continuous	numeric-6.2	26328	218390	Home grown item of how much value was consumed by the household in the last 30 days?
21	B5_1_q7	Total consumption - Quantity	continuous	numeric-7.2	179098	65620	-
22	B5_1_q8	Total consumption - Value	continuous	numeric-7.2	244549	169	-
23	Town_Class	Town Class	discrete	character-1	244702	0	Town Class
24	Area_Type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	244718	0	Area Type

File Block 5pt1_Monthly household expenditure on fuel and light

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
25	Update_Code	Update code	discrete	character-1	22478	0	Update code
26	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)	continuous	numeric-9.2	244718	0	-
27	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier (combined)	continuous	numeric-9.2	244718	0	-

File Block 6_Monthly household expenditure on clothing

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	178944	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	178944	0	Round Schedule
3	State_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	178944	0	State Region
4	State	State	discrete	character-2	178944	0	State
5	Sub_Sample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	178944	0	Sub Sample
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	178944	0	Sub Round
7	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	178944	0	Flot No.
8	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	178944	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
9	Sample	Sample	discrete	character-1	178944	0	Sample
10	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	178944	0	Sector
11	District_Code	District Code	discrete	character-2	178944	0	District Code
12	Sample_Vill_Blk	Sample vill / Block No.	discrete	character-3	178944	0	Sample vill / Block No.
13	Second_Stratum	2nd stg strm / schedule type	discrete	character-1	178944	0	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	178944	0	Sample Household No.
15	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	178944	0	Level
16	B6_q1	Block 6 Item Code	discrete	character-3	178944	0	Clothing Item Code
17	B6_q3	Cash Purchase Quantity	continuous	numeric-9.2	142969	35975	How much quantity of the item was purchased by the household in the last 30 days?
18	B6_q4	Cash Purchase Value	continuous	numeric-9.2	176759	2185	How much money was spent by the household on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?
19	B6_q5	Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed	continuous	numeric-8.2	513	178431	How much quantity of the home grown item was consumed by the household in the last 30 days?
20	B6_q6	Value of Home Grown Items Consumed	continuous	numeric-7.2	687	178257	Home grown item of how much value was consumed by the household in the last 30 days?
21	B6_q7	Total consumption - Quantity	continuous	numeric-8.2	143880	35064	-
22	B6_q8	Total consumption - Value	continuous	numeric-8.2	177801	1143	-
23	Town_Class	Town Class	discrete	character-1	178931	0	Town Class
24	Area_Type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	178944	0	Area Type
25	Update_Code	Update code	discrete	character-1	17495	0	Update code

File Block 6_Monthly household expenditure on clothing

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
26	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)	continuous	numeric-9.2	178944	0	-
27	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier (combined)	continuous	numeric-9.2	178944	0	-

File Block 7_Monthly household expenditure on footwear

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	68037	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	68037	0	Round Schedule
3	State_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	68037	0	State Region
4	State	State	discrete	character-2	68037	0	State
5	Sub_Sample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	68037	0	Sub Sample
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	68037	0	Sub Round
7	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	68037	0	Flot No.
8	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	68037	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
9	Sample	Sample	discrete	character-1	68037	0	Sample
10	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	68037	0	Sector
11	District_Code	District Code	discrete	character-2	68037	0	District Code
12	Sample_Vill_Blk	Sample vill / Block No.	discrete	character-3	68037	0	Sample vill / Block No.
13	Second_Stratum	2nd stg strm / schedule type	discrete	character-1	68037	0	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	68037	0	Sample Household No.
15	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	68037	0	Level
16	B7_q1	Block 7 Item Code	discrete	character-3	68037	0	Footwear Item Code
17	B7_q3	Cash Purchase Quantity	continuous	numeric-6.2	67733	304	How much quantity of the item was purchased by the household in the last 30 days?
18	B7_q4	Cash Purchase Value	continuous	numeric-8.2	67733	304	How much money was spent by the household on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?
19	B7_q5	Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed	continuous	numeric-4.2	158	67879	How much quantity of the home grown item was consumed by the household in the last 30 days?
20	B7_q6	Value of Home Grown Items Consumed	continuous	numeric-6.2	150	67887	Home grown item of how much value was consumed by the household in the last 30 days?
21	B7_q7	Total consumption - Quantity	continuous	numeric-6.2	67962	75	-
22	B7_q8	Total consumption - Value	continuous	numeric-8.2	67962	75	-
23	Town_Class	Town Class	discrete	character-1	68032	0	Town Class
24	Area_Type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	68037	0	Area Type
25	Update_Code	Update code	discrete	character-1	6839	0	Update code
26	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)	continuous	numeric-9.2	68037	0	-

File Block 7_Monthly household expenditure on footwear

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
27	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier (combined)	continuous	numeric-9.2	68037	0	-

File Block 8_Monthly household expenditure on miscellaneous goods and services

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	901266	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	901266	0	Round Schedule
3	State_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	901266	0	State Region
4	State	State	discrete	character-2	901266	0	State
5	Sub_Sample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	901266	0	Sub Sample
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	901266	0	Sub Round
7	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	901266	0	Flot No.
8	Sample	Sample	discrete	character-1	901266	0	Sample
9	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	901266	0	Sector
10	District_Code	District Code	discrete	character-2	901266	0	District Code
11	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	901266	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
12	Sample_Vill_Blk	Sample vill / Block No.	discrete	character-3	901266	0	Sample vill / Block No.
13	Second_Stratum	2nd stg strm / schedule type	discrete	character-1	901266	0	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	901266	0	Sample Household No.
15	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	901266	0	Level
16	B8_q1	Block 8 Item Code	discrete	character-3	901266	0	Block 8 Item Code
17	B8_q3	Value in cash	continuous	numeric-9.2	900013	1253	How much money was spent by the household on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?
18	B8_q4	Value in cash and kind	continuous	numeric-9.2	901265	1	How much was spent by the household in cash & kind on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?
19	Town_Class	Town Class	discrete	character-1	901207	0	Town Class
20	Area_Type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	901266	0	Area Type
21	Update_Code	Update code	discrete	character-1	86728	0	Update code
22	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)	continuous	numeric-9.2	901266	0	-
23	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier (combined)	continuous	numeric-9.2	901266	0	-

File Block 8pt1_Monthly household expenditure on education and medical (institutional) goods and services

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	114926	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	114926	0	Round Schedule
3	State_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	114926	0	State Region

File Block 8pt1_Monthly household expenditure on education and medical (institutional) goods and services

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
4	State	State	discrete	character-2	114926	0	State
5	Sub_Sample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	114926	0	Sub Sample
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	114926	0	Sub Round
7	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	114926	0	Flot No.
8	Sample	Sample	discrete	character-1	114926	0	Sample
9	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	114926	0	Sector
10	District_Code	District Code	discrete	character-2	114926	0	District Code
11	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	114926	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
12	Sample_Vill_Blk	Sample vill / Block No.	discrete	character-3	114926	0	Sample vill / Block No.
13	Second_Stratum	2nd stg strm / schedule type	discrete	character-1	114926	0	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	114926	0	Sample Household No.
15	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	114926	0	Level
16	B8_1_q1	Block 8.1 Item Code	discrete	character-3	114926	0	Block 8.1 Item Code
17	B8_1_q3	Value in cash	continuous	numeric-9.2	114837	89	How much money was spent by the household on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?
18	B8_1_q4	Value in cash and kind	continuous	numeric-9.2	114926	0	How much was spent by the household in cash & kind on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?
19	Town_Class	Town Class	discrete	character-1	114922	0	Town Class
20	Area_Type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	114926	0	Area Type
21	Update_Code	Update code	discrete	character-1	11444	0	Update code
22	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)	continuous	numeric-9.2	114926	0	-
23	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier (combined)	continuous	numeric-9.2	114926	0	-

File Block 8pt2_Monthly household expenditure on medical (non-institutional) goods and services

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	67852	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	67852	0	Round Schedule
3	State_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	67852	0	State Region
4	State	State	discrete	character-2	67852	0	State
5	Sub_Sample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	67852	0	Sub Sample
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	67852	0	Sub Round
7	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	67852	0	Flot No.
8	Sample	Sample	discrete	character-1	67852	0	Sample
9	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	67852	0	Sector

File Block 8pt2_Monthly household expenditure on medical (non-institutional) goods and services

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
10	District_Code	District Code	discrete	character-2	67852	0	District Code
11	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	67852	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
12	Sample_Vill_Blk	Sample vill / Block No.	discrete	character-3	67852	0	Sample vill / Block No.
13	Second_Stratum	2nd stg strm / schedule type	discrete	character-1	67852	0	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	67852	0	Sample Household No.
15	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	67852	0	Level
16	B8_2_q1	Block 8.2 Item Code	discrete	character-3	67852	0	Block 8.2 Item Code
17	B8_2_q3	Value in cash	continuous	numeric-8.2	67805	47	How much money was spent by the household on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?
18	B8_2_q4	Value in cash and kind	continuous	numeric-8.2	67851	1	How much was spent by the household in cash & kind on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?
19	Town_Class	Town Class	discrete	character-1	67850	0	Town Class
20	Area_Type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	67852	0	Area Type
21	Update_Code	Update code	discrete	character-1	6713	0	Update code
22	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)	continuous	numeric-9.2	67852	0	-
23	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier (combined)	continuous	numeric-9.2	67852	0	-

File Block 9_Monthly household expenditure on durables

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	92514	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	92514	0	Round Schedule
3	State_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	92514	0	State Region
4	State	State	discrete	character-2	92514	0	State
5	Sub_Sample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	92514	0	Sub Sample
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	92514	0	Sub Round
7	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	92514	0	Flot No.
8	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	92514	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
9	Sample	Sample	discrete	character-1	92514	0	Sample
10	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	92514	0	Sector
11	District_Code	District Code	discrete	character-2	92514	0	District Code
12	Sample_Vill_Blk	Sample vill / Block No.	discrete	character-3	92514	0	Sample vill / Block No.
13	Second_Stratum	2nd stg strm / schedule type	discrete	character-1	92514	0	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	92514	0	Sample Household No.
15	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	92514	0	Level
16	B9_q1	Block 9 Item Code	discrete	character-3	92514	0	-

File Block 9_Monthly household expenditure on durables

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
17	B9_q3	No. of First-hand purchase	continuous	numeric-3.0	7508	85006	How many items were purchased through first hand purchase in the last 30 days?
18	B9_q4	Whether Hire-purchase?	discrete	character-1	17920	0	Whether item was hire-purchased?
19	B9_q5	Value of First-hand purchase - in cash	continuous	numeric-9.2	48334	44180	How much money was spent by the household on first hand purchase of the item in the last 30 days?
20	B9_q6	Value of First-hand purchase - in cash & kind	continuous	numeric-9.2	48456	44058	How much was spent by the household in cash and kind on first hand purchase of the item in the last 30 days?
21	B9_q7	Cost of Raw material,service & repair - in cash	continuous	numeric-8.2	54583	37931	How much was spent by the household in cash towards the cost of raw material, service & repair in the last 30 days?
22	B9_q8	Cost of Raw material,service & repair - in cash & kind	continuous	numeric-8.2	54735	37779	How much was spent by the household in cash & kind towards the cost of raw material, service & repair in the last 30 days?
23	B9_q9	Total Expenditure - in cash	continuous	numeric-9.2	92250	264	-
24	B9_q10	Total Expenditure - in cash & kind	continuous	numeric-9.2	92355	159	-
25	B9_q11	No. of Second-hand purchase	continuous	numeric-3.0	168	92346	How many items were purchased through second hand purchase in the last 30 days?
26	B9_q12	Value of Second-hand purchase - in cash	continuous	numeric-9.2	3020	89494	How much was spent by the household in cash on second hand purchase of the item in the last 30 days?
27	B9_q13	Value of Second-hand purchase - in cash & kind	continuous	numeric-9.2	3014	89500	How much was spent by the household in cash & kind on second hand purchase of the item in the last 30 days?
28	Town_Class	Town Class	discrete	character-1	92503	0	Town Class
29	Area_Type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	92514	0	Area Type
30	Update_Code	Update code	discrete	character-1	11145	0	Update code
31	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)	continuous	numeric-9.2	92514	0	-
32	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier (combined)	continuous	numeric-9.2	92514	0	-

File Block 10_Perception of households regarding sufficiency of food

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	51724	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	51724	0	Round Schedule
3	State_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	51724	0	State Region
4	State	State	discrete	character-2	51724	0	State
5	Sub_Sample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	51724	0	Sub Sample
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	51724	0	Sub Round

File Block 10_Perception of households regarding sufficiency of food

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
7	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	51724	0	Flot No.
8	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	51724	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
9	Sample	Sample	discrete	character-1	51724	0	Sample
10	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	51724	0	Sector
11	District_Code	District Code	discrete	character-2	51724	0	District Code
12	Sample_Vill_Blk	Sample vill / Block No.	discrete	character-3	51724	0	Sample vill / Block No.
13	Second_Stratum	2nd stg strm / schedule type	discrete	character-1	51724	0	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	51724	0	Sample Household No.
15	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	51724	0	Level
16	B10_q1	Do all members get two square meals?	discrete	character-1	51722	0	Do all members get two square meals?
17	B10_q2_1	Month when not enough food	discrete	character-2	380	0	Which month or months the household did not enough food?
18	B10_q2_2	Month when not enough food	discrete	character-2	358	0	Which month or months the household did not enough food?
19	B10_q2_3	Month when not enough food	discrete	character-2	288	0	Which month or months the household did not enough food?
20	B10_q2_4	Month when not enough food	discrete	character-2	185	0	Which month or months the household did not enough food?
21	B10_q2_5	Month when not enough food	discrete	character-2	158	0	Which month or months the household did not enough food?
22	B10_q2_6	Month when not enough food	discrete	character-2	164	0	Which month or months the household did not enough food?
23	B10_q2_7	Month when not enough food	discrete	character-2	240	0	Which month or months the household did not enough food?
24	B10_q2_8	Month when not enough food	discrete	character-2	282	0	Which month or months the household did not enough food?
25	B10_q2_9	Month when not enough food	discrete	character-2	281	0	Which month or months the household did not enough food?
26	B10_q2_10	Month when not enough food	discrete	character-2	165	0	Which month or months the household did not enough food?
27	B10_q2_11	Month when not enough food	discrete	character-2	98	0	Which month or months the household did not enough food?
28	B10_q3	Whether the question(Do all members get two square meals?)was actually asked from the informant	discrete	character-1	41	0	Whether the question(Do all members get two square meals?)was actually asked from the informant?
29	Town_Class	Town Class	discrete	character-1	51720	0	Town Class
30	Area_Type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	51724	0	Area Type
31	Update_Code	Update code	discrete	character-1	5023	0	Update code
32	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)	continuous	numeric-9.2	51724	0	-
33	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier (combined)	continuous	numeric-9.2	51724	0	-

