India

National Sample Survey Office, M/o Statistics and Programme Implementation(MOSPI),Government of India (GOI)

Household Consumer Expenditure, NSS 38th Round : January-December, 1983

April 19, 2012

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India () Household Consumer Expenditure, NSS 38th Round : January-December, 1983 (NSS 38th Round)

Overview	
Туре	Socio-Economic/Monitoring Survey [hh/sems]
Identification	DDI-IND-MOSPI-NSSO-38Rnd-Sch1.0-1983
Version	Production Date: 2012-04-11 V1.0; Re-organised anonymised dataset for public distribution.
Series	 The National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO) has been set up by the Government of India in 1950 to collect socio-economic data employing scientific sampling methods. The NSSO conducts regular consumer expenditure surveys as part of its "rounds", each round being normally of a year's duration and covering more than one subject of study. The surveys are conducted through household interviews, using a random sample of households covering practically the entire geographical area of the country. Surveys on consumer expenditure are being conducted quinquennially on a large sample of households from the 27th round (October 1972 - September 1973) onwards. The third quinquennial survey on household consumer expenditure was carried out during January-December, 1983. The Second Quinquennial Survey on household consumer Expenditure was carried out last in the NSS 32nd round (1977-78). The present survey like the previous one, covered the entire population. Expenditure incurred by the sample household for the purpose of domestic consumption were collected for the 30 days preceding the date of survey. No account has, however, been taken of any expenditure incurred towards the productive enterprises of the household. A three-digit code system, for identification of each item of consumer expenditure, has been introduced in this round: the hundreds and tens place indicates a broad division of items; the hundreds and tens place together specify a group of items and all the three digits together indicates a particular item. In the system of code structure introduced here, an item code ending with 9 represents 'others' that is any item not classified under the particular group. Similarly, a code with 'O' in the units place would be identified as a subtotal item.
	of the Organisation. The collected data were processed by the Data Processing Division of NSSO and tabulated by the Computer Centre of Department of Statistics. The reports have been prepared by Survey Design & Research Division (SDRD) of NSSO under the guidance of the Governing Council, NSSO.

Abstract

The National Sample Survey Office (NSSO) conducts regular consumer expenditure surveys as part of its "rounds", each round being normally of a year's duration and covering more than one subject of study. The surveys are conducted through household interviews, using a random sample of households covering practically the entire geographical area of the country. Surveys on consumer expenditure are being conducted quinquennially on a large sample of households from the 27th round (October 1972 - September 1973) onwards. Household consumer expenditure is measured as the expenditure incurred by a household on domestic account during a specified period, called reference period. It includes the imputed values of goods and services, which are not purchased but procured otherwise for consumption. In other words, it is the sum total of monetary values of all the items (i.e. goods and services) consumed by the household on domestic account during the reference period. The imputed rent of owner-occupied houses is excluded from consumption expenditure. Any expenditure incurred towards the productive enterprises of the households is also excluded from household consumer expenditure. The schedule also collected some other household particulars including age, sex and educational

level etc. of each household member. The third quinquennial survey on household consumer expenditure was carried out during January-December, 1983. A three-digit code system, for identification of each item of consumer expenditure, has been introduced in this round: the hundreds and tens place indicates a broad division of items; the hundreds and tens place together specify a group of items and all the three digits together indicates a particular item. In the system of code structure introduced here, an item code ending with 9 represents 'others' that is any item not classified under the particular group. Similarly, a code with 'O' in the units place would be identified as a sub-total item.

Kind of Data	Sample survey data [ssd]
Unit of Analysis	Randomly selected households based on sampling procedure and members of the household

Scope & Coverage

<u>Scope</u>

The NSSO surveys on consumer expenditure aim to measure the household consumer expenditure in quantitative terms disaggregated by various household characteristics.

The data for this survey is collected in the NSS Schedule 1.0 used for household consumer expenditure. For this round, the schedule had 12 blocks.

Blocks 1 and 2 - are similar to the ones used in usual NSS rounds. These are used to record identification of sample households and particulars of field operations.

Block-3: Household characteristics like, household size, principal industry-occupation, social group, land possessed and cultivated, type of dwelling etc. are recorded in this block.

Block-4: In this Block the detailed demographic particulars including age, sex, educational level, marital status, number of meals usually taken in a day etc. are recorded.

Block-5: In this block cash purchase and consumption of food, pan, tobacco, intoxicants and fuel & light during the last 30 days are recorded.

Block-6: Consumption of clothing during the last 30 and 365 days is recorded in this block.

Block-7: Consumption of footwear during the last 30 and 365 days is recorded in this block.

Block-8 : Expenditure on miscellaneous goods and services and rents and taxes during the last 30 days has been recorded in this block.

Block-9 : Expenditure for purchase of durable goods and selected miscellaneous goods and services (not included in block 8) for domestic use is recorded here.

Block-10 : Particulars of dwelling units are recorded in this block.

Block-11 : Perception of the household regarding sufficiency of food is recorded in this block.

Block-12 : Summary of consumer expenditure during last 30 days is recorded in this block.

Geographic Coverage

The survey covered the whole of the Indian Union.

<u>Universe</u>

The survey used the interview method of data collection from a sample of randomly selected households and members of the household.

Producers & Sponsors	
Primary Investigator(s)	National Sample Survey Office, M/o Statistics and Programme Implementation(MOSPI),Government of India (GOI)
Other Producer(s)	Survey Design Reearch Division (SDRD), National Sample Survey Office, Questionnaire Desgn, Sampling methodology,Survey Reports Questionnaire Desgn, Sampling methodology,Survey Reports Questionnaire Design, Sampling methodology, Survey Reports Field Operations Division (FOD), National Sample Survey Office, Field Work Data Processing Division (DPD), National Sample Survey Office, Data Processing Computer Centre (CC, MOSPI), M/o Statistics and Programme Implementation(MOSPI),Government of India (GOI), Tabulation and Dissemination
Funding Agency/ies	M/o Statistics & Programme Implementation, GOI (MOSPI)
Other Acknowledgment(s)	Governing council and Working Group , Finalisation of survey study , GOI

Sampling

Deviations from Sample Design

There was no deviation from the original sampling design.