File Block 11pt1_Weekly household expenditure on ceremonies

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	237	0	-
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	237	0	Round Schedule
3	State_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	237	0	State Region
4	State	State	discrete	character-2	237	0	State
5	Sub_Sample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	237	0	Sub Sample
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	237	0	Sub Round
7	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	237	0	Flot No.
8	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	237	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
9	Sample	Sample	discrete	character-1	237	0	Sample
10	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	237	0	Sector
11	District_Code	District Code	discrete	character-2	237	0	District Code
12	Sample_Vill_Blk	Sample vill / Block No.	discrete	character-3	237	0	Sample vill / Block No.
13	Second_Stratum	2nd stg strm / schedule type	discrete	character-1	237	0	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	237	0	Sample Household No.
15	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	237	0	Level
16	B11_1_q2_1	Serial no. of ceremony	discrete	character-3	237	0	Serial no. of ceremony
17	B11_1_q2_3	Code (Ceremony)	discrete	character-1	203	0	Which ceremony did the household perform during the last 7 days?
18	B11_1_q2_4	Expenditure incurred on food	continuous	numeric-6.0	218	19	How much expenditure was incurred on food in the ceremony?
19	B11_1_q2_5	Expenditure incurred on fuel & light	continuous	numeric-6.0	177	60	How much expenditure was incurred on fuel & light in the ceremony?
20	B11_1_q2_6	Expenditure incurred on clothing & footwear	continuous	numeric-5.0	157	80	How much expenditure was incurred on clothing & footwear in the ceremony?
21	B11_1_q2_7	Expenditure incurred on misc. goods & services	continuous	numeric-5.0	147	90	How much expenditure was incurred on miscellaneous goods & services in the ceremony?
22	B11_1_q2_8	Expenditure incurred on durables	continuous	numeric-5.0	69	168	How much expenditure was incurred on durables in the ceremony?
23	B11_1_q2_9	Expenditure incurred - All	continuous	numeric-6.0	237	0	-
24	Town_Class	Town Class	discrete	character-1	237	0	Town Class
25	Area_Type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	237	0	Area Type
26	Update_Code	Update code	discrete	character-1	37	0	Update code
27	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)	continuous	numeric-8.2	237	0	-
28	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier (combined)	continuous	numeric-8.2	237	0	-

File Block 11pt2_Annual household expenditure on ceremonies

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-8	3330	0	-

File Block 11pt2_Annual household expenditure on ceremonies

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
2	RoundSchedule	Round Schedule	discrete	character-3	3330	0	Round Schedule
3	State_Region	State Region	discrete	character-3	3330	0	State Region
4	State	State	discrete	character-2	3330	0	State
5	Sub_Sample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	3330	0	Sub Sample
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	3330	0	Sub Round
7	FlotNo	Flot No.	discrete	character-5	3330	0	Flot No.
8	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	3330	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
9	Sample	Sample	discrete	character-1	3330	0	Sample
10	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	3330	0	Sector
11	District_Code	District Code	discrete	character-2	3330	0	District Code
12	Sample_Vill_Blk	Sample vill / Block No.	discrete	character-3	3330	0	Sample vill / Block No.
13	Second_Stratum	2nd stg strm / schedule type	discrete	character-1	3330	0	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
14	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	3330	0	Sample Household No.
15	Level	Level	discrete	character-2	3330	0	Level
16	B11_2_q2_1	Serial no. of ceremony	discrete	character-3	3330	0	Serial no. of ceremony
17	B11_2_q2_3	Code (Ceremony)	discrete	character-1	2820	0	Which ceremony did the household perform during the last 365 days?
18	B11_2_q2_4	Expenditure incurred on food	continuous	numeric-7.0	3218	112	How much expenditure was incurred on food in the ceremony?
19	B11_2_q2_5	Expenditure incurred on fuel & light	continuous	numeric-6.0	2728	602	How much expenditure was incurred on fuel & light in the ceremony?
20	B11_2_q2_6	Expenditure incurred on clothing & footwear	continuous	numeric-7.0	2341	989	How much expenditure was incurred on clothing & footwear in the ceremony?
21	B11_2_q2_7	Expenditure incurred on misc. goods & services	continuous	numeric-7.0	2156	1174	How much expenditure was incurred on miscellaneous goods & services in the ceremony?
22	B11_2_q2_8	Expenditure incurred on durables	continuous	numeric-7.0	988	2342	How much expenditure was incurred on durables in the ceremony?
23	B11_2_q2_9	Expenditure incurred - All	continuous	numeric-7.0	3330	0	-
24	Town_Class	Town Class	discrete	character-1	3330	0	Town Class
25	Area_Type	Area Type	discrete	character-1	3330	0	Area Type
26	Update_Code	Update code	discrete	character-1	415	0	Update code
27	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)	continuous	numeric-9.2	3330	0	-
28	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier (combined)	continuous	numeric-8.2	3330	0	-

Variables Description

Dataset contains381 variable(s)

File Blocks 1,3_Household Characteristics

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining serial no. of Village/Block, 2nd stg strm and Sample Household Number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Round Schedule

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
531		51891	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#3 State_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.
Literal question	State Region

#4 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	State
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#5 Sub_Sample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.
Literal question	Sub Sample

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Central sample	26119	50.3%

File Blocks 1,3_Household Characteristics

#5 Sub_Sample: Sub Sample

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
2	State sample	25772	49.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 SubRound: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The survey period of one year of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration.
Literal question	Sub Round

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub round 1	15349	29.6%
2	Sub round 2	15311	29.5%
3	Sub round 3	12787	24.6%
4	Sub round 4	8444	16.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#7 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Flot No.
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#8 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Village/Bl. Srl. No.

#9 Sample: Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample

#10 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.
Literal question	Sector

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	23423	45.1%
2	Urban	28468	54.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#11 District_Code: District Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Blocks 1,3_Household Characteristics

#11 District_Code: District Code

Literal question	District Code

#12 Sample_Vill_Blk_No: Sample vill / Block No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample vill / Block No.

#13 Second_Stratum: 2nd stg strm / schedule type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
Notes	Schedule type 1 was canvassed in fsu's with odd sample village/block number (item 13 of block 1) and Schedule type 2 was canvassed in fsu's with even sample village/block number.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample Household No.

#15 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Level

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
01		51891	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 Informant_Srl_No: Informant's Serial Number

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51734 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Informant's Serial Number

#17 Resp_Code: Response Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=50846 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Response Code
Interviewer's instructions	The type of informant, considering his cooperation and capability in providing the required information, will be recorded against this item in terms of specified response codes.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	Not reported	7	0.0%
1	Cooperative & capable	38439	75.6%
2	Cooperative but not capable	11454	22.5%
3	Busy	933	1.8%
4	Reluctant	5	0.0%
9	Others	8	0.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

File Blocks 1,3_Household Characteristics

#18 Survey_Code: Survey Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Survey Code
Interviewer's instructions	Survey code : Whether the originally selected sample household has been surveyed or a substituted household has been surveyed will be indicated against this item by recording '1' if it is the originally selected sample household, and '2' if it is the substituted one. If neither the originally selected household nor the substituted household could be surveyed i.e., if the sample household was a casualty, code '3' would be recorded. In such cases only blocks 0,1, 2, 13 and 14 will be filled up and on the top of the front page of the schedule the word 'CASUALTY' will be written and underlined.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Original household surveyed	49751	95.9%
2	Substitute household surveyed	2071	4.0%
3	Casualty (nothing surveyed)	69	0.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#19 Substn_Code: Reason for substitution

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2140 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Reason for substitution
Interviewer's instructions	Reason for substitution : For the originally selected sample household which could not be surveyed, the reason for its becoming a casualty will be recorded against this item in terms of the specified codes.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Informant busy	1522	71.1%
2	Members away from home	372	17.4%
3	Informant non-cooperative	0	0.0%
9	Others	246	11.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#20 TimeToCanvass: Time taken to canvass schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51007 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	How much time was taken to canvass schedule?

#21 DateOfSurvey: Date of survey

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51827 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Date of survey

#22 B3_q1: Household size

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-31] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51828 /-] [Invalid=63 /-] [Mean=4.821 /-] [StdDev=2.525 /-]
Definition	Household : A group of persons normally living together and taking food from a common kitchen constitutes a household. The word "normally" means that temporary visitors are excluded but temporary stay-aways are included.Thus a son or daughter residing in a hostel for studies is excluded from the household of his/her parents, but a resident employee or resident domestic servant or paying guest (but not just a tenant in the house) is included in the employer/host's household. "Living together" is usually given more importance than "sharing food from a common kitchen" in drawing the boundaries of a household in case the two criteria are in conflict; however, in the

File Blocks 1,3_Household Characteristics

#22 B3_q1: Household size

	special case of a person taking food with his family but sleeping elsewhere (say in a shop or a different house) due to space shortage, the household formed by such a person's family members is taken to include the person also. Each inmate of a mess, hotel, boarding and lodging house, hostel, etc. is considered as a single-member household except that a family living in a hotel (say) is considered as one household only; the same applies to residential staff of such establishments. Household size : The size of a household is the total number of persons in the household.
Literal question	How many members are there in the household?
Interviewer's instructions	The size of the sample household i.e., the total number of persons normally residing together (i.e., under the same roof) and taking food from the same kitchen (including temporary stayaways and excluding temporary visitors) will be recorded against this item. This number will be same as the last serial number recorded in column 1 of block 4.

#23 B3_q2a: NIC Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=50314 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which industry are the members of the household working in?
Interviewer's instructions	The description of the principal household industry-occupation will be recorded in the space provided. The right hand side of item 2 has been divided into two lines. The appropriate three digited industry code of the NIC 1987 will be recorded in the first line and the relevant occupation family of the NCO 1968 will be entered in the second line. To determine the principal household industry-occupation, the general procedure to be followed is to list all the gainful occupations pursued by the members of the household excluding those employed by the household and paying guests (who in view of their staying and taking food in the household are considered as its normal members) during the one year period preceding the date of survey, no matter whether such occupations are pursued by the members in their principal or subsidiary (on the basis of earnings) capacity. Out of the occupations listed, that one which fetched the maximum earnings to the household during the last 365 days preceding the date of survey would be considered as the principal household occupation. It is quite possible that the household occupation, thus determined as the principal one, may be pursued in different industries by one or more members of the household. In such cases, the particular industry out of all the different industries corresponding to the principal occupation, which fetched the maximum earnings, should be considered as the principal industry of the household . In extreme cases, the earnings may be equal in two different occupations or industry- occupation combinations. By convention, in such cases, priority will be given to the occupation or industry-occupation combination of the senior most among the participating members. For households deriving income from non-gainful activities only, a dash (-) may be put against this item.

#24 B3_q2b: NCO Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=50268 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is the occupation of the members of the household?

#25 B3_q3: Household type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51774 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Interviewer's instructions	The household type code based on the means of livelihood of a household will be decided on the basis of the source of the household's income during the 365 days preceding the date of survey. For this purpose, only the household's income (net income and not gross income) from gainful employment will be considered; but the incomes of servants and paying guests will not be taken into account.

#26 HH_Type: Sector wise household type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Blocks 1,3_Household Characteristics

#26 HH_Type: Sector wise household type

Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived by concatenating the variables "sector" and "household type" to enable the users to easily access information on "sector wise household type".

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
10	invalid - rural	32	0.1%
11	self-employed in non-agriculture - rural	3526	6.8%
12	agricultural labour - rural	6726	13.0%
13	other labour - rural	1885	3.6%
14	self-employed in agriculture - rural	8034	15.5%
19	Others - rural	3220	6.2%
20	invalid - urban	89	0.2%
21	self-employed - urban	11319	21.8%
22	regular wage/salary earning - urban	10797	20.8%
23	casual labour - urban	3499	6.7%
29	Others - urban	2764	5.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#27 B3_q4: Social Group Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51752 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which social group do you belong to? Do you come under scheduled caste or scheduled tribe or others category?
Interviewer's instructions	Whether or not the household belongs to scheduled tribe or scheduled caste will be indicated against this item in terms of the specified codes.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	Not reported	4	0.0%
1	Scheduled Tribe	3809	7.4%
2	Scheduled Caste	7879	15.2%
9	Others	40060	77.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#28 B3_q5: Land possessed code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51491 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	How much land does the household own?
Interviewer's instructions	The area of land possessed will include land 'owned', 'leased in' and 'neither owned nor leased in' by the household but exclude land 'leased out'. The total land area possessed by the household as on the date of survey will be worked out and recorded against this item in code.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
01	less than 0.01 hectares	27221	52.9%
02	0.01 to 0.20 hectares	10454	20.3%
03	0.21 to 0.40 hectares	3640	7.1%
04	0.41 to 1.0 hectares	3701	7.2%
05	1.01 to 2.00 hectares	3084	6.0%
06	2.01 to 3.00 hectares	1550	3.0%
07	3.01 to 4.00 hectares	665	1.3%
08	4.01 to 6.00 hectares	530	1.0%

File Blocks 1,3_Household Characteristics

#28 B3_q5: Land possessed code

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
09	6.01 to 8.00 hectares	274	0.5%
10	greater than 8.00 hectares	330	0.6%
99	Invalid	42	0.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#29 B3_q6: Percapita expenditure

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-50749.2] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51816 /-] [Invalid=75 /-] [Mean=630.028 /-] [StdDev=634.092 /-]
Definition	Household consumer expenditure : The expenditure incurred by a household on domestic consumption during the reference period is the household's consumer expenditure. The household consumer expenditure is the total of the monetary values of consumption of various groups of items namely (i) food, pan (betel leaves), tobacco, intoxicants and fuel & light, (ii) clothing and footwear and (iii) miscellaneous goods and services and durable articles. Monthly per capita expenditure (MPCE) : For a household, this is household consumer expenditure over a period of 30 days divided by household size. A person's MPCE is understood as that of the household to which he/she belongs.

#30 B3_q7: Dwelling unit

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Dwelling unit : This item refers only to the dwelling unit or the actual residence of the sample household. The dwelling unit may be an entire structure or may be only a part of a structure.
Literal question	What is the dwelling unit status of the household? Is it owned, hired or anything else?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	not reported	2	0.0%
1	owned	38974	75.2%
2	hired	10334	19.9%
3	no dwelling unit	74	0.1%
9	others	2432	4.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#31 B3_q8: Type of dwelling

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51781 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is the type of dwelling unit? Is it an independent house or flat or anything else?
Interviewer's instructions	A dwelling unit may be in a chawl or bustee, or an independent house or a flat. Applicable code for each type of dwelling will be entered against this item.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	Not reported	2	0.0%
1	Chawl / Bustee	5836	11.3%
2	Independent house	40109	77.5%
3	Flat	5834	11.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#32 B3_q9: Type of structure

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

File Blocks 1,3_Household Characteristics

#32 B3_q9: Type of structure

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51797 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What kind of structure the dwelling unit has? Is it katcha or semi-pucca or pucca?
Interviewer's instructions	The structures have been classified into three categories, namely, pucca, semi-pucca and katcha on the basis of materials used for construction.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	not reported	2	0.0%
1	katcha	9014	17.4%
2	semi-pucca	12471	24.1%
3	pucca	30310	58.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#33 B3_q10: Covered area

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-7776] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51644 /-] [Invalid=247 /-] [Mean=48.596 /-] [StdDev=110.554 /-]
Literal question	How much is the covered are of the dwelling unit?
Interviewer's instructions	This will be the sum of the floor areas of all the rooms, kitchen etc., and covered and/or uncovered verandah of the building. The area will be recorded (to nearest integer) in square meters. The verandah will mean the space adjacent to rooms (both living and other)which is used as an access to the rooms of the dwelling unit. Verandah will not, however, cover a passage or a corridor used mainly as an access to the dwelling unit itself. A verandah covered on four sides by walls with a roof above, is a covered verandah. But the verandah not surrounded by walls on four sides is an uncovered verandah, irrespective of whether there is a roof or not.

#34 B3_q11: Source of energy for cooking

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51731 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is the primary source of energy that is being used by the household for cooking?
Interviewer's instructions	Items : primary source of energy used for cooking and lighting : Against these two items, the code corresponding to the primary source of energy that is being used by the household for the purpose of cooking and for lighting, will have to be recorded. If more than one type of energy is utilized, the primary or principal one on the basis of its use will have to be identified and the corresponding code will be noted in the appropriate box.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
01	coke, coal	1446	2.8%
02	firewood and chips	25659	49.6%
03	LPG	12295	23.8%
04	gobar gas	92	0.2%
05	dung cake	2441	4.7%
06	charcoal	64	0.1%
07	kerosene	6708	13.0%
08	electricity	139	0.3%
09	others	1611	3.1%
10	no cooking arrangement	1276	2.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#35 B3_q12: Source of energy for lighting

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51747 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is the primary source of energy that is being used by the household for lighting?

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#35 B3_q12: Source of energy for lighting

Interviewer's instructions	Items : primary source of energy used for cooking and lighting : Against these two items, the code corresponding to the primary source of energy that is being used by the household for the purpose of cooking and for lighting, will have to be recorded. If more than one type of energy is utilized, the primary or principal one on the basis of its use will have to be identified and the corresponding code will be noted in the appropriate box.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	not reported	3	0.0%
1	kerosene	15620	30.2%
2	other oil	149	0.3%
3	gas	26	0.1%
4	candle	102	0.2%
5	electricity	35408	68.4%
6	no lighting arrangement	77	0.1%
9	others	362	0.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#36 B3_q13: Member taken meal outside

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51828 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Do the members of the household take meals outside?
Interviewer's instructions	If any member of the household has taken meals from outside, with or without payment, during last 30 days preceding the date of enquiry, code 1 will be recorded against this item, otherwise code 2 will be entered.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	Invalid	3	0.0%
1	Yes	11346	21.9%
2	No	40479	78.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#37 B3_q14: Ceremony performed

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=31117 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Does the household perform any ceremony?
Interviewer's instructions	Ceremonies are performed to solemnize some events of life, e.g. birth, marriage etc. Members of a household may have to perform some religious rites consequent upon the death of a person. For various religions, faiths, there are some days in a year which are observed with ceremonial performances like offering puja, prayer, ritual performances etc. Some of such ceremonies may be performed by household members as required under the social/religious customs without incurring expenditure for entertaining guests. On the other hand, some households may spend some amount of money for entertaining guests with meals which are considered as an essential part of the ceremonies performed by them. Code 1 will be entered in the box space provided against this item if at least one ceremony had been performed by the household during the last 30 days preceding the date of enquiry, and code 2 will be entered if no such ceremony was performed by the household.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	Invalid	3	0.0%
1	Yes	669	2.1%
2	No	30445	97.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#38 B3_q15: Purchase from ration shop

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51801 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Blocks 1,3_Household Characteristics

#38 B3_q15: Purchase from ration shop

Literal question	Does the household purchase things from ration shop?
Interviewer's instructions	Item : did the household purchase any cereal from ration/fair price shop during last 30 days ? : The answer against this question will be recorded in codes. The codes are yes-1, no-2. Purchase of food grains by workers from shops run by their employer at concessional or subsidised rates (this is prevalent, for example, in tea garden areas) will come under the coverage of this item. If any such purchase has been made, code 1 will be recorded.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	Invalid	3	0.0%
1	Yes	20448	39.5%
2	No	31350	60.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#39 Town_Class: Town Class

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51887 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Town Class
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#40 Area_Type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Area Type
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#41 Update_Code: Update code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=5094 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Update code
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#42 Wgt_SubSample: Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.66-398698.13] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=6810.676 /-] [StdDev=14027.942 /-]
Definition	Sub sample multiplier generated by NSSO

#43 Wgt_Combined: Multiplier (combined)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.33-199349.07] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51891 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=3422.977 /-] [StdDev=7050.59 /-]
Definition	Combined multiplier generated by NSSO

File Block 4_Person records

#1 Person_key: Primary key - unique identifier for a member in a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Block 4_Person records

#1 Person_key: Primary key - unique identifier for a member in a household

Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for uniquely identifying a member in a household by combining HHID and serial no. of members.

#2 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining serial no. of Village/Block, 2nd stg strm and Sample Household Number.

#3 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Round Schedule

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
531		249834	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#4 State_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.
Literal question	State Region

#5 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	State
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#6 Sub_Sample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.
Literal question	Sub Sample

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Central sample	126210	50.5%

File Block 4_Person records

#6 Sub_Sample: Sub Sample

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
2	State sample	123624	49.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#7 SubRound: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The survey period of one year of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration.
Literal question	Sub Round

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub round 1	73870	29.6%
2	Sub round 2	73374	29.4%
3	Sub round 3	61544	24.6%
4	Sub round 4	41046	16.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#8 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Flot No.
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#9 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Village/Bl. Srl. No.

#10 Sample: Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample

#11 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.
Literal question	Sector

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	114348	45.8%
2	Urban	135486	54.2%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#12 District_Code: District Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Block 4_Person records

#12 District_Code: District Code

Literal question	District Code

#13 Sample_Vill_Blk_No: Sample vill / Block No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample vill / Block No.

#14 Second_Stratum: 2nd stg strm / schedule type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
Notes	Schedule type 1 was canvassed in fsu's with odd sample village/block number (item 13 of block 1) and Schedule type 2 was canvassed in fsu's with even sample village/block number.

#15 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample Household No.

#16 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Level

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
03		249834	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#17 B4_q1: Serial No. of members

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Serial No. of members
Interviewer's instructions	All the members of the sample household will be listed in block 4 using a continuous serial number in column (1). In the list, the head of the household will appear first followed by head's spouse, the first son, first son's wife and children, second son, second son's wife and children & so on. After the sons are enumerated, the daughters will be listed followed by other relations, dependants, servants, etc.

#18 B4_q3: Relation to Head Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249818 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is the relationship of the members of the household with the head of the household?
Interviewer's instructions	The family relationship of each member of the household with the head of the household (for the head, the relationship is 'self') expressed in terms of specified codes will be recorded in this column. The codes to be used are : description code self ..... 1 spouse of head ..... 2 married child ..... 3 spouse of married child 4

File Block 4_Person records

#18 B4_q3: Relation to Head Code

	unmarried child ..... 5 grandchild ..... 6 father/mother/father-in-law/mother-in-law ..... 7 brother/sister/brother-in-law/sister-in-law/other relatives..... 8 servant/employee/other non-relatives 9

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	Not reported	1	0.0%
1	Head	51864	20.8%
2	Spouse of head	41474	16.6%
3	Married child	11335	4.5%
4	Spouse of married child	10506	4.2%
5	Unmarried child	98240	39.3%
6	Grandchild	17697	7.1%
7	Father/mother/father-in-law/mother-in-law	7150	2.9%
8	Brother/sister/brother-in-law/sister-in-law/other relations	10749	4.3%
9	Servant/employee/or non-relatives	802	0.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#19 B4_q4: Sex Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sex of the member of the household
Interviewer's instructions	For each and every member of the household, sex in terms of the code (male-1, female-2) will be recorded in this column.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Male	129845	52.0%
2	Female	119989	48.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#20 B4_q5: Age

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-99] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249821 /-] [Invalid=13 /-] [Mean=26.007 /-] [StdDev=18.639 /-]
Literal question	Age of the member of the household
Interviewer's instructions	The age in completed years of all the members listed will be ascertained and recorded in column (5). For babies below one year of age at the time of listing, enter '0' in column "Age".

#21 B4_q6: Marital Status Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249712 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Marital status of the member of the household
Interviewer's instructions	The marital status of each member will be recorded in terms of the specified code in this column. The codes are : description code never married ..... 1 currently married ..... 2 widowed..... 3 divorced/separated 4

File Block 4_Person records

#21 B4_q6: Marital Status Code

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Never married	125936	50.4%
2	Currently married	111152	44.5%
3	Widowed	11799	4.7%
4	Divorced/separated	825	0.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#22 B4_q7: General Education Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249476 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Education level of the member of the household
Interviewer's instructions	For the purpose of making entries in this column, only the course successfully completed will be considered.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
01	Not literate	88885	35.6%
02	Literate without formal schooling	5559	2.2%
03	Literate but below primary	37658	15.1%
04	Primary	34610	13.9%
05	Middle	34288	13.7%
06	Secondary	21828	8.7%
07	Higher secondary	11956	4.8%
08	Diploma/certificate course	1698	0.7%
09	Graduate and above	12751	5.1%
99	Invalid	243	0.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#23 B4_q8: Usual Activity. Principal Status

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The usual activity status relates to the activity status of a person during the reference period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. The activity status on which a person spent relatively longer time (major time criterion) during the 365 days preceding the date of survey is considered the principal usual activity status of the person.
Literal question	Which industry has the member of the household usually worked in during the last one year?
Interviewer's instructions	In the first instance the broad principal usual activity of the person will be identified based on the various activities pursued by the person during the reference period of last 365 days adopting a relatively long time (or major time) criterion, not necessarily for a continuous period. The broad principal usual activity status will be one of the three categories viz. 'employed' (working), 'unemployed' (available for work) or 'not in labour force' (neither willing nor available for work). It is to be noted that in deciding this, only the normal working hours available for pursuing various activities need be considered, and not the 24 hours of a day. The broad principal usual activity status will be obtained on the basis of a two- stage dichotomous classification depending on the major time spent. Persons will be classified in the first stage into (i)those who are engaged in any economic activity (i.e., employed) and/or available for any economic activity (i.e. unemployed) and (ii) who are not engaged and not available for any economic activity i.e. the persons will be first classified as those in the labour force and those not in the labour force depending on in which of these two statuses the person spent major part of the year. In the second stage, those who are found in the labour force will be further classified into working (i.e., engaged in economic activity or employed) and seeking and/or available for work (i.e., unemployed) based on the major time spent.