Weighting

Two different weights have been provided in each file in the data set. Details are as follows:-

- 1. Weight for each sub sample is stored in the variable name : Wgt_SubSample
- 2. Combined subsample weight is stored in the variable name : Wgt_Combined

Data Collection	
Data Collection Mode	Face-to-face [f2f]
Questionnaires	rvey is collected in the NSS Schedule 1.0 used for household consumer expenditure. For this

The data for this survey is collected in the NSS Schedule 1.0 used for household consumer expenditure. For this round, the schedule had 12 blocks. Summary description of the schedule 1.0 on consumer expenditure is given below.

Blocks 1 and 2 - are similar to the ones used in usual NSS rounds. These are used to record identification of sample households and particulars of field operations.

Block-3: Household characteristics like, household size, principal industry-occupation, social group, land possessed and cultivated, type of dwelling etc. are recorded in this block.

Block-4: In this Block the detailed demographic particulars including age, sex, educational level, marital status, number of meals usually taken in a day etc. are recorded.

Block-5: In this block cash purchase and consumption of food, pan, tobacco, intoxicants and fuel & light during the last 30 days are recorded.

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Block-8 : Expenditure on miscellaneous goods and services and rents and taxes during the last 30 days has been recorded in this block.

Block-9 : Expenditure for purchase of durable goods and selected miscellaneous goods and services (not included in block 8) for domestic use is recorded here.

Block-10 : Particulars of dwelling units are recorded in this block.

Block-11 : Perception of the household regarding sufficiency of food is recorded in this block.

Block-12 : Summary of consumer expenditure during last 30 days is recorded in this block.

Accessibility	
Access Authority	Computer Centre (M/O Statistics and Programme Implementation) , <u>http://mospi.nic.in/</u> Mospi_New/site/home.aspx , <u>nssodata@gmail.com</u>
Contact(s)	ADG, SDRD , NSSO (M/O Statistics & PI, G/O India) , <u>http://mospi.gov.in/</u> DDG, Computer Centre (M/O Statistics & PI, G/O India) , <u>http://mospi.nic.in/Mospi_New/</u> <u>site/home.aspx</u>

Access Conditions

Validated unit level data relating to various survey rounds are available on CD-ROMS which can be obtained from the Deputy Director General, Computer Centre, M/O Statistics and PI, East Block No. 10 R.K. Puram, New Delhi-110066 by remitting the price along with packaging and postal charges as well as giving an undertaking duly signed in a specified format. The amount is to be remitted by way of demand draft drawn in favour of Pay & Accounts Officer, Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation, payable at New Delhi.

Rights & Disclaimer

Disclaimer

The user of the data acknowledges that the original collector of the data, the authorized distributor of the data, and the relevant funding agency bear no responsibility for use of the data or for interpretations or inferences based upon such uses.

Files Description

Dataset contains 12 file(s)

Blocks 3 and 10- Household Characteristics	
# Cases	117604
# Variable(s)	53
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)

File Content

Household characteristics like, household size, principal industry-occupation, social group, land possessed and cultivated, type of dwelling etc. are recorded in this block.

Block 4 - Food intake	
# Cases	117423
# Variable(s)	40
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household)
File Content	

In this dataset primarily information on food intake is provided.

Block 5 - Monthly household expenditure on food and non food items	
# Cases	3428080
# Variable(s)	22
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household), Item_Code (Block 5 Item Code)

File Content

Block 5 contains information on cash purchase, consumption out of home-grown stock and total consumption of food, pan, tobacco, intoxicants and fuel and light during the last 30 days.

Block 6pt1 - Monthly household expenditure on clothing

# Cases	88816
# Variable(s)	23
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household), B6_1_q1 (Block 6.1 Item Code)

File Content

Block 6.1 contains information on cash purchase, consumption out of home-grown stock and total consumption of clothing during the last 30 days.

Block 6pt2 - Household expenditure on clothing	
# Cases	607025

# Variable(s)	23
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household), B6_2_q1 (Block 6.2 Item Code)

File Content

Block 6.1 contains information on cash purchase, consumption out of home-grown stock and total consumption of clothing during the last 365 days.

Block 7pt1 - Monthly household expenditure on footwear				
# Cases	26611			
# Variable(s)	22			
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household), B7_1_q1 (Block 7.1 Item Code)			

File Content

Block 7.1 contains information on cash purchase, consumption out of home-grown stock and total consumption of footwear during the last 30 days.

Block 7pt2 - Household expenditure on footwear				
# Cases	142448			
# Variable(s)	22			
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household), B7_2_q1 (Block 7.2 Item Code)			

File Content

Block 7.1 contains information on cash purchase, consumption out of home-grown stock and total consumption of footwear during the last 365 days.

Block 8 - Monthly household expenditure on misc

# Cases	836531
# Variable(s)	18
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household), Item_Code (Block 8 Item Code)

File Content

Block 8 contains information on household expenditure (cash & kind) on miscellaneous goods and services and rents and taxes during the last 30 days.

Block 9pt1 - Monthly household expenditure for purchase of durables

# Cases	54043
# Variable(s)	21
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household), B9_1_q1 (Block 9.1 Item Code)

File Content

Block 9.1 contains information on household expenditure for purchase (cash & kind) of durable goods and selected miscellaneous goods and services (nor included in block 8) for domestic use during the last 30 days.

Block 9pt1 - Household expenditure for purchase of durables

# Cases	319833
# Variable(s)	21
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household), B9_1_q8 (Block 9.1 Item Code)

File Content

Block 9.1 contains information on household expenditure for purchase (cash & kind) of durable goods and selected miscellaneous goods and services (nor included in block 8) for domestic use during the last 365 days.

Block 9pt2 - Monthly household expenditure for construction & repair of durables

# Cases	14311
# Variable(s)	19
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household), B9_2_q1 (Block 9.2 Item Code)

File Content

Block 9.2 contains information on household expenditure (cash and kind) for construction and repairs of durable goods and selected miscellaneous goods and services (not included in block 8) for domestic use during the last 30 days.

Block 9pt2 - Household expenditure for construction & repair of durables					
# Cases	88525				
# Variable(s)	19				
File Structure	Type: relational Key(s): HHID (Key to identify a household), B9_2_q6 (Block 9.2 Item Code)				

File Content

Block 9.2 contains information on household expenditure (cash and kind) for construction and repairs of durable goods and selected miscellaneous goods and services (not included in block 8) for domestic use during the last 365 days.