File Block 4_Person records

#23 B4_q8: Usual Activity. Principal Status

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
11	worked in household enterprise (self employed) as an own account worker	30078	12.0%
12	worked in household enterprise (self employed) as an employer	879	0.4%
21	worked in household enterprise (self employed) as 'helper'	12868	5.2%
31	worked as regular salaried/wage employee	18803	7.5%
41	worked as casual wage labour in public works	566	0.2%
51	casual wage labour in other types of works	22817	9.1%
81	seeking work and available for work	2817	1.1%
91	attended educational institution	61746	24.7%
92	attended domestic duties only	42382	17.0%
93	attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods, tailoring, weaving, etc. for household use	12333	4.9%
94	recipients of rent, pension, remittance, etc.	2123	0.8%
95	not able to work due to disability	1208	0.5%
96	beggars, prostitutes, etc.	234	0.1%
97	others	15972	6.4%
99	not properly reported	25008	10.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#24 B4_q9: Usual Activity. Principal NIC code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=86803 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which industry has the member of the household worked in during the last one year?
Interviewer's instructions	For the persons categorised 'working' (i.e., those with status codes 11-51), the corresponding 'industry section' will be recorded in terms of the specified codes. The codes are ; description code agriculture, hunting, forestry & fishing ..... 0 mining and quarrying ..... 1 manufacturing .....2/3 electricity, gas and water ..... 4 construction ..... 5 wholesale and retail trade, restaurants & hotels .....6 transport, storage & communication services .....7 financial, insurance, real estate and business services ....8 community, social & personal services 9

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	agriculture, hunting, forestry & fishing	35697	41.1%
1	mining and quarrying	559	0.6%
2	manufacturing	7551	8.7%
3	manufacturing	3930	4.5%
4	electricity, gas and water	783	0.9%
5	construction	3916	4.5%
6	wholesale and retail trade and restaurants and hotels	13473	15.5%
7	transport, storage and communication	4036	4.6%
8	financial, insurance, real estate and business services	1671	1.9%

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#24 B4_q9: Usual Activity. Principal NIC code

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
9	community, social & personal services	15187	17.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#25 B4_q10: Usual Activity. Subsidiary Status

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=16926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which industry has the member of the household worked in subsidiary capacity during the last one year?
Interviewer's instructions	For each person listed in this block, it has to be ascertained whether he or she worked in a subsidiary capacity during the 365 days preceding the date of survey or not; in other words, whether he or she had a subsidiary economic usual status. This has to be ascertained for all the three broad categories of persons initially classified as 'employed', unemployed' and 'not in labour force'. To illustrate, a person categorised as working and assigned the principal usual activity status 'self-employed' may also be engaged for a relatively shorter time during the year as casual wage labour. In such a case, he will be considered to have worked also in a subsidiary capacity(i.e.,having a subsidiary economic status which is different from the principal status). On the other hand, a person may be self-employed in trade for a relatively longer period and simultaneously also engaged in agricultural production for a relatively minor time. In such a case, the principal usual activity status will be 'self-employed in trade' and subsidiary economic status, 'self-employed in agriculture'. Similarly, persons categorised as 'unemployed' or 'not in labour force' on the basis of 'relatively longer time' criterion might have pursued some economic activity for relatively shorter time during the year. In all the above cases, they will be treated to have had subsidiary economic usual status. It may be noted that engagement in work in subsidiary capacity may arise out of two situations : (i) a person may be engaged for a relatively longer period during the 365 days in one economic activity/non-economic activity and for a relatively shorter period in another economic activity; (ii) a person may be pursuing one economic activity/non- economic activity almost throughout the year in the principal status and also simultaneously pursuing another economic activity for relatively shorter time in a subsidiary capacity.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
11	worked in household enterprise (self employed) as an own account worker	6557	38.7%
12	worked in household enterprise (self employed) as an employer	164	1.0%
21	worked in household enterprise (self employed) as ‘helper’	5457	32.2%
31	worked as regular salaried/wage employee	243	1.4%
41	worked as casual wage labour in public works	82	0.5%
51	casual wage labour in other types of works	4423	26.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#26 B4_q11: Usual Activity. Subsidiary NIC code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=17356 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which industry has the member of the household worked in subsidiary capacity during the last one year?
Interviewer's instructions	For all persons engaged in any 'work' in subsidiary capacity, the status codes of the economic activities pursued by them in their subsidiary capacity will be recorded and the corresponding 'industry section' codes will be recorded in next column. In the situation where a person has been found to have pursued more than one economic activity during the last 365 days in his or her subsidiary capacity, the activity on which more time has been spent would be considered for recording entry in this column. Columns are to be filled in for each and every member of the household irrespective of whether the person's principal status is economic activity or not. For those reporting no subsidiary economic activity, 'X' may be recorded in both the columns.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	agriculture, hunting, forestry & fishing	12916	74.4%

File Block 4_Person records

#26 B4_q11: Usual Activity. Subsidiary NIC code

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	mining and quarrying	62	0.4%
2	manufacturing	1123	6.5%
3	manufacturing	239	1.4%
4	electricity, gas and water	44	0.3%
5	construction	536	3.1%
6	wholesale and retail trade and restaurants and hotels	1037	6.0%
7	transport, storage and communication	226	1.3%
8	financial, insurance, real estate and business services	77	0.4%
9	community, social & personal services	1096	6.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#27 B4_q12: Weekly Activity. Status

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which industry has the member of the household worked in during the last 7 days?
Interviewer's instructions	The current weekly activity status of a person will be the activity status obtaining for a person during a reference period of seven days preceding the date of survey. Irrespective of the usual activity pursued by a person, his/her current weekly activity will be determined strictly on the basis of the activities pursued by the person during the reference period of seven days preceding the date of survey adopting the priority criterion. Even for self-employed persons, one need not prejudge and take for granted that the current activity situation for them will be identical with the usual activity situation. A careful probe on the part of the investigator regarding the various activities pursued by the person during the seven days preceding the date of survey is, therefore, necessary for ascertaining his/her current weekly activity status. In defining the 'activity status', it has already been mentioned that the activities are grouped broadly into three categories, namely : (i) working, (ii) not working but seeking and/or available for work, and (iii) neither working nor available for work. According to the priority criterion, the status of ' working' gets priority over the status 'not working but seeking and/or available for work' which in turn gets priority over the status of 'neither working nor available for work'. In the category, 'not working but seeking and/or available for work', the status 'seeking' gets priority over the status of 'not seeking but available for work'. A person would be considered 'working (or employed)' if he/she while pursuing any economic activity had worked for at least one hour on any one day during the week preceding the date of survey. A person would be considered 'seeking and/or available for work (or unemployed)' if during the reference week no 'work' was done by the person but he or she had made efforts to get work or had been available for work during the reference week though not actively seeking work, in the belief that no work was available. A person who had neither worked nor was available for work will be considered to be engaged in non-economic activities (or not in labour force).

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
11	worked in household enterprise (self employed)	30093	12.0%
12	worked in household enterprise (self employed) as an employer	859	0.3%
21	worked in household enterprise (self employed) as ‘helper’	13196	5.3%
31	worked as regular salaried/wage employee	18634	7.5%
41	worked as casual wage labour in public works	595	0.2%
51	casual wage labour in other types of works	21884	8.8%
61	did not work due to sickness though there was work in household enterprise	98	0.0%

File Block 4_Person records

#27 B4_q12: Weekly Activity. Status

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
62	did not work due to other reasons though there was work in household enterprise	80	0.0%
71	did not work due to sickness but had regular salaried/wage employment	40	0.0%
72	did not work due to other reasons but had regular salaried/ wage employment	37	0.0%
81	sought work	2961	1.2%
82	did not seek but was available for work	145	0.1%
91	attended educational institution	60050	24.0%
92	attended domestic duties only	42739	17.1%
93	attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods, tailoring, weaving, etc. for household use	11777	4.7%
94	recipients of rent, pension, remittance, etc.	2073	0.8%
95	not able to work due to disability	1214	0.5%
96	beggars, prostitutes, etc.	248	0.1%
97	others	18014	7.2%
98	did not work due to sickness (for casual workers only)	89	0.0%
99	not properly reported	25008	10.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#28 B4_q13: Weekly Activity NIC code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=85898 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which industry has the member of the household worked in during the last 7 days?
Interviewer's instructions	For persons categorised as 'working' the industry section code corresponding to the activity status will be entered in this column.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	agriculture, hunting, forestry & fishing	34981	40.7%
1	mining and quarrying	554	0.6%
2	manufacturing	7577	8.8%
3	manufacturing	3962	4.6%
4	electricity, gas and water	768	0.9%
5	construction	3894	4.5%
6	wholesale and retail trade and restaurants and hotels	13520	15.7%
7	transport, storage and communication	4035	4.7%
8	financial, insurance, real estate and business services	1653	1.9%
9	community, social & personal services	14954	17.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#29 B4_q14: Days Stayed away

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-30] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=62298 /-] [Invalid=187536 /-] [Mean=1.677 /-] [StdDev=4.623 /-]
Pre-question	Has any member stayed away from home during the last 30 days?
Literal question	How many days has the member stayed away from home during the last 30 days?

File Block 4_Person records

#29 B4_q14: Days Stayed away

Interviewer's instructions	The number of days for which the member 'stayed away from home ' during the 30 days preceding the date of enquiry should be recorded here. A continuous absence from home for 24 hours will be reckoned as a 'day stayed away'. That is, the entry will be made in completed number of days and any fraction of a day will be ignored. The location of the place where the person stayed, having been away from his/her own household, may also be within the same village/ town and staying away will not only mean physical absence but also non- participation in food consumption from his/her own household.

#30 B4_q15: No. of Meals per day

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-3] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Meal A 'Meal' is composed of one of more readily cat able (generally cooked) items of food, the usual major constituent of which is cereal food. The meals consumed by a person twice or thrice a day provide him/her the required energy of (calorie) and other nutrients for living and for pursuing his/her normal avocations. A 'meal' as opposed to 'snacks ' as opposed to 'snacks', 'nasta' or 'high tea' , contains larger quantum and variety of food. In rare cases, a full meal may contain larger quantity of non-cereal food. Even that, if the total quantum of food in plate is heavy as a meal, the contents of the food plate will also be considered as a real. Sometimes the contents of a 'nasta' may not be very different from the contents of a 'meal'. The difference in quantity will there be the guiding factor for deciding whether the plate is to be led as a 'meal ' or a nasta.
Literal question	How many meals does the household usually take every day?
Interviewer's instructions	The number of meals consumed by a person is usually reported as 2 or 3. In rare cases, one may come across a person who may be taking food only once in a day or more than three times a day. While in the former case the number of meals for the person will be 1 per day, in the latter case, however, only 3 should be entered. That is, in this column, the recorded number of meals taken in a day, even if it is reported to be higher, should not exceed 3. A breast-fed baby does not directly share the food consumed by members of the household. Hence for such babies the entry in this column will be '0'.

#31 B4_q16: Meals (School)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-90] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=28787 /-] [Invalid=221047 /-] [Mean=1.969 /-] [StdDev=7.326 /-]
Definition	Meal A 'Meal' is composed of one of more readily cat able (generally cooked) items of food, the usual major constituent of which is cereal food. The meals consumed by a person twice or thrice a day provide him/her the required energy of (calorie) and other nutrients for living and for pursuing his/her normal avocations. A 'meal' as opposed to 'snacks ' as opposed to 'snacks', 'nasta' or 'high tea' , contains larger quantum and variety of food. In rare cases, a full meal may contain larger quantity of non-cereal food. Even that, if the total quantum of food in plate is heavy as a meal, the contents of the food plate will also be considered as a real. Sometimes the contents of a 'nasta' may not be very different from the contents of a 'meal'. The difference in quantity will there be the guiding factor for deciding whether the plate is to be led as a 'meal ' or a nasta.
Literal question	How many free meals do the members of the household usually take from school?
Interviewer's instructions	Number of meals taken outside home on payment and at home during last 30 days preceding the date of survey, for each member of the household will be recorded here. There are schools/balwadis etc., which provide standard food to all or some students as midday meal, tiffin etc., free or at subsidised rate. Such meals are to be considered as meals taken away from home. If such food is received free it will be recorded in column "Meals (School)" . Meals received at subsidised rate will be recorded in column "Meals (Payment)". There are institutions which provide canteen facilities to their students. Students can purchase food of their choice and to their requirements from those canteens on payment. In such cases also entry will be made in column "Meals (Payment)".

#32 B4_q17: Meals (Employer)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-90] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=27311 /-] [Invalid=222523 /-] [Mean=1.306 /-] [StdDev=7.949 /-]
Definition	Meal A 'Meal' is composed of one of more readily cat able (generally cooked) items of food, the usual major constituent of which is cereal food. The meals consumed by a person twice or thrice a day provide him/her the required

File Block 4_Person records

#32 B4_q17: Meals (Employer)

	energy of (calorie) and other nutrients for living and for pursuing his/her normal avocations. A 'meal' as opposed to 'snacks ' as opposed to 'snacks', 'nasta' or 'high tea' , contains larger quantum and variety of food. In rare cases, a full meal may contain larger quantity of non-cereal food. Even that, if the total quantum of food in plate is heavy as a meal, the contents of the food plate will also be considered as a real. Sometimes the contents of a 'nasta' may not be very different from the contents of a 'meal'. The difference in quantity will there be the guiding factor for deciding whether the plate is to be led as a 'meal ' or a nasta.
Literal question	How many free meals do the members of the household usually take from the employer?
Interviewer's instructions	Sometimes meals are provided by the employer. These may be as perquisites or as part of wages in kind. These meals are generally consumed at the place of work and are to be considered as meals taken away from home. It may not be rare that meals provided by the employer are brought home by the employees and consumed there. Such meals are also to be considered as meals taken away from home. In this column the number of such meals received and consumed during the reference period by an individual member will be recorded.

#33 B4_q18: Meals (Others)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-90] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=42817 /-] [Invalid=207017 /-] [Mean=5.709 /-] [StdDev=13.277 /-]
Definition	Meal A 'Meal' is composed of one of more readily cat able (generally cooked) items of food, the usual major constituent of which is cereal food. The meals consumed by a person twice or thrice a day provide him/her the required energy of (calorie) and other nutrients for living and for pursuing his/her normal avocations. A 'meal' as opposed to 'snacks ' as opposed to 'snacks', 'nasta' or 'high tea' , contains larger quantum and variety of food. In rare cases, a full meal may contain larger quantity of non-cereal food. Even that, if the total quantum of food in plate is heavy as a meal, the contents of the food plate will also be considered as a real. Sometimes the contents of a 'nasta' may not be very different from the contents of a 'meal'. The difference in quantity will there be the guiding factor for deciding whether the plate is to be led as a 'meal ' or a nasta.
Literal question	How many free meals do the members of the household usually take from other sources?
Interviewer's instructions	Meals consumed as guests in other households, will also be taken into account while making entries in column (18) .

#34 B4_q19: Meals (Payment)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-90] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=31171 /-] [Invalid=218663 /-] [Mean=3.365 /-] [StdDev=11.623 /-]
Definition	Meal A 'Meal' is composed of one of more readily cat able (generally cooked) items of food, the usual major constituent of which is cereal food. The meals consumed by a person twice or thrice a day provide him/her the required energy of (calorie) and other nutrients for living and for pursuing his/her normal avocations. A 'meal' as opposed to 'snacks ' as opposed to 'snacks', 'nasta' or 'high tea' , contains larger quantum and variety of food. In rare cases, a full meal may contain larger quantity of non-cereal food. Even that, if the total quantum of food in plate is heavy as a meal, the contents of the food plate will also be considered as a real. Sometimes the contents of a 'nasta' may not be very different from the contents of a 'meal'. The difference in quantity will there be the guiding factor for deciding whether the plate is to be led as a 'meal ' or a nasta.
Literal question	How many meals do the members of the household usually take on payment basis?
Interviewer's instructions	For the purpose of making entry in column "Meals (Payment)". 'Meals received on payment' will mean that the informant has to incur some expense or part with a certain portion of his salary/wage for getting the meals. Meals purchased from hotel, restaurant or an eating house will be considered as 'meals taken away from home on payment' and will have to be counted also for making entry in column "Meals (Payment)".

#35 B4_q20: Meals (At Home)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-90] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=247640 /-] [Invalid=2194 /-] [Mean=71.3 /-] [StdDev=16.759 /-]
Definition	Meal A 'Meal' is composed of one of more readily cat able (generally cooked) items of food, the usual major constituent of which is cereal food. The meals consumed by a person twice or thrice a day provide him/her the required energy of (calorie) and other nutrients for living and for pursuing his/her normal avocations. A 'meal' as opposed to 'snacks ' as opposed to 'snacks', 'nasta' or 'high tea' , contains larger quantum and variety of food. In rare

File Block 4_Person records

#35 B4_q20: Meals (At Home)

	cases, a full meal may contain larger quantity of non-cereal food. Even that, if the total quantum of food in plate is heavy as a meal, the contents of the food plate will also be considered as a real. Sometimes the contents of a 'nasta' may not be very different from the contents of a 'meal'. The difference in quantity will there be the guiding factor for deciding whether the plate is to be led as a 'meal ' or a nasta.
Literal question	How many meals do the members of the household usually take at home?

#36 Town_Class: Town Class

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249811 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Town Class
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#37 Area_Type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Area Type
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#38 Update_Code: Update code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=23396 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Update code
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#39 Wgt_SubSample: Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.66-398698.13] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=6838.665 /-] [StdDev=13925.564 /-]
Definition	Sub sample multiplier generated by NSSO

#40 Wgt_Combined: Multiplier (combined)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.33-199349.07] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=249834 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=3437.874 /-] [StdDev=7003.615 /-]
Definition	Combined multiplier generated by NSSO

File Block 5_Monthly household expenditure on food and non-food items

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466992 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining serial no. of Village/Block, 2nd stg strm and Sample Household Number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466992 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Block 5_Monthly household expenditure on food and non-food items

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Literal question	Round Schedule

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
531		2466992	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#3 State_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466992 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.
Literal question	State Region

#4 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466992 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	State
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#5 Sub_Sample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466992 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.
Literal question	Sub Sample

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Central sample	1243656	50.4%
2	State sample	1223336	49.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 SubRound: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466992 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The survey period of one year of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration.
Literal question	Sub Round

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub round 1	736709	29.9%
2	Sub round 2	734448	29.8%

File Block 5_Monthly household expenditure on food and non-food items

#6 SubRound: Sub Round

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
3	Sub round 3	606529	24.6%
4	Sub round 4	389306	15.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#7 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466992 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Flot No.
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#8 Sample: Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466992 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample

#9 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466992 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.
Literal question	Sector

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	1063771	43.1%
2	Urban	1403221	56.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#10 District_Code: District Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466992 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	District Code

#11 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466992 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Village/Bl. Srl. No.

#12 Sample_Vill_Blk_No: Sample vill / Block No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466992 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample vill / Block No.

#13 Second_Stratum: 2nd stg strm / schedule type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466992 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type

File Block 5_Monthly household expenditure on food and non-food items

#13 Second_Stratum: 2nd stg strm / schedule type

Notes	Schedule type 1 was canvassed in fsu's with odd sample village/block number (item 13 of block 1) and Schedule type 2 was canvassed in fsu's with even sample village/block number.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466992 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample Household No.

#15 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466992 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Level

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
04		2466992	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 B5_q1: Block 5 Item Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466992 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Block 5 Item Code

Frequency table not shown (219 Modalities)

#17 B5_q3: Cash Purchase Quantity

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-100554.5] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=1649749 /-] [Invalid=817243 /-] [Mean=60.598 /-] [StdDev=250.053 /-]
Literal question	How much quantity of the item was purchased by the household in the last 30 days?

#18 B5_q4: Cash Purchase Value

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-28500] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2082723 /-] [Invalid=384269 /-] [Mean=53.449 /-] [StdDev=125.126 /-]
Literal question	How much money was spent by the household on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?

#19 B5_q5: Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-5800] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=113037 /-] [Invalid=2353955 /-] [Mean=37.574 /-] [StdDev=128.753 /-]
Literal question	How much quantity of the home grown item was consumed by the household in the last 30 days?

#20 B5_q6: Value of Home Grown Items Consumed

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-8100] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=146282 /-] [Invalid=2320710 /-] [Mean=104.593 /-] [StdDev=214.699 /-]
Literal question	Home grown item of how much value was consumed by the household in the last 30 days?

#21 B5_q7: Total consumption - Quantity

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-252603.75] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=1990813 /-] [Invalid=476179 /-] [Mean=60.008 /-] [StdDev=341.246 /-]

File Block 5_Monthly household expenditure on food and non-food items

#22 **B5_q8: Total consumption - Value**	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2448586 /-] [Invalid=18406 /-] [Mean=54.188 /-] [StdDev=119.261 /-]

#23 **Town_Class: Town Class**	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466812 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Town Class
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#24 **Area_Type: Area Type**	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466992 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Area Type
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#25 **Update_Code: Update code**	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=232694 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Update code
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#26 **Wgt_SubSample: Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)**	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.66-398698.13] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466992 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=6585.243 /-] [StdDev=13529.181 /-]
Definition	Sub sample multiplier generated by NSSO

#27 **Wgt_Combined: Multiplier (combined)**	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.33-199349.07] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2466992 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=3312.511 /-] [StdDev=6808.376 /-]
Definition	Combined multiplier generated by NSSO

File Block 5pt1_Monthly household expenditure on fuel and light

#1 **HHID: Key to identify a household**	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244718 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining serial no. of Village/Block, 2nd stg strm and Sample Household Number.

#2 **RoundSchedule: Round Schedule**	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244718 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Round Schedule

File Block 5pt1_Monthly household expenditure on fuel and light

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
531		244718	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#3 State_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244718 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.
Literal question	State Region

#4 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244718 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	State
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#5 Sub_Sample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244718 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.
Literal question	Sub Sample

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Central sample	123354	50.4%
2	State sample	121364	49.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 SubRound: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244718 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The survey period of one year of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration.
Literal question	Sub Round

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub round 1	72168	29.5%
2	Sub round 2	72232	29.5%
3	Sub round 3	59855	24.5%

File Block 5pt1_Monthly household expenditure on fuel and light

#6 SubRound: Sub Round

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
4	Sub round 4	40463	16.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#7 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244718 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Flot No.
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#8 Sample: Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244718 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample

#9 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244718 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.
Literal question	Sector

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	112790	46.1%
2	Urban	131928	53.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#10 District_Code: District Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244718 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	District Code

#11 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244718 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Village/Bl. Srl. No.

#12 Sample_Vill_Blk_No: Sample vill / Block No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244718 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample vill / Block No.

#13 Second_Stratum: 2nd stg strm / schedule type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244718 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
Notes	Schedule type 1 was canvassed in fsu's with odd sample village/block number (item 13 of block 1) and Schedule type 2 was canvassed in fsu's with even sample village/block number.

File Block 5pt1_Monthly household expenditure on fuel and light

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244718 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample Household No.

#15 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244718 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Level

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
04		244718	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 B5_1_q1: Block 5.1 Item Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244718 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Block 5.1 Item Code

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
460	coke	356	0.1%
461	firewood and chips	29781	12.2%
462	electricity (st. unit)	33380	13.6%
463	dung cake	11935	4.9%
464	kerosene (ltr.)	42832	17.5%
465	matches (box)	49182	20.1%
466	coal	1259	0.5%
467	coal gas (st. unit)	33	0.0%
470	L.P.G (Kg.)	12636	5.2%
471	charcoal	130	0.1%
472	other oil used for lighting (ltr.)	648	0.3%
473	candle (no.)	8671	3.5%
474	methylated spirit (ltr.)	3	0.0%
475	gobar gas	101	0.0%
478	other fuel and light	2684	1.1%
479	fuel and light : s.t. (460—478)	51087	20.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#17 B5_1_q3: Cash Purchase Quantity

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-100008] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=152898 /-] [Invalid=91820 /-] [Mean=27.648 /-] [StdDev=260.79 /-]
Literal question	How much quantity of the item was purchased by the household in the last 30 days?

#18 B5_1_q4: Cash Purchase Value

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-80196.4] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=207412 /-] [Invalid=37306 /-] [Mean=70.517 /-] [StdDev=269.46 /-]
Literal question	How much money was spent by the household on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?

File Block 5pt1_Monthly household expenditure on fuel and light

#19 **B5_1_q5: Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed**	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1800] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=7899 /-] [Invalid=236819 /-] [Mean=102.554 /-] [StdDev=97.629 /-]
Literal question	How much quantity of the home grown item was consumed by the household in the last 30 days?
#20 **B5_1_q6: Value of Home Grown Items Consumed**	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-900] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=26328 /-] [Invalid=218390 /-] [Mean=77.146 /-] [StdDev=69.769 /-]
Literal question	Home grown item of how much value was consumed by the household in the last 30 days?
#21 **B5_1_q7: Total consumption - Quantity**	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-5000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=179098 /-] [Invalid=65620 /-] [Mean=34.298 /-] [StdDev=58.856 /-]
#22 **B5_1_q8: Total consumption - Value**	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.1-4421.65] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244549 /-] [Invalid=169 /-] [Mean=75.981 /-] [StdDev=101.724 /-]
#23 **Town_Class: Town Class**	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244702 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Town Class
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.
#24 **Area_Type: Area Type**	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244718 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Area Type
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.
#25 **Update_Code: Update code**	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=22478 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Update code
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.
#26 **Wgt_SubSample: Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)**	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.66-398698.13] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244718 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=6842.183 /-] [StdDev=13990.913 /-]
Definition	Sub sample multiplier generated by NSSO
#27 **Wgt_Combined: Multiplier (combined)**	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.33-199349.07] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=244718 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=3438.624 /-] [StdDev=7031.526 /-]
Definition	Combined multiplier generated by NSSO

File Block 6_Monthly household expenditure on clothing

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178944 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining serial no. of Village/Block, 2nd stg strm and Sample Household Number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178944 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Round Schedule

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
531		178944	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#3 State_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178944 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.
Literal question	State Region

#4 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178944 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	State
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#5 Sub_Sample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178944 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.
Literal question	Sub Sample

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Central sample	88918	49.7%
2	State sample	90026	50.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

File Block 6_Monthly household expenditure on clothing

#6 SubRound: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178944 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The survey period of one year of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration.
Literal question	Sub Round

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub round 1	53218	29.7%
2	Sub round 2	53734	30.0%
3	Sub round 3	43452	24.3%
4	Sub round 4	28540	15.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#7 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178944 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Flot No.
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#8 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178944 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Village/Bl. Srl. No.

#9 Sample: Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178944 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample

#10 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178944 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.
Literal question	Sector

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	83453	46.6%
2	Urban	95491	53.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#11 District_Code: District Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178944 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	District Code

#12 Sample_Vill_Blk_No: Sample vill / Block No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

File Block 6_Monthly household expenditure on clothing

#12 Sample_Vill_Blk_No: Sample vill / Block No.

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178944 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample vill / Block No.

#13 Second_Stratum: 2nd stg strm / schedule type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178944 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
Notes	Schedule type 1 was canvassed in fsu's with odd sample village/block number (item 13 of block 1) and Schedule type 2 was canvassed in fsu's with even sample village/block number.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178944 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample Household No.

#15 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178944 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Level

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
05		178944	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 B6_q1: Block 6 Item Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178944 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Clothing Item Code

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
480	dhoti	6801	3.8%
481	sari	18175	10.2%
482	cloth for shirt, pyjama, salwar, etc.	19900	11.1%
483	cloth for coat, trousers, overcoat, etc. (m)	13099	7.3%
484	chaddar, dopatta, wrapper, shawl, etc. (m)	5459	3.1%
485	lungi(m)	12514	7.0%
486	gamcha, towel, handkerchief, etc. (no.)	15457	8.6%
487	hosiery articles, stockings, undergarments, etc. (no.)	18331	10.2%
490	ready made garments (no.)	17913	10.0%
491	headgear (m)	1050	0.6%
492	knitted garments, sweater, pullover, cardigan muffler, scarf, etc. (no.)	4506	2.5%
493	bed sheet, bed cover (m)	5323	3.0%
494	rug, blankets (m).	1047	0.6%
495	pillow, quilt, mattress (no.)	1490	0.8%
496	clothes for upholstery, curtain, table cloth, etc. (m)	389	0.2%
497	mosquito net (no.)	745	0.4%

File Block 6_Monthly household expenditure on clothing

#16 B6_q1: Block 6 Item Code

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
500	mats and matting (no.)	504	0.3%
501	cotton, cotton yarn (gm.)	951	0.5%
502	knitting wool (gm)	884	0.5%
508	clothing - others (no.)	3738	2.1%
509	clothing : s.t.	30668	17.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#17 B6_q3: Cash Purchase Quantity

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-100020] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=142969 /-] [Invalid=35975 /-] [Mean=15.244 /-] [StdDev=305.579 /-]
Literal question	How much quantity of the item was purchased by the household in the last 30 days?