Variables List

Dataset contains 303 variable(s)

#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-16	117604	0	-
2	<u>CDI</u>	C.D.I. (Record Type/Level)	discrete	character-2	117604	0	C.D.I. (Record Type/Level)
3	Round	Round Number	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Round Number
4	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Sector
5	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	117604	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
6	State_Region	State_Region	discrete	character-3	117604	0	State_Region
7	<u>State</u>	State	discrete	character-2	117604	0	State
8	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Sub Round
9	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	117604	0	Sample Household No.
10	Sample	Sample	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Sample
11	<u>Stratum</u>	Stratum	discrete	character-3	117604	0	Stratum
12	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Sub Sample
13	Sample_vill_blk	Sample village/block	discrete	character-2	117604	0	Sample village/block
14	Informant_Code	Informant Code	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Informant Code
15	Informant_Type	Type of Informant Code	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Type of Informant Code
16	Survey_Code	Survey Code	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Survey Code
17	Substn_Code	Reason for substitution	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Reason for substitution
18	Income_account	Whether household maintains account of income	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Whether household maintains account of income?
19	Expenditure_acc	Whether household maintains account of expenditure	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Whether household maintains account of expenditure?
20	<u>B3_1_q1</u>	No. of Adult Males in the Household	continuous	numeric-2.0	117604	0	No. of Adult Males in the Household?
21	<u>B3_1_q2</u>	No. of Adult Females in the Household	continuous	numeric-2.0	117604	0	No. of Adult Females in the Household?
22	<u>B3_1_q3</u>	No. of Children in the Household	continuous	numeric-2.0	117604	0	No. of Children in the Household?
23	<u>B3_1_q4</u>	Total members in the household	continuous	numeric-2.0	117604	0	Total members in the household?
24	<u>B3_1_q5a</u>	NIC Code	discrete	character-3	112445	0	Which industry are you working in?
25	<u>B3_1_q5b</u>	NCO Code	discrete	character-3	112429	0	Which occupation are you in?
26	<u>B3_1_q6</u>	Household type code	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Household type code
27	HH_Type	Sector wise household type	discrete	character-2	117604	0	Sector wise household type
28	<u>B3_1_q7</u>	Religion	discrete	character-1	117604	0	What is your religion?

#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
							caste or scheduled tribe or others category?
30	<u>B3_1_q9</u>	Homestead type	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Homestead type
31	<u>B3_1_q10</u>	Land area owned	continuous	numeric-7.2	117604	0	How much land do you own?
32	<u>B3_1_q11</u>	Monthly per capita expenditure	continuous	numeric-8.2	117604	0	Monthly per capita expenditure?
33	<u>B3_1_q12</u>	Type of latrine code	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Type of latrine ?
34	<u>B3_1_q13</u>	No. of flush system latrines	continuous	numeric-2.0	117604	0	No. of flush system latrines ?
35	<u>B3_1_q14</u>	Primary source of drinking water	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Primary source of drinking water?
36	<u>B3_1_q15</u>	Source of energy for cooking	discrete	character-1	117604	0	What is the primary source of energy that is being used by the household for cooking?
37	<u>B3_1_q16</u>	Source of energy for lighting	discrete	character-1	117604	0	What is the primary source of energy that is being used by the household for lighting?
38	<u>B10_q1</u>	Dwelling unit code	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Do you own the dwelling unit? Or is it hired or otherwise occupied?
39	<u>B10_q2</u>	Covered Area (sq. meter)	continuous	numeric-5.0	117604	0	How much is the covered area of the dwelling?
40	<u>B10_q3</u>	Land Possession Code	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Land Possession Code?
41	<u>B10_q4</u>	Plinth level	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Plinth level
42	<u>B10_q5</u>	Type of Dwelling	discrete	character-1	117604	0	What is the type of dwelling of the household? Is it an independent house or a flat or any other type of dwelling?
43	<u>B10_q6</u>	Type of Structure	discrete	character-1	117604	0	What is the type of structure of the dwelling?
44	<u>B10_q7</u>	Floor Type	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Floor Type
45	<u>B10_q8</u>	Monthly rent (actual of imputed for urban only)	continuous	numeric-8.2	117604	0	Monthly rent (actual of imputed for urban only)
46	<u>B10_q9</u>	Condition of the house code	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Condition of the house code?
47	<u>B10_q11</u>	Does the household get enough food?	discrete	character-1	117604	0	Does the household get enough food?
48	Record_No	Record number	discrete	character-1	0	0	Record number
49	Last_rec_indicat	Last record indicator	discrete	character-1	0	0	Last record indicator
50	Upadate_Code	Update Code	discrete	character-1	0	0	Update Code
51	Posted_Stratum	Posted Stratum Code	discrete	character-3	117604	0	Posted Stratum Code
52	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier Combined	continuous	numeric-8.2	117604	0	-
53	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier Sub-sample	continuous	numeric-8.2	117604	0	-

File Block 4 - Food intake

#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-16	117423	0	-

	Block 4 - F		_	_		·	
#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
2	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	117423	0	Sector
3	State_Region	State_Region	discrete	character-3	117423	0	State_Region
4	<u>State</u>	State	discrete	character-2	117423	0	State
5	<u>Stratum</u>	Stratum	discrete	character-3	117423	0	Stratum
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	117423	0	Sub Round
7	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	117423	0	Sub Sample
8	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	117423	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
9	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	117423	0	Sample Household No.
10	<u>B3_1_q8</u>	Household Group	discrete	character-1	117423	0	Household Group
11	New_HH_Type_	New Household Type Code	discrete	character-1	117423	0	New Household Type Code
12	<u>B3_1_q11</u>	Monthly per capita expenditure	continuous	numeric-8.2	117423	0	Monthly per capita expenditure?
13	MPCE_Code	MPCE Code	discrete	character-2	117423	0	MPCE Code
14	Persons	Persons	continuous	numeric-2.0	117423	0	Serial No. of members
15	Consumer_Unit	Consumer Unit	continuous	numeric-4.0	117423	0	-
16	<u>B3_2_qa6_iv</u>	No. of meals served to guests in ceremony	continuous	numeric-4.0	117423	0	No. of meals served to guests in ceremony?
17	<u>B3_2_qb1</u>	No. of meals served to guests in other than ceremony	continuous	numeric-4.0	117423	0	o. of meals served to guests in other than ceremony?
18	<u>B3_2_qb2</u>	No. of meals served to employees in other than ceremony	continuous	numeric-4.0	117423	0	No. of meals served to employees in other than ceremony?
19	<u>B4_q10</u>	Meals (Free of cost)	continuous	numeric-3.0	117423	0	If you or any member of the household take meals free of cost , then how many such meals do you take in a day?
20	<u>B4_q11</u>	Meals (Payment)	continuous	numeric-3.0	117423	0	If you or any member of the household take meals away from home on payment, then how many such meals do you take?
21	<u>B4_q12</u>	Meals(At Home)	continuous	numeric-3.0	117423	0	How many meals are taken at home in a day?
22	Calorie_cereal	Calorie taken from cereals	continuous	numeric-7.0	117423	0	-
23	Calorie_cereal_s	Calorie taken from cereals' substitutes	continuous	numeric-7.0	117423	0	-
24	Calorie_Food_G	Calorie taken from Food Group 1	continuous	numeric-7.0	117423	0	-
25	Calorie_Food_G	Calorie taken from Food Group 2	continuous	numeric-7.0	117423	0	-
26	Calorie_Food_G	Calorie taken from Food Group 3	continuous	numeric-7.0	117423	0	-
27	Calorie_Food_G	Calorie taken from Food Group 4	continuous	numeric-7.0	117423	0	-
28	Calorie_Food_G	Calorie taken from Food Group 5	continuous	numeric-8.0	117423	0	-