#18 B6_q4: Cash Purchase Value

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-999999.99] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=176759 /-] [Invalid=2185 /-] [Mean=562.968 /-] [StdDev=2618.013 /-]
Literal question	How much money was spent by the household on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?

#19 B6_q5: Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-12200] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=513 /-] [Invalid=178431 /-] [Mean=27.262 /-] [StdDev=538.626 /-]
Literal question	How much quantity of the home grown item was consumed by the household in the last 30 days?

#20 B6_q6: Value of Home Grown Items Consumed

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-7200] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=687 /-] [Invalid=178257 /-] [Mean=169.394 /-] [StdDev=446.793 /-]
Literal question	Home grown item of how much value was consumed by the household in the last 30 days?

#21 B6_q7: Total consumption - Quantity

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-24000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=143880 /-] [Invalid=35064 /-] [Mean=14.074 /-] [StdDev=144.568 /-]

#22 B6_q8: Total consumption - Value

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-89900] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=177801 /-] [Invalid=1143 /-] [Mean=552.114 /-] [StdDev=1067.985 /-]

#23 Town_Class: Town Class

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178931 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Town Class
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#24 Area_Type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178944 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Area Type

File Block 6_Monthly household expenditure on clothing

#24 Area_Type: Area Type

Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#25 Update_Code: Update code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=17495 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Update code
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#26 Wgt_SubSample: Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.66-398698.13] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178944 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=6821.986 /-] [StdDev=13309.595 /-]
Definition	Sub sample multiplier generated by NSSO

#27 Wgt_Combined: Multiplier (combined)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.33-199349.07] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=178944 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=3414.081 /-] [StdDev=6659.681 /-]
Definition	Combined multiplier generated by NSSO

File Block 7_Monthly household expenditure on footwear

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68037 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining serial no. of Village/Block, 2nd stg strm and Sample Household Number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68037 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Round Schedule

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
531		68037	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#3 State_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68037 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.
Literal question	State Region

#4 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68037 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	State

File Block 7_Monthly household expenditure on footwear

#4 State: State

Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#5 Sub_Sample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68037 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.
Literal question	Sub Sample

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Central sample	34150	50.2%
2	State sample	33887	49.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 SubRound: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68037 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The survey period of one year of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration.
Literal question	Sub Round

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub round 1	20286	29.8%
2	Sub round 2	20698	30.4%
3	Sub round 3	16603	24.4%
4	Sub round 4	10450	15.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#7 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68037 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Flot No.
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#8 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68037 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Village/Bl. Srl. No.

File Block 7_Monthly household expenditure on footwear

#9 Sample: Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68037 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample

#10 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68037 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.
Literal question	Sector

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	28833	42.4%
2	Urban	39204	57.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#11 District_Code: District Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68037 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	District Code

#12 Sample_Vill_Blk_No: Sample vill / Block No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68037 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample vill / Block No.

#13 Second_Stratum: 2nd stg strm / schedule type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68037 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
Notes	Schedule type 1 was canvassed in fsu's with odd sample village/block number (item 13 of block 1) and Schedule type 2 was canvassed in fsu's with even sample village/block number.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68037 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample Household No.

#15 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68037 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Level

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
06		68037	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 B7_q1: Block 7 Item Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

File Block 7_Monthly household expenditure on footwear

#16 B7_q1: Block 7 Item Code

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68037 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Footwear Item Code

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
510	leather boots, shoe	6130	9.0%
511	leather sandals, chappals, etc.	9402	13.8%
512	other leather foot-wear	3629	5.3%
513	rubber/PVC footwear	17000	25.0%
518	other footwear	6748	9.9%
519	footwear : s.t.	25128	36.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#17 B7_q3: Cash Purchase Quantity

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.1-200] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67733 /-] [Invalid=304 /-] [Mean=3.24 /-] [StdDev=3.29 /-]
Literal question	How much quantity of the item was purchased by the household in the last 30 days?

#18 B7_q4: Cash Purchase Value

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 3-10780] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67733 /-] [Invalid=304 /-] [Mean=246.949 /-] [StdDev=326.992 /-]
Literal question	How much money was spent by the household on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?

#19 B7_q5: Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-6] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=158 /-] [Invalid=67879 /-] [Mean=0.684 /-] [StdDev=1.41 /-]
Literal question	How much quantity of the home grown item was consumed by the household in the last 30 days?

#20 B7_q6: Value of Home Grown Items Consumed

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-420] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=150 /-] [Invalid=67887 /-] [Mean=51.053 /-] [StdDev=97.785 /-]
Literal question	Home grown item of how much value was consumed by the household in the last 30 days?

#21 B7_q7: Total consumption - Quantity

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-200] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67962 /-] [Invalid=75 /-] [Mean=3.234 /-] [StdDev=3.27 /-]

#22 B7_q8: Total consumption - Value

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-10780] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67962 /-] [Invalid=75 /-] [Mean=246.32 /-] [StdDev=325.797 /-]

#23 Town_Class: Town Class

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68032 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Town Class
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

File Block 7_Monthly household expenditure on footwear

#24 Area_Type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68037 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Area Type
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#25 Update_Code: Update code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=6839 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Update code
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#26 Wgt_SubSample: Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.66-349861] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68037 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=6557.065 /-] [StdDev=12795.972 /-]
Definition	Sub sample multiplier generated by NSSO

#27 Wgt_Combined: Multiplier (combined)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.33-174930.5] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=68037 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=3283.38 /-] [StdDev=6404.687 /-]
Definition	Combined multiplier generated by NSSO

File Block 8_Monthly household expenditure on miscellaneous goods and services

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901266 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining serial no. of Village/Block, 2nd stg strm and Sample Household Number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901266 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Round Schedule

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
531		901266	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#3 State_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901266 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.
Literal question	State Region

File Block 8_Monthly household expenditure on miscellaneous goods and services

#4 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901266 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	State
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#5 Sub_Sample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901266 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.
Literal question	Sub Sample

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Central sample	454201	50.4%
2	State sample	447065	49.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 SubRound: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901266 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The survey period of one year of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration.
Literal question	Sub Round

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub round 1	267035	29.6%
2	Sub round 2	269623	29.9%
3	Sub round 3	223588	24.8%
4	Sub round 4	141020	15.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#7 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901266 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Flot No.
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

File Block 8_Monthly household expenditure on miscellaneous goods and services

#8 Sample: Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901266 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample

#9 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901266 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.
Literal question	Sector

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	362326	40.2%
2	Urban	538940	59.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#10 District_Code: District Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901266 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	District Code

#11 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901266 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Village/Bl. Srl. No.

#12 Sample_Vill_Blk_No: Sample vill / Block No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901266 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample vill / Block No.

#13 Second_Stratum: 2nd stg strm / schedule type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901266 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
Notes	Schedule type 1 was canvassed in fsu's with odd sample village/block number (item 13 of block 1) and Schedule type 2 was canvassed in fsu's with even sample village/block number.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901266 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample Household No.

#15 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901266 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Level

File Block 8_Monthly household expenditure on miscellaneous goods and services

#15 Level: Level

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
07		901266	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 B8_q1: Block 8 Item Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901266 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Block 8 Item Code

Frequency table not shown (84 Modalities)

#17 B8_q3: Value in cash

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-250154] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=900013 /-] [Invalid=1253 /-] [Mean=61.114 /-] [StdDev=481.168 /-]
Literal question	How much money was spent by the household on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?

#18 B8_q4: Value in cash and kind

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.03-250154] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901265 /-] [Invalid=1 /-] [Mean=61.402 /-] [StdDev=481.248 /-]
Literal question	How much was spent by the household in cash & kind on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?

#19 Town_Class: Town Class

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901207 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Town Class
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#20 Area_Type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901266 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Area Type
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#21 Update_Code: Update code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=86728 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Update code
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#22 Wgt_SubSample: Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.66-398698.13] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901266 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=6380.277 /-] [StdDev=13286.844 /-]
Definition	Sub sample multiplier generated by NSSO

File Block 8_Monthly household expenditure on miscellaneous goods and services

#23 Wgt_Combined: Multiplier (combined)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.33-199349.07] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=901266 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=3207.555 /-] [StdDev=6681.813 /-]
Definition	Combined multiplier generated by NSSO

File Block 8pt1_Monthly household expenditure on education and medical (institutional) goods and services

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining serial no. of Village/Block, 2nd stg strm and Sample Household Number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Round Schedule

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
531		114926	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#3 State_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.
Literal question	State Region

#4 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	State
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#5 Sub_Sample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units.

File Block 8pt1_Monthly household expenditure on education and medical (institutional) goods and services

#5 Sub_Sample: Sub Sample

	The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.
Literal question	Sub Sample

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Central sample	57655	50.2%
2	State sample	57271	49.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 SubRound: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The survey period of one year of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration.
Literal question	Sub Round

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub round 1	34567	30.1%
2	Sub round 2	33493	29.1%
3	Sub round 3	28916	25.2%
4	Sub round 4	17950	15.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#7 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Flot No.
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#8 Sample: Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample

#9 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.
Literal question	Sector

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	43538	37.9%
2	Urban	71388	62.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#10 District_Code: District Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Block 8pt1_Monthly household expenditure on education and medical (institutional) goods and services

#10 District_Code: District Code

Literal question	District Code

#11 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Village/Bl. Srl. No.

#12 Sample_Vill_Blk_No: Sample vill / Block No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample vill / Block No.

#13 Second_Stratum: 2nd stg strm / schedule type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
Notes	Schedule type 1 was canvassed in fsu's with odd sample village/block number (item 13 of block 1) and Schedule type 2 was canvassed in fsu's with even sample village/block number.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample Household No.

#15 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Level

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
08		114926	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 B8_1_q1: Block 8.1 Item Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Block 8.1 Item Code

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
650	books, journals	14764	12.8%
651	newspapers, periodicals	6755	5.9%
652	library charges	737	0.6%
653	stationary articles	21049	18.3%
654	tuition fees (school/college)	12492	10.9%
655	private tutor	4937	4.3%
658	other educational expenses	12936	11.3%

File Block 8pt1_Monthly household expenditure on education and medical (institutional) goods and services

#16 B8_1_q1: Block 8.1 Item Code

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
659	education :s.t. (650-658)	28545	24.8%
660	medicine (institutional medical exp)	3620	3.1%
661	x-ray, ECG, pathological test etc. (institutional medical exp)	816	0.7%
662	doctor's/surgeon's fee (institutional medical exp)	1935	1.7%
663	nurse/midwife (institutional medical exp)	205	0.2%
664	hospital charges (institutional medical exp)	894	0.8%
665	nursing home/polyclinic charges (institutional medical exp)	174	0.2%
668	other medical expenses (institutional medical exp)	1013	0.9%
669	Total institutional medical exp : s.t. (660—668)	4054	3.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#17 B8_1_q3: Value in cash

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.05-108000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114837 /-] [Invalid=89 /-] [Mean=520.164 /-] [StdDev=1575.235 /-]
Literal question	How much money was spent by the household on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?

#18 B8_1_q4: Value in cash and kind

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.05-108000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=521.533 /-] [StdDev=1577.943 /-]
Literal question	How much was spent by the household in cash & kind on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?

#19 Town_Class: Town Class

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114922 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Town Class
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#20 Area_Type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Area Type
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#21 Update_Code: Update code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=11444 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Update code
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#22 Wgt_SubSample: Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.97-398698.13] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=5993.252 /-] [StdDev=11893.722 /-]

File Block 8pt1_Monthly household expenditure on education and medical (institutional) goods and services

#22 Wgt_SubSample: Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)

Definition	Sub sample multiplier generated by NSSO

#23 Wgt_Combined: Multiplier (combined)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.49-199349.07] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=114926 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=3007.174 /-] [StdDev=5965.989 /-]
Definition	Combined multiplier generated by NSSO

File Block 8pt2_Monthly household expenditure on medical (non-institutional) goods and services

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67852 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining serial no. of Village/Block, 2nd stg strm and Sample Household Number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67852 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Round Schedule

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
531		67852	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#3 State_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67852 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.
Literal question	State Region

#4 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67852 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	State
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#5 Sub_Sample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67852 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate.

File Block 8pt2_Monthly household expenditure on medical (non-institutional) goods and services

#5 Sub_Sample: Sub Sample

	Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.
Literal question	Sub Sample

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Central sample	34035	50.2%
2	State sample	33817	49.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 SubRound: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67852 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The survey period of one year of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration.
Literal question	Sub Round

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub round 1	20106	29.6%
2	Sub round 2	19842	29.2%
3	Sub round 3	16930	25.0%
4	Sub round 4	10974	16.2%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#7 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67852 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Flot No.
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#8 Sample: Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67852 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample

#9 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67852 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.
Literal question	Sector

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	30330	44.7%
2	Urban	37522	55.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

File Block 8pt2_Monthly household expenditure on medical (non-institutional) goods and services

#10 District_Code: District Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67852 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	District Code

#11 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67852 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Village/Bl. Srl. No.