File	File Block 4 - Food intake										
#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question				
29	Total_Calories	Total calories	continuous	numeric-8.0	117423	0	-				
30	Protein_Cereals	Protein from cereals	continuous	numeric-8.2	117423	0	-				
31	Protein_Pulses	Protein from pulses	continuous	numeric-8.2	117423	0	-				
32	Protein_Milk	Protein from milk & milk products	continuous	numeric-8.2	117423	0	-				
33	Protein_Non_Ve	Protein from meat, fish & eggs	continuous	numeric-8.2	117423	0	-				
34	Total_Protein	Total Protein	continuous	numeric-8.2	117423	0	-				
35	Total_Fat	Total fat	continuous	numeric-8.2	117423	0	-				
36	B12_Total_Exp_	Total expenditure on food	continuous	numeric-7.2	117423	0	-				
37	B12_Total_Exp_	Total expenditure on non- food	continuous	numeric-8.2	117423	0	-				
38	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier Combined	continuous	numeric-8.2	117423	0	-				
39	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier Sub-sample	continuous	numeric-8.2	117423	0	-				
40	Old_HH_Type	Old Household Type	discrete	character-1	117423	0	Old Household Type				

File Block 4 - Food intake

File Block 5 - Monthly household expenditure on food and non food items

#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-16	3428080	0	-
2	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	3428080	0	Sector
3	State_Region	State_Region	discrete	character-3	3428080	0	State_Region
4	<u>State</u>	State	discrete	character-2	3428080	0	State
5	<u>Stratum</u>	Stratum	discrete	character-3	3428080	0	Stratum
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	3428080	0	Sub Round
7	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	3428080	0	Sub Sample
8	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	3428080	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
9	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	3428080	0	Sample Household No.
10	<u>B3_1_q11</u>	Monthly per capita expenditure	continuous	numeric-8.2	3428080	0	Monthly per capita expenditure
11	MPCE_Code	MPCE Code	discrete	character-2	3428080	0	MPCE Code
12	Record_Type	Record Type	discrete	character-2	3428080	0	-
13	Item_Code	Block 5 Item Code	discrete	character-3	3428080	0	Block 5 Item Code
14	<u>B5_q4</u>	Cash Purchase Quantity	continuous	numeric-7.2	3428080	0	How much quantity of the item was purchased by the household in the last 30 days?
15	<u>B5_q5</u>	Cash Purchase Value	continuous	numeric-7.2	3428080	0	How much money was spent by the household on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?
16	<u>B5_q6</u>	Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed	continuous	numeric-7.2	3428080	0	Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed
17	<u>B5_q7</u>	Value of Home Grown Items Consumed	continuous	numeric-7.2	3428080	0	Value of Home Grown Items Consumed

File Block 5 - Monthly household expenditure on food and non food items

		-	-				
#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
18	<u>B5_q10</u>	Total consumption - Quantity	continuous	numeric-7.2	3428080	0	Total consumption - Quantity
19	<u>B5_q11</u>	Total consumption - Value	continuous	numeric-7.2	3428080	0	Total consumption - Value
20	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier Combined	continuous	numeric-8.2	3428080	0	-
21	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier Sub-sample	continuous	numeric-8.2	3428080	0	-
22	Old_HH_Type	Old Household Type	discrete	character-1	3428080	0	Old Household Type

File Block 6pt1 - Monthly household expenditure on clothing

						5	_
#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-16	88816	0	-
2	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	88816	0	Sector
3	State_Region	State_Region	discrete	character-3	88816	0	State_Region
4	<u>State</u>	State	discrete	character-2	88816	0	State
5	<u>Stratum</u>	Stratum	discrete	character-3	88816	0	Stratum
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	88816	0	Sub Round
7	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	88816	0	Sub Sample
8	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	88816	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
9	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	88816	0	Sample Household No.
10	<u>B3_1_q11</u>	Monthly per capita expenditure	continuous	numeric-8.2	88816	0	Monthly per capita expenditure
11	MPCE_Code	MPCE Code	discrete	character-2	88816	0	MPCE Code
12	Record_Type	Record Type	discrete	character-2	88816	0	Record Type
13	<u>B6_1_q1</u>	Block 6.1 Item Code	discrete	character-3	88816	0	Block 6.1 Item Code
14	<u>B6_1_q3</u>	Type Code	discrete	character-1	88816	0	Type Code
15	<u>B6_1_q5</u>	Cash Purchase Quantity	continuous	numeric-7.2	88816	0	How much quantity of the item was purchased by the household in the last 30 days?
16	<u>B6_1_q6</u>	Cash Purchase Value	continuous	numeric-7.2	88816	0	How much money was spent by the household on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?
17	<u>B6_1_q7</u>	Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed	continuous	numeric-6.2	88816	0	Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed
18	<u>B6_1_q8</u>	Value of Home Grown Items Consumed	continuous	numeric-7.2	88816	0	Value of Home Grown Items Consumed
19	<u>B6_1_q9</u>	Total consumption - Quantity	continuous	numeric-7.2	88816	0	Total consumption - Quantity
20	<u>B6_1_q10</u>	Total consumption - Value	continuous	numeric-7.2	88816	0	Total consumption - Value
21	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier Combined	continuous	numeric-8.2	88816	0	-
22	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier Sub-sample	continuous	numeric-8.2	88816	0	-
23	Old_HH_Type	Old Household Type	discrete	character-1	88816	0	Old Household Type

#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-16	607025	0	-
2	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	607025	0	Sector
3	State_Region	State_Region	discrete	character-3	607025	0	State_Region
4	<u>State</u>	State	discrete	character-2	607025	0	State
5	<u>Stratum</u>	Stratum	discrete	character-3	607025	0	Stratum
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	607025	0	Sub Round
7	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	607025	0	Sub Sample
8	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	607025	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
9	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	607025	0	Sample Household No.
10	<u>B3_1_q11</u>	Monthly per capita expenditure	continuous	numeric-8.2	607025	0	Monthly per capita expenditure
11	MPCE_Code	MPCE Code	discrete	character-2	607025	0	MPCE Code
12	Record_Type	Record Type	discrete	character-2	607025	0	Record Type
13	<u>B6_2_q1</u>	Block 6.2 Item Code	discrete	character-3	607025	0	Block 6.2 Item Code
14	<u>B6_2_q3</u>	Type Code	discrete	character-1	607025	0	Type Code
15	<u>B6_2_q5</u>	Cash Purchase Quantity	continuous	numeric-7.2	607025	0	Cash Purchase Quantity
16	<u>B6_2_q6</u>	Cash Purchase Value	continuous	numeric-7.2	607025	0	Cash Purchase Value
17	<u>B6_2_q7</u>	Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed	continuous	numeric-7.2	607025	0	Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed
18	<u>B6_2_q8</u>	Value of Home Grown Items Consumed	continuous	numeric-7.2	607025	0	Value of Home Grown Items Consumed
19	<u>B6_2_q9</u>	Total consumption - Quantity	continuous	numeric-7.2	607025	0	Total consumption - Quantity
20	<u>B6_2_q10</u>	Total consumption - Value	continuous	numeric-7.2	607025	0	Total consumption - Value
21	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier Combined	continuous	numeric-8.2	607025	0	-
22	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier Sub-sample	continuous	numeric-8.2	607025	0	-
23	Old_HH_Type	Old Household Type	discrete	character-1	607025	0	Old Household Type

File Block 7pt1 - Monthly household expenditure on footwear

	-	-	-				
#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-16	26611	0	-
2	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	26611	0	Sector
3	State_Region	State_Region	discrete	character-3	26611	0	State_Region
4	<u>State</u>	State	discrete	character-2	26611	0	State
5	<u>Stratum</u>	Stratum	discrete	character-3	26611	0	Stratum
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	26611	0	Sub Round
7	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	26611	0	Sub Sample
8	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	26611	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
9	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	26611	0	Sample Household No.

File	File Block 7pt1 - Monthly household expenditure on footwear										
#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question				
10	<u>B3_1_q11</u>	Monthly per capita expenditure	continuous	numeric-7.2	26611	0	Monthly per capita expenditure				
11	MPCE_Code	MPCE Code	discrete	character-2	26611	0	MPCE Code				
12	Record_Type	Record Type	discrete	character-2	26611	0	Record Type				
13	<u>B7_1_q1</u>	Block 7.1 Item Code	discrete	character-3	26611	0	Block 7.1 Item Code				
14	<u>B7_1_q4</u>	Cash Purchase Quantity (Pair)	continuous	numeric-8.0	26611	0	Cash Purchase Quantity (Pair)				
15	<u>B7_1_q5</u>	Cash Purchase Value	continuous	numeric-9.2	26611	0	Cash Purchase Value				
16	<u>B7_1_q6</u>	Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed (Pair)	continuous	numeric-8.0	26611	0	Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed (Pair)				
17	<u>B7_1_q7</u>	Value of Home Grown Items Consumed	continuous	numeric-7.2	26611	0	Value of Home Grown Items Consumed				
18	<u>B7_1_q8</u>	Total consumption - Quantity (Pair)	continuous	numeric-6.0	26611	0	-				
19	<u>B7_1_q9</u>	Total consumption - Value	continuous	numeric-9.2	26611	0	-				
20	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier Combined	continuous	numeric-4.2	26611	0	-				
21	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier Sub-sample	discrete	numeric-4.2	0	26611	-				
22	Old_HH_Type	Old Household Type	discrete	character-1	0	0	Old Household Type				

File Block 7pt2 - Household expenditure on footwear

#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-16	142448	0	-
2	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	142448	0	Sector
3	State_Region	State_Region	discrete	character-3	142448	0	State_Region
4	State	State	discrete	character-2	142448	0	State
5	Stratum	Stratum	discrete	character-3	142448	0	Stratum
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	142448	0	Sub Round
7	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	142448	0	Sub Sample
8	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	142448	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
9	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	142448	0	Sample Household No.
10	<u>B3_1_q11</u>	Monthly per capita expenditure	continuous	numeric-7.2	142448	0	Monthly per capita expenditure
11	MPCE_Code	MPCE Code	discrete	character-2	142448	0	MPCE Code
12	Record_Type	Record Type	discrete	character-2	142448	0	Record Type
13	<u>B7_2_q1</u>	Block 7.2 Item Code	discrete	character-3	142448	0	Block 7.2 Item Code
14	<u>B7_2_q4</u>	Cash Purchase Quantity (Pair)	continuous	numeric-8.0	142448	0	Cash Purchase Quantity (Pair)
15	<u>B7_2_q5</u>	Cash Purchase Value	continuous	numeric-9.2	142448	0	Cash Purchase Value
16	<u>B7_2_q6</u>	Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed (Pair)	continuous	numeric-8.0	142448	0	Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed (Pair)
17	<u>B7_2_q7</u>	Value of Home Grown Items Consumed	continuous	numeric-7.2	142448	0	Value of Home Grown Items Consumed

File	File Block 7pt2 - Household expenditure on footwear										
#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question				
18	<u>B7_2_q8</u>	Total consumption - Quantity (Pair)	continuous	numeric-6.0	142448	0	-				
19	<u>B7_2_q9</u>	Total consumption - Value	continuous	numeric-9.2	142448	0	-				
20	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier Combined	continuous	numeric-4.2	142448	0	-				
21	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier Sub-sample	discrete	numeric-4.2	0	142448	-				
22	Old_HH_Type	Old Household Type	discrete	character-1	0	0	Old Household Type				