#12 Sample_Vill_Blk_No: Sample vill / Block No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67852 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample vill / Block No.

#13 Second_Stratum: 2nd stg strm / schedule type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67852 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
Notes	Schedule type 1 was canvassed in fsu's with odd sample village/block number (item 13 of block 1) and Schedule type 2 was canvassed in fsu's with even sample village/block number.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67852 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample Household No.

#15 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67852 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Level

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
08		67852	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 B8_2_q1: Block 8.2 Item Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67852 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Block 8.2 Item Code

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
670	medicine (non-institutional medical exp)	27937	41.2%
671	X-Ray/ECG, pathological test etc. (non-institutional medical exp)	802	1.2%
672	doctor's fees (non-institutional medical exp)	9750	14.4%
673	nurse/midwife (non-institutional medical exp)	114	0.2%
674	family planning appliances	144	0.2%

File Block 8pt2_Monthly household expenditure on medical (non-institutional) goods and services

#16 B8_2_q1: Block 8.2 Item Code

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
678	other medical expenses (non-institutional medical exp)	734	1.1%
679	Total non-institutional medical exp :s.t. (670-678)	28371	41.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#17 B8_2_q3: Value in cash

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-69000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67805 /-] [Invalid=47 /-] [Mean=140.833 /-] [StdDev=492.459 /-]
Literal question	How much money was spent by the household on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?

#18 B8_2_q4: Value in cash and kind

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.05-69000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67851 /-] [Invalid=1 /-] [Mean=141.064 /-] [StdDev=492.387 /-]
Literal question	How much was spent by the household in cash & kind on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?

#19 Town_Class: Town Class

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67850 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Town Class
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#20 Area_Type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67852 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Area Type
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#21 Update_Code: Update code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=6713 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Update code
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#22 Wgt_SubSample: Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 2.38-398698.13] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67852 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=6913.277 /-] [StdDev=14182.452 /-]
Definition	Sub sample multiplier generated by NSSO

#23 Wgt_Combined: Multiplier (combined)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1.19-199349.07] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=67852 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=3474.498 /-] [StdDev=7133.767 /-]
Definition	Combined multiplier generated by NSSO

File Block 9_Monthly household expenditure on durables

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92514 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining serial no. of Village/Block, 2nd stg strm and Sample Household Number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92514 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Round Schedule

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
531		92514	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#3 State_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92514 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.
Literal question	State Region

#4 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92514 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	State
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#5 Sub_Sample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92514 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.
Literal question	Sub Sample

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Central sample	45581	49.3%
2	State sample	46933	50.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

File Block 9_Monthly household expenditure on durables

#6 SubRound: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92514 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The survey period of one year of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration.
Literal question	Sub Round

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub round 1	27097	29.3%
2	Sub round 2	27458	29.7%
3	Sub round 3	21642	23.4%
4	Sub round 4	16317	17.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#7 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92514 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Flot No.
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#8 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92514 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Village/Bl. Srl. No.

#9 Sample: Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92514 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample

#10 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92514 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.
Literal question	Sector

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	41823	45.2%
2	Urban	50691	54.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#11 District_Code: District Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92514 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	District Code

#12 Sample_Vill_Blk_No: Sample vill / Block No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

File Block 9_Monthly household expenditure on durables

#12 Sample_Vill_Blk_No: Sample vill / Block No.

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92514 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample vill / Block No.

#13 Second_Stratum: 2nd stg strm / schedule type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92514 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
Notes	Schedule type 1 was canvassed in fsu's with odd sample village/block number (item 13 of block 1) and Schedule type 2 was canvassed in fsu's with even sample village/block number.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92514 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample Household No.

#15 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92514 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Level

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
09		92514	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 B9_q1: Block 9 Item Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92514 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Frequency table not shown (78 Modalities)

#17 B9_q3: No. of First-hand purchase

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-819] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=7508 /-] [Invalid=85006 /-] [Mean=2.125 /-] [StdDev=13.973 /-]
Literal question	How many items were purchased through first hand purchase in the last 30 days?
Interviewer's instructions	The number of each item of durable goods purchased (first-hand) for which some expenditure has been incurred during the reference period will be recorded in this column.

#18 B9_q4: Whether Hire-purchase?

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=17920 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Whether item was hire-purchased?
Interviewer's instructions	If an item of durable goods is purchased on instalment payment and the expenditure made on it during the reference period consists of one or more such instalment payments, code 1 will be recorded in this column. Otherwise i.e., when durable goods are purchased and entire amount is paid during the reference period, code 2 will be recorded in this column.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Yes	3449	19.2%
2	No	14450	80.6%

File Block 9_Monthly household expenditure on durables

#18 B9_q4: Whether Hire-purchase?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
9	Invalid	21	0.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#19 B9_q5: Value of First-hand purchase - in cash

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-415500] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=48334 /-] [Invalid=44180 /-] [Mean=1066.426 /-] [StdDev=6301.779 /-]
Literal question	How much money was spent by the household on first hand purchase of the item in the last 30 days?
Interviewer's instructions	Value of first-hand purchase during the reference period will be entered in this column. The total amount paid during the reference period will be recorded here.

#20 B9_q6: Value of First-hand purchase - in cash & kind

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-415500] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=48456 /-] [Invalid=44058 /-] [Mean=1067.76 /-] [StdDev=6296.65 /-]
Literal question	How much was spent by the household in cash and kind on first hand purchase of the item in the last 30 days?

#21 B9_q7: Cost of Raw material,service & repair - in cash

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-80130] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=54583 /-] [Invalid=37931 /-] [Mean=347.676 /-] [StdDev=1652.028 /-]
Literal question	How much was spent by the household in cash towards the cost of raw material, service & repair in the last 30 days?
Interviewer's instructions	This column is for recording expenditure on materials and services for construction, assemblage, repair and maintenance of all durable goods - first-hand as well as second-hand. Value of durable goods constructed will comprise value of raw materials, services and/or labour charges and any other charges. The total value of raw materials, services and labour charges will be recorded in this block. Here, expenditure incurred towards repair and maintenance of items purchased on second-hand will also be accounted.

#22 B9_q8: Cost of Raw material,service & repair - in cash & kind

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-80130] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=54735 /-] [Invalid=37779 /-] [Mean=349.07 /-] [StdDev=1652.939 /-]
Literal question	How much was spent by the household in cash & kind towards the cost of raw material, service & repair in the last 30 days?

#23 B9_q9: Total Expenditure - in cash

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-450500] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92250 /-] [Invalid=264 /-] [Mean=764.824 /-] [StdDev=4832.458 /-]

#24 B9_q10: Total Expenditure - in cash & kind

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-450500] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92355 /-] [Invalid=159 /-] [Mean=767.461 /-] [StdDev=4832.595 /-]

#25 B9_q11: No. of Second-hand purchase

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-819] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=168 /-] [Invalid=92346 /-]
Literal question	How many items were purchased through second hand purchase in the last 30 days?
Interviewer's instructions	The number of each item of second-hand durable goods purchased during the reference period will be recorded in this column

File Block 9_Monthly household expenditure on durables

#26 **B9_q12: Value of Second-hand purchase - in cash**	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-100000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3020 /-] [Invalid=89494 /-] [Mean=609.914 /-] [StdDev=4512.654 /-]
Literal question	How much was spent by the household in cash on second hand purchase of the item in the last 30 days?
Interviewer's instructions	Value of second-hand purchase during the reference period will be entered in this column.

#27 **B9_q13: Value of Second-hand purchase - in cash & kind**	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-100000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3014 /-] [Invalid=89500 /-] [Mean=616.364 /-] [StdDev=4529.448 /-]
Literal question	How much was spent by the household in cash & kind on second hand purchase of the item in the last 30 days?

#28 **Town_Class: Town Class**	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92503 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Town Class
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#29 **Area_Type: Area Type**	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92514 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Area Type
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#30 **Update_Code: Update code**	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=11145 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Update code
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#31 **Wgt_SubSample: Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)**	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.66-325899.1] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92514 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=6755.339 /-] [StdDev=13188.918 /-]
Definition	Sub sample multiplier generated by NSSO

#32 **Wgt_Combined: Multiplier (combined)**	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.33-162949.55] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=92514 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=3385.064 /-] [StdDev=6612.637 /-]
Definition	Combined multiplier generated by NSSO

File Block 10_Perception of households regarding sufficiency of food

#1 **HHID: Key to identify a household**	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51724 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Block 10_Perception of households regarding sufficiency of food

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining serial no. of Village/Block, 2nd stg strm and Sample Household Number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51724 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Round Schedule

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
531		51724	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#3 State_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51724 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.
Literal question	State Region

#4 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51724 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	State
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#5 Sub_Sample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51724 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.
Literal question	Sub Sample

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Central sample	26036	50.3%
2	State sample	25688	49.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 SubRound: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51724 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Block 10_Perception of households regarding sufficiency of food

#6 SubRound: Sub Round

Definition	The survey period of one year of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration.
Literal question	Sub Round

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub round 1	15301	29.6%
2	Sub round 2	15253	29.5%
3	Sub round 3	12750	24.7%
4	Sub round 4	8420	16.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#7 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51724 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Flot No.
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#8 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51724 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Village/Bl. Srl. No.

#9 Sample: Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51724 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample

#10 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51724 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.
Literal question	Sector

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	23363	45.2%
2	Urban	28361	54.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#11 District_Code: District Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51724 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	District Code

#12 Sample_Vill_Blk_No: Sample vill / Block No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51724 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample vill / Block No.

File Block 10_Perception of households regarding sufficiency of food

#13 Second_Stratum: 2nd stg strm / schedule type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51724 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
Notes	Schedule type 1 was canvassed in fsu's with odd sample village/block number (item 13 of block 1) and Schedule type 2 was canvassed in fsu's with even sample village/block number.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51724 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample Household No.

#15 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51724 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Level

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
02		51724	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 B10_q1: Do all members get two square meals?

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51722 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Do all members get two square meals?
Interviewer's instructions	The expression 'getting two square meals a day', as is used in common parlance, conveys that the concerned person get, by and large, enough food to eat. While putting this question to the informant, it is thus presumed that the informant has a clear understanding about the meaning of it. There are equivalent phrases conveying the same meaning in regional languages. It is, therefore, important to put the proper question in the local language and record the answer given by the informant in terms of prescribed code numbers. Care should however be taken to see that the informant is not offended with this question. Neither this question should be asked to those whose reported consumption would obviously indicate that they get enough to eat.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Yes - through out the year	50536	97.7%
2	Yes -some months of the year	921	1.8%
3	No	265	0.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#17 B10_q2_1: Month when not enough food

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=380 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which month or months the household did not enough food?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
01	Jan	50	13.2%
02	Feb	12	3.2%
03	Mar	18	4.7%
04	Apr	29	7.6%
05	May	29	7.6%

File Block 10_Perception of households regarding sufficiency of food

#17 B10_q2_1: Month when not enough food

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
06	June	49	12.9%
07	July	72	18.9%
08	Aug	61	16.1%
09	Sep	37	9.7%
10	Oct	13	3.4%
11	Nov	3	0.8%
12	Dec	3	0.8%
99	Invalid	4	1.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#18 B10_q2_2: Month when not enough food

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=358 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which month or months the household did not enough food?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
01	Jan	2	0.6%
02	Feb	23	6.4%
03	Mar	10	2.8%
04	Apr	33	9.2%
05	May	25	7.0%
06	June	30	8.4%
07	July	48	13.4%
08	Aug	68	19.0%
09	Sep	57	15.9%
10	Oct	41	11.5%
11	Nov	11	3.1%
12	Dec	6	1.7%
99	Invalid	4	1.1%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#19 B10_q2_3: Month when not enough food

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=288 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which month or months the household did not enough food?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
01	Jan	3	1.0%
02	Feb	4	1.4%
03	Mar	31	10.8%
04	Apr	3	1.0%
05	May	13	4.5%
06	June	14	4.9%
07	July	58	20.1%
08	Aug	43	14.9%
09	Sep	39	13.5%

File Block 10_Perception of households regarding sufficiency of food

#19 B10_q2_3: Month when not enough food

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
10	Oct	34	11.8%
11	Nov	36	12.5%
12	Dec	7	2.4%
99	Invalid	3	1.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#20 B10_q2_4: Month when not enough food

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=185 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which month or months the household did not enough food?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
01	Jan	2	1.1%
02	Feb	1	0.5%
03	Mar	4	2.2%
04	Apr	58	31.4%
05	May	1	0.5%
06	June	5	2.7%
07	July	6	3.2%
08	Aug	16	8.6%
09	Sep	21	11.4%
10	Oct	41	22.2%
11	Nov	14	7.6%
12	Dec	13	7.0%
99	Invalid	3	1.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#21 B10_q2_5: Month when not enough food

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=158 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which month or months the household did not enough food?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
01	Jan	0	0.0%
02	Feb	11	7.0%
03	Mar	3	1.9%
04	Apr	4	2.5%
05	May	94	59.5%
06	June	4	2.5%
07	July	8	5.1%
08	Aug	11	7.0%
09	Sep	10	6.3%
10	Oct	7	4.4%
11	Nov	5	3.2%
12	Dec	0	0.0%
99	Invalid	1	0.6%

File Block 10_Perception of households regarding sufficiency of food

#21 B10_q2_5: Month when not enough food

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#22 B10_q2_6: Month when not enough food

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=164 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which month or months the household did not enough food?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
01	Jan	0	0.0%
02	Feb	0	0.0%
03	Mar	0	0.0%
04	Apr	0	0.0%
05	May	18	11.0%
06	June	115	70.1%
07	July	7	4.3%
08	Aug	4	2.4%
09	Sep	2	1.2%
10	Oct	5	3.0%
11	Nov	2	1.2%
12	Dec	5	3.0%
99	Invalid	6	3.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#23 B10_q2_7: Month when not enough food