File Block 8 - Monthly household expenditure on misc

#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-16	836531	0	-
2	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	836531	0	Sector
3	State_Region	State_Region	discrete	character-3	836531	0	State_Region
4	<u>State</u>	State	discrete	character-2	836531	0	State
5	<u>Stratum</u>	Stratum	discrete	character-3	836531	0	Stratum
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	836531	0	Sub Round
7	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	836531	0	Sub Sample
8	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	836531	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
9	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	836531	0	Sample Household No.
10	<u>B3_1_q11</u>	Monthly per capita expenditure	continuous	numeric-8.2	836531	0	Monthly per capita expenditure
11	MPCE_Code	MPCE Code	discrete	character-2	836531	0	MPCE Code
12	Record_Type	Record Type	discrete	character-2	836531	0	Record Type
13	Item_Code	Block 8 Item Code	discrete	character-3	836531	0	Block 8 Item Code
14	<u>B8_q3</u>	Value in cash	continuous	numeric-7.2	836530	1	Value in cash
15	<u>B8_q4</u>	Value in cash and kind	continuous	numeric-7.2	836530	1	Value in cash and kind
16	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier Combined	continuous	numeric-8.2	836531	0	-
17	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier Sub-sample	continuous	numeric-8.2	836531	0	-
18	Old_HH_Type	Old Household Type	discrete	character-1	836531	0	Old Household Type

File Block 9pt1 - Monthly household expenditure for purchase of durables

#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-16	54043	0	-
2	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	54043	0	Sector
3	State_Region	State_Region	discrete	character-3	54043	0	State_Region
4	State	State	discrete	character-2	54043	0	State
5	<u>Stratum</u>	Stratum	discrete	character-3	54043	0	Stratum
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	54043	0	Sub Round
7	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	54043	0	Sub Sample

File	File Block 9pt1 - Monthly household expenditure for purchase of durables											
#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question					
8	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	54043	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.					
9	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	54043	0	Sample Household No.					
10	<u>B3_1_q11</u>	Monthly per capita expenditure	continuous	numeric-7.2	54043	0	Monthly per capita expenditure					
11	MPCE_Code	MPCE Code	discrete	character-2	54043	0	MPCE Code					
12	Record_Type	Record Type	discrete	character-2	54043	0	Record Type					
13	<u>B9_1_q1</u>	Block 9.1 Item Code	discrete	character-3	54043	0	Block 9.1 Item Code					
14	<u>B9_1_q3</u>	Number	continuous	numeric-2.0	54043	0	Number					
15	<u>B9_1_q4</u>	Value of First-hand purchase - in cash	continuous	numeric-7.2	54043	0	Value of First-hand purchase - in cash					
16	<u>B9_1_q5</u>	Value of First-hand purchase - in cash & kind	continuous	numeric-7.2	54043	0	Value of First-hand purchase - in cash & kind					
17	<u>B9_1_q6</u>	Value of Second-hand purchase - in cash	continuous	numeric-7.2	54043	0	Value of Second-hand purchase - in cash					
18	<u>B9_1_q7</u>	Value of Second-hand purchase - in cash & kind	continuous	numeric-7.2	54043	0	Value of Second-hand purchase - in cash & kind					
19	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier Combined	continuous	numeric-8.2	54043	0	-					
20	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier Sub-sample	continuous	numeric-8.2	54043	0	-					
21	Old_HH_Type	Old Household Type	discrete	character-1	54043	0	Old Household Type					

File Block 9pt1 - Household expenditure for purchase of durables

#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question	
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-16	319833	0	-	
2	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	319833	0	Sector	
3	State_Region	State_Region	discrete	character-3	319833	0	State_Region	
4	<u>State</u>	State	discrete	character-2	319833	0	State	
5	<u>Stratum</u>	Stratum	discrete	character-3	319833	0	Stratum	
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	319833	0	Sub Round	
7	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	319833	0	Sub Sample	
8	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	319833	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	
9	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	319833	0	Sample Household No.	
10	<u>B3_1_q11</u>	Monthly per capita expenditure	continuous	numeric-8.2	319833	0	Monthly per capita expenditure	
11	MPCE_Code	MPCE Code	discrete	character-2	319833	0	MPCE Code	
12	Record_Type	Record Type	discrete	character-2	319833	0	Record Type	
13	<u>B9_1_q8</u>	Block 9.1 Item Code	discrete	character-3	319833	0	Block 9.1 Item Code	
14	<u>B9_1_q10</u>	Number	continuous	numeric-2.0	319833	0	Number	
15	<u>B9_1_q11</u>	Value of First-hand purchase - in cash	continuous	numeric-7.2	319833	0	Value of First-hand purchase - in cash	
16	<u>B9_1_q12</u>	Value of First-hand purchase - in cash & kind	continuous	numeric-7.2	319833	0	Value of First-hand purchase - in cash & kind	

File	File Block 9pt1 - Household expenditure for purchase of durables										
#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question				
17	<u>B9_1_q13</u>	Value of Second-hand purchase - in cash	continuous	numeric-7.2	319833	0	Value of Second-hand purchase - in cash				
18	<u>B9_1_q14</u>	Value of Second-hand purchase - in cash & kind	continuous	numeric-7.2	319833	0	Value of Second-hand purchase - in cash & kind				
19	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier Combined	continuous	numeric-8.2	319833	0	-				
20	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier Sub-sample	continuous	numeric-8.2	319833	0	-				
21	Old_HH_Type	Old Household Type	discrete	character-1	319833	0	Old Household Type				

#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-16	14311	0	-
2	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	14311	0	Sector
3	State_Region	State_Region	discrete	character-3	14311	0	State_Region
4	<u>State</u>	State	discrete	character-2	14311	0	State
5	<u>Stratum</u>	Stratum	discrete	character-3	14311	0	Stratum
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	14311	0	Sub Round
7	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	14311	0	Sub Sample
8	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	14311	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.
9	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	14311	0	Sample Household No.
10	<u>B3_1_q11</u>	Monthly per capita expenditure	continuous	numeric-7.2	14311	0	Monthly per capita expenditure
11	MPCE_Code	MPCE Code	discrete	character-2	14311	0	MPCE Code
12	Record_Type	Record Type	discrete	character-2	14311	0	Record Type
13	<u>B9_2_q1</u>	Block 9.2 Item Code	discrete	character-3	14311	0	Block 9.2 Item Code
14	<u>B9_2_q3</u>	Number	continuous	numeric-2.0	14311	0	Number
15	<u>B9_2_q4</u>	Value in cash	continuous	numeric-7.2	14311	0	Value in cash
16	<u>B9_2_q5</u>	Value in cash and kind	continuous	numeric-7.2	14311	0	Value in cash and kind
17	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier Combined	continuous	numeric-8.2	14311	0	-
18	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier Sub-sample	continuous	numeric-8.2	14311	0	-
19	Old_HH_Type	Old Household Type	discrete	character-1	14311	0	Old Household Type

File Block 9pt2 - Household expenditure for construction & repair of durables

	-	-				-	
#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHID	Key to identify a household	discrete	character-16	88525	0	-
2	Sector	Sector	discrete	character-1	88525	0	Sector
3	State_Region	State_Region	discrete	character-3	88525	0	State_Region
4	State	State	discrete	character-2	88525	0	State
5	<u>Stratum</u>	Stratum	discrete	character-3	88525	0	Stratum
6	SubRound	Sub Round	discrete	character-1	88525	0	Sub Round

File	ile Block 9pt2 - Household expenditure for construction & repair of durables									
#	Name	Label	Туре	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question			
7	SubSample	Sub Sample	discrete	character-1	88525	0	Sub Sample			
8	Vill_Blk_Slno	Village/Bl. Srl. No.	discrete	character-5	88525	0	Village/Bl. Srl. No.			
9	Hhold_no	Sample Household No.	discrete	character-2	88525	0	Sample Household No.			
10	<u>B3_1_q11</u>	Monthly per capita expenditure	continuous	numeric-8.2	88525	0	Monthly per capita expenditure			
11	MPCE_Code	MPCE Code	discrete	character-2	88525	0	MPCE Code			
12	Record_Type	Record Type	discrete	character-2	88525	0	Record Type			
13	<u>B9_2_q6</u>	Block 9.2 Item Code	discrete	character-3	88525	0	Block 9.2 Item Code			
14	<u>B9_2_q8</u>	Number	continuous	numeric-2.0	88525	0	Number			
15	<u>B9_2_q9</u>	Value in cash	continuous	numeric-7.2	88525	0	Value in cash			
16	<u>B9_2_q10</u>	Value in cash and kind	continuous	numeric-7.2	88525	0	Value in cash and kind			
17	Wgt_Combined	Multiplier Combined	continuous	numeric-8.2	88525	0	-			
18	Wgt_SubSample	Multiplier Sub-sample	continuous	numeric-8.2	88525	0	-			
19	Old_HH_Type	Old Household Type	discrete	character-1	88525	0	Old Household Type			

Variables Description

Dataset contains303 variable(s)

File Bloc	ks 3 a	nd 10- Household Characte	ristics						
#1 HHID: Key	/ to ident	ify a household							
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]							
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]							
Recoding and I	Derivation		is variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining sector, state region, stratum, sub round, ub sample, serial no. of village / block and sample household number.						
#2 CDI: C.D.I	. (Record	l Type/Level)							
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]							
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]							
Literal question	ı	C.D.I. (Record Type/Level)							
#3 Round: R	ound Nu	mber							
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]							
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]							
Literal question	ı	Round Number							
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage					
8			117604		100.0%				
Warning: these figu	res indicate the	e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpr	eted as summary statistics	s of the population of interest.					
#4 Sector: Se	ector								
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]							
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]							
Definition		Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.							
Literal question	ו	Sector							
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage					
1	Rural		77418		65.8%				
2	Urban		40186	34.2%					
		e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpr age/BI. Srl. No.	eted as summary statistics	s of the population of interest.					
Information									
Statistics [NW/	\A/1	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]							
Definition	**]	The first-stage units are census villages in the rura urban sector. This variable indicates the serial nu			ks in the				
Literal question	า	Village/Bl. Srl. No.							
#6 State_Reg	gion: Stat	te_Region							
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]							
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]							
Definition		Regions are hierarchical domains of study below	he level of State/ Uni	on Territory in the NSS.					
Literal question	1	State_Region							
#7 State: Sta	te								
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]							

e V] erivation : Sub Ro	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] State This variable has been derived from the variable data. Frequency table not show pund [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing= [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	wn (31 Modalities)	ble the users to easily access state wise				
erivation : Sub Ro	State This variable has been derived from the variable data. Frequency table not show Dund [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=	wn (31 Modalities)	ble the users to easily access state wise				
: Sub Ro	This variable has been derived from the variab data. Frequency table not show pund [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=	wn (31 Modalities)	ble the users to easily access state wise				
: Sub Ro	data. Frequency table not show pund [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=	wn (31 Modalities)	ble the users to easily access state wise				
	ound [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=						
	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=						
vj							
vj	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	*]					
	The survey period of one year of this round wa number of sample villages and blocks were al		•				
	Sub Round						
Label		Cases	Percentage				
Sub round	1	28930	24.6%				
Sub round	2	28349	24.1%				
Sub round	3	30226	25.7%				
		30099	25.6%				
	· · · · · ·	terpreted as summary statistics	of the population of interest.				
Sample	Household No.						
	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]						
v]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]						
	Sample Household No.						
ample							
	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=	*]					
vj	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]						
	Sample						
Stratum							
	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=	*]					
v]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]						
	· · ·		stratum comprising of all the urban area				
	Stratum						
le: Sub S	Sample						
	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=	*]					
vj	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]						
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Definition An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is dra of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The or sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-			rating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is ulation parameters. The comparison of with the combined sample estimate. estimates from each sub-round (season				
	Sub round Sub round Sub round Sub round s indicate the Sample V] Stratum V] Stratum	Sub Round Label Sub round 1 Sub round 2 Sub round 3 Sub round 4 sindicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be in Sample Household No. [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing= /] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Sample Household No. fample [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing= //] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Sample Stratum [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing= //] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Stratum [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing= //] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Stratum [Itype= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing= //] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Stratum [Itype= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing= //] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Itype= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing= //] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Itype= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing= //] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] <tr< td=""><td>Label Cases Sub round 1 28930 Sub round 2 28349 Sub round 3 30226 Sub round 4 30099 sindicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics Sample Household No. [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] // [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Sample Household No. imaple // [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] // [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Sample Sample Sample [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] // [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Sample Stratum [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] // [Yalid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban of the district. Stratum le: Sub Sample [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] // [Val</td></tr<>	Label Cases Sub round 1 28930 Sub round 2 28349 Sub round 3 30226 Sub round 4 30099 sindicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics Sample Household No. [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] // [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Sample Household No. imaple // [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] // [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Sample Sample Sample [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] // [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Sample Stratum [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] // [Yalid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban of the district. Stratum le: Sub Sample [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] // [Val				