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=240 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which month or months the household did not enough food?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
01	Jan	1	0.4%
02	Feb	0	0.0%
03	Mar	0	0.0%
04	Apr	0	0.0%
05	May	0	0.0%
06	June	3	1.2%
07	July	196	81.7%
08	Aug	36	15.0%
09	Sep	2	0.8%
10	Oct	0	0.0%
11	Nov	0	0.0%
12	Dec	0	0.0%
99	Invalid	2	0.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#24 B10_q2_8: Month when not enough food

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=282 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Block 10_Perception of households regarding sufficiency of food

#24 B10_q2_8: Month when not enough food

Literal question	Which month or months the household did not enough food?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
01	Jan	0	0.0%
02	Feb	1	0.4%
03	Mar	0	0.0%
04	Apr	0	0.0%
05	May	0	0.0%
06	June	0	0.0%
07	July	7	2.5%
08	Aug	245	86.9%
09	Sep	8	2.8%
10	Oct	2	0.7%
11	Nov	15	5.3%
12	Dec	0	0.0%
99	Invalid	4	1.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#25 B10_q2_9: Month when not enough food

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=281 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which month or months the household did not enough food?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
01	Jan	0	0.0%
02	Feb	0	0.0%
03	Mar	20	7.1%
04	Apr	1	0.4%
05	May	1	0.4%
06	June	4	1.4%
07	July	0	0.0%
08	Aug	7	2.5%
09	Sep	238	84.7%
10	Oct	4	1.4%
11	Nov	2	0.7%
12	Dec	0	0.0%
99	Invalid	4	1.4%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#26 B10_q2_10: Month when not enough food

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=165 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which month or months the household did not enough food?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
01	Jan	0	0.0%
02	Feb	0	0.0%

File Block 10_Perception of households regarding sufficiency of food

#26 B10_q2_10: Month when not enough food

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
03	Mar	1	0.6%
04	Apr	0	0.0%
05	May	0	0.0%
06	June	22	13.3%
07	July	2	1.2%
08	Aug	0	0.0%
09	Sep	6	3.6%
10	Oct	132	80.0%
11	Nov	1	0.6%
12	Dec	0	0.0%
99	Invalid	1	0.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#27 B10_q2_11: Month when not enough food

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=98 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Which month or months the household did not enough food?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
01	Jan	0	0.0%
02	Feb	0	0.0%
03	Mar	0	0.0%
04	Apr	0	0.0%
05	May	0	0.0%
06	June	0	0.0%
07	July	0	0.0%
08	Aug	2	2.0%
09	Sep	38	38.8%
10	Oct	3	3.1%
11	Nov	54	55.1%
12	Dec	1	1.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#28 B10_q3: Whether the question(Do all members get two square meals?)was actually asked from the informant

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=41 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Whether the question(Do all members get two square meals?)was actually asked from the informant?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	Not reported	8	19.5%
1	Yes	33	80.5%
2	No	0	0.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#29 Town_Class: Town Class

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

File Block 10_Perception of households regarding sufficiency of food

#29 Town_Class: Town Class

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51720 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Town Class
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#30 Area_Type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51724 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Area Type
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#31 Update_Code: Update code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=5023 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Update code
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#32 Wgt_SubSample: Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.66-398698.13] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51724 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=6813.949 /-] [StdDev=14040.035 /-]
Definition	Sub sample multiplier generated by NSSO

#33 Wgt_Combined: Multiplier (combined)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.33-199349.07] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=51724 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=3424.669 /-] [StdDev=7056.72 /-]
Definition	Combined multiplier generated by NSSO

File Block 11pt1_Weekly household expenditure on ceremonies

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining serial no. of Village/Block, 2nd stg strm and Sample Household Number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Round Schedule

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
531		237	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#3 State_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

File Block 11pt1_Weekly household expenditure on ceremonies

#3 State_Region: State Region

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.
Literal question	State Region

#4 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	State
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#5 Sub_Sample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.
Literal question	Sub Sample

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Central sample	107	45.1%
2	State sample	130	54.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 SubRound: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The survey period of one year of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration.
Literal question	Sub Round

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub round 1	107	45.1%
2	Sub round 2	73	30.8%
3	Sub round 3	36	15.2%
4	Sub round 4	21	8.9%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#7 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Block 11pt1_Weekly household expenditure on ceremonies

#7 FlotNo: Flot No.

Literal question	Flot No.
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#8 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Village/Bl. Srl. No.

#9 Sample: Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample

#10 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.
Literal question	Sector

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	112	47.3%
2	Urban	125	52.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#11 District_Code: District Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	District Code

#12 Sample_Vill_Blk_No: Sample vill / Block No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample vill / Block No.

#13 Second_Stratum: 2nd stg strm / schedule type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
Notes	Schedule type 1 was canvassed in fsu's with odd sample village/block number (item 13 of block 1) and Schedule type 2 was canvassed in fsu's with even sample village/block number.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample Household No.

File Block 11pt1_Weekly household expenditure on ceremonies

#15 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Level

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
10		237	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 B11_1_q2_1: Serial no. of ceremony

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Serial no. of ceremony

#17 B11_1_q2_3: Code (Ceremony)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=203 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Ceremonies are performed to solemnise notable events of life e.g. birth, marriage etc. Members of a household may have to perform some religious rites consequent upon the death of a person. For various religious faiths, there are some days in a year which are observed with ceremonial performances like offering of puja, prayer, celebration of rituals etc. Such ceremonies may be performed by household members as required under the social/religious customs without incurring any expenditure for entertaining guests. On the other hand, it may happen that households have to spend some amount under different heads for the purpose of entertainment. Conventionally these expenditures are considered as an essential part of the ceremonies performed. The purpose of providing this block in this schedule is to estimate the amount of expenditure incurred by the household on these occasions under various broad groups of items e.g. food, fuel & light, clothing & footwear, misc. goods & services, durable goods etc. Hence only those ceremonies on which some amount of expenditure is involved should be listed in this block.
Literal question	Which ceremony did the household perform during the last 7 days?

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	Not reported	67	33.0%
1	Birth	28	13.8%
2	Birthday	15	7.4%
3	Mundan / Head shaving	3	1.5%
4	Annaprasan / First rice taking	1	0.5%
5	Thread	3	1.5%
6	Marriage	14	6.9%
7	Marriage anniversary	1	0.5%
8	Death	13	6.4%
9	Others	58	28.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#18 B11_1_q2_4: Expenditure incurred on food

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-400000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=218 /-] [Invalid=19 /-] [Mean=8273.514 /-] [StdDev=44089.606 /-]
Literal question	How much expenditure was incurred on food in the ceremony?

#19 B11_1_q2_5: Expenditure incurred on fuel & light

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-100000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=177 /-] [Invalid=60 /-] [Mean=1720.181 /-] [StdDev=10711.746 /-]

File Block 11pt1_Weekly household expenditure on ceremonies

#19 **B11_1_q2_5: Expenditure incurred on fuel & light**	
Literal question	How much expenditure was incurred on fuel & light in the ceremony?
#20 **B11_1_q2_6: Expenditure incurred on clothing & footwear**	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-40000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=157 /-] [Invalid=80 /-] [Mean=4141.427 /-] [StdDev=8290.713 /-]
Literal question	How much expenditure was incurred on clothing & footwear in the ceremony?
#21 **B11_1_q2_7: Expenditure incurred on misc. goods & services**	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-32200] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=147 /-] [Invalid=90 /-] [Mean=1592.966 /-] [StdDev=4474.069 /-]
Literal question	How much expenditure was incurred on miscellaneous goods & services in the ceremony?
#22 **B11_1_q2_8: Expenditure incurred on durables**	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-38000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=69 /-] [Invalid=168 /-] [Mean=5225.565 /-] [StdDev=8126.808 /-]
Literal question	How much expenditure was incurred on durables in the ceremony?
#23 **B11_1_q2_9: Expenditure incurred - All**	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 20-500000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=14147.814 /-] [StdDev=54634.044 /-]
#24 **Town_Class: Town Class**	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Town Class
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.
#25 **Area_Type: Area Type**	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Area Type
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.
#26 **Update_Code: Update code**	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=37 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Update code
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.
#27 **Wgt_SubSample: Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)**	
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 201.25-32505.93] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=5375.18 /-] [StdDev=6524.856 /-]
Definition	Sub sample multiplier generated by NSSO

File Block 11pt1_Weekly household expenditure on ceremonies

#28 Wgt_Combined: Multiplier (combined)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 100.63-16252.97] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=237 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=2687.593 /-] [StdDev=3262.428 /-]
Definition	Combined multiplier generated by NSSO

File Block 11pt2_Annual household expenditure on ceremonies

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining serial no. of Village/Block, 2nd stg strm and Sample Household Number.

#2 RoundSchedule: Round Schedule

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Round Schedule

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
531		3330	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#3 State_Region: State Region

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.
Literal question	State Region

#4 State: State

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	State
Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable "State Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (32 Modalities)

#5 Sub_Sample: Sub Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.

File Block 11pt2_Annual household expenditure on ceremonies

#5 Sub_Sample: Sub Sample

Literal question	Sub Sample

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Central sample	1631	49.0%
2	State sample	1699	51.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#6 SubRound: Sub Round

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The survey period of one year of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration.
Literal question	Sub Round

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Sub round 1	1000	30.0%
2	Sub round 2	1011	30.4%
3	Sub round 3	766	23.0%
4	Sub round 4	553	16.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#7 FlotNo: Flot No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Flot No.

#8 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Village/Bl. Srl. No.

#9 Sample: Sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample

#10 Sector: Sector

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.
Literal question	Sector

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Rural	1683	50.5%
2	Urban	1647	49.5%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#11 District_Code: District Code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

File Block 11pt2_Annual household expenditure on ceremonies

#11 District_Code: District Code

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	District Code

#12 Sample_Vill_Blk_No: Sample vill / Block No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample vill / Block No.

#13 Second_Stratum: 2nd stg strm / schedule type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	2nd stg strm / Sch. Type
Notes	Schedule type 1 was canvassed in fsu's with odd sample village/block number (item 13 of block 1) and Schedule type 2 was canvassed in fsu's with even sample village/block number.

#14 Hhold_no: Sample Household No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Sample Household No.

#15 Level: Level

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Level

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
11		3330	100.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#16 B11_2_q2_1: Serial no. of ceremony

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Serial no. of ceremony

#17 B11_2_q2_3: Code (Ceremony)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2820 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	Ceremonies are performed to solemnise notable events of life e.g. birth, marriage etc. Members of a household may have to perform some religious rites consequent upon the death of a person. For various religious faiths, there are some days in a year which are observed with ceremonial performances like offering of puja, prayer, celebration of rituals etc. Such ceremonies may be performed by household members as required under the social/religious customs without incurring any expenditure for entertaining guests. On the other hand, it may happen that households have to spend some amount under different heads for the purpose of entertainment. Conventionally these expenditures are considered as an essential part of the ceremonies performed. The purpose of providing this block in this schedule is to estimate the amount of expenditure incurred by the household on these occasions under various broad groups of items e.g. food, fuel & light, clothing & footwear, misc. goods & services, durable goods etc. Hence only those ceremonies on which some amount of expenditure is involved should be listed in this block.
Literal question	Which ceremony did the household perform during the last 365 days?

File Block 11pt2_Annual household expenditure on ceremonies

#17 B11_2_q2_3: Code (Ceremony)

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	Not reported	712	25.2%
1	Birth	295	10.5%
2	Birthday	296	10.5%
3	Mundan / Head shaving	31	1.1%
4	Annaprasan / First rice taking	67	2.4%
5	Thread	32	1.1%
6	Marriage	252	8.9%
7	Marriage anniversary	16	0.6%
8	Death	153	5.4%
9	Others	966	34.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#18 B11_2_q2_4: Expenditure incurred on food

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1000000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3218 /-] [Invalid=112 /-] [Mean=8593.897 /-] [StdDev=56578.102 /-]
Literal question	How much expenditure was incurred on food in the ceremony?

#19 B11_2_q2_5: Expenditure incurred on fuel & light

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-850000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2728 /-] [Invalid=602 /-] [Mean=1629.829 /-] [StdDev=23688.564 /-]
Literal question	How much expenditure was incurred on fuel & light in the ceremony?

#20 B11_2_q2_6: Expenditure incurred on clothing & footwear

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-8000000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2341 /-] [Invalid=989 /-] [Mean=15764.765 /-] [StdDev=241916.338 /-]
Literal question	How much expenditure was incurred on clothing & footwear in the ceremony?

#21 B11_2_q2_7: Expenditure incurred on misc. goods & services

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-2000000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=2156 /-] [Invalid=1174 /-] [Mean=4627.946 /-] [StdDev=63614.3 /-]
Literal question	How much expenditure was incurred on miscellaneous goods & services in the ceremony?

#22 B11_2_q2_8: Expenditure incurred on durables

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-2550000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=988 /-] [Invalid=2342 /-] [Mean=25207.692 /-] [StdDev=183123.447 /-]
Literal question	How much expenditure was incurred on durables in the ceremony?

#23 B11_2_q2_9: Expenditure incurred - All

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 20-8000000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=31198.109 /-] [StdDev=288963.13 /-]

#24 Town_Class: Town Class

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Town Class

File Block 11pt2_Annual household expenditure on ceremonies

#24 Town_Class: Town Class

Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#25 Area_Type: Area Type

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Area Type
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#26 Update_Code: Update code

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=415 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Update code
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.

#27 Wgt_SubSample: Multiplier (subsample 1 or 2)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 2.38-156076.5] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=6202.992 /-] [StdDev=11592.998 /-]
Definition	Sub sample multiplier generated by NSSO

#28 Wgt_Combined: Multiplier (combined)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1.19-78038.25] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3330 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=3101.498 /-] [StdDev=5796.499 /-]
Definition	Combined multiplier generated by NSSO