^{#12} SubSa	mple: Sub	Sample				
		The samples surveyed by the NSSO State Government staff are termed a		al sample a	and the matched samples s	surveyed by
Literal ques	tion	Sub Sample				
Value	Label		Cases		Percentage	
1	Central s	ample	58969			50.1%
2	State san	nple	58635			49.9%
-	-	ne number of cases found in the data file. They c	annot be interpreted as summar	y statistics of	f the population of interest.	
^{#13} Sampl	e_vill_blk:	Sample village/block				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]			
Statistics [N	IW/ W]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal ques	tion	Sample village/block				
^{#14} Inform	ant_Code:	Informant Code				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]			
Statistics [N	IW/ W]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal ques	tion	Informant Code				
Value	Label	1	Cases		Percentage	
0	Invalid		214	0.2%		
1	Head of h	nousehold	88485			75.2%
2	Other me	mber of household	27495		23.4%	
9	Others		1410	1.2%		
-	-	ne number of cases found in the data file. They c		y statistics of	f the population of interest.	
#15 Inform	ant_Type_	Code: Type of Informant Cod	le			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]			
Statistics [N	IW/ W]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal ques	tion	Type of Informant Code				
Value	Label		Cases		Percentage	
0	Invalid		129	0.1%		
1	Cooperat	ive & capable	84752			72.1%
2	Cooperat	ive but not capable	29709		25.3%	
3	Busy		1540	1.3%		
4	Reluctant	t	1324	1.1%		
9	Others		150	0.1%		
-	-	ne number of cases found in the data file. They c	cannot be interpreted as summar	y statistics of	the population of interest.	
-	y_coue: Sl	Irvey Code	[] 4ii+1			
Information	NA// \A/1	[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[wissing="]			
Statistics [N Literal ques	-	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Survey Code				
-			0		Descenter	
Value	Label	ousehold surveyed	Cases 115108		Percentage	97.9%
1						

#16 Surve	y_Code: S	urvey Code							
Value	Label		Cases		Percentage				
3	Casualty	(nothing surveyed)	11	0.0%					
9	Invalid	the number of second in the data file. The	405	0.3%					
-	-	the number of cases found in the data file. They eason for substitution	/ cannot be interpreted as summar	y statistics of the	population of interest.				
Information	_	[Type= discrete] [Format=character	r] [Missing=*]						
Statistics [N		[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	1[
Literal ques	tion	Reason for substitution							
Value	Label		Cases		Percentage				
0	Not repo	rted	116207			98.8%			
1	Informan	it busy	330	0.3%					
2	Members	s away from home	829	0.7%					
3	Informan	it non-cooperative	147	0.1%					
8	Invalid		14	0.0%					
9	Others		77	0.1%					
-	-	the number of cases found in the data file. They	-	-	population of interest.				
^{#18} Incom	e_account	t: Whether household mainta	ains account of incor	ne					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character	r] [Missing=*]						
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]									
Literal ques	tion	Whether household maintains acco	household maintains account of income?						
Value	Label		Cases		Percentage				
0	Not repo	rted	535	0.5%					
1	Yes		2334	2.0%					
2	No		114726			97.6%			
9	Invalid	the number of eases found in the data file. The	9	0.0%	nonulation of interact				
-	-	the number of cases found in the data file. They count: Whether household n	-						
		[Type= discrete] [Format=character		experianta					
Statistics [N		[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	1[
- Literal ques	-	Whether household maintains acco	ount of expenditure?						
Value	Label		Cases		Percentage				
0	Not repo	rted	679	0.6%					
1	Yes		614	0.5%					
2	No		116298			98.9%			
9	Invalid		13	0.0%					
		he number of cases found in the data file. They			population of interest.				
#20 B3_1_	q1: No. of	Adult Males in the Househo	ld						
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=nume	ric] [Missing=*]						
Statistics [N	IW/ W]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]							
		No. of Adult Males in the Household?							
Literal ques	tion	No. of Addit Males in the Househol	Entries in items 1, 2 & 3 will indicate the total number of adult males (aged 15 years & above), adult females						

File Blocks 3 and 10- Household Characteristics #20 B3 1 g1: No. of Adult Males in the Household respectively. Thus the entries in items 1,2 and 3 should add up to the entry made against item 4 which is the size of the household. #21 B3_1_q2: No. of Adult Females in the Household [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Missing=*] Information Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question No. of Adult Females in the Household? #22 B3 1 g3: No. of Children in the Household Information [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question No. of Children in the Household? #23 B3_1_q4: Total members in the household Information [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question Total members in the household? #24 B3 1 q5a: NIC Code Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=112445 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question Which industry are you working in? #25 B3_1_q5b: NCO Code Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=112429 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question Which occupation are you in? #26 B3_1_q6: Household type code Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question Household type code Interviewer's Household type will be recorded against this item in terms of the following codes. instructions (a) for rural areas household self-employed in non-agricultural occupation.....1 agricultural labour household......2 household self-employed in agricultural occupations......4 other households.....9 (b) for urban areas self-employed household.....1 other households......9 #27 HH Type: Sector wise household type Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

Recoding and Derivation	This variable has been derived by concatenating the variables "sector" and "household type code" to enable the
	users to easily access information on "sector wise household type".

Sector wise household type

Literal question

#27 HH_Type: Sector wise household type

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
11	Household self-employed in non-agricultural occupation - rural	9078	7.7%
12	Agricultural labour household - rural	21325	18.1%
13	Other labour household - rural	5029	4.3%
14	Household self-employed in agricultural occupations - rural	33929	28.9%
19	Other households - rural	8057	6.9%
21	Self-employed household - urban	14014	11.9%
29	Other households - urban	26172	22.3%
Manual transfer and	forward indicate the number of course forward in the date file. They connect be intermyste		

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#28 B3_1_q7: Religion

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is your religion?
Interviewer's instructions	In item 7, the code of the particular religious faith which the head of the household follows, will be recorded.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0	Not reported	111	0.1%
1	Hinduism	92589	78.7%
2	Islam	14397	12.2%
3	Christianity	5755	4.9%
4	Sikhism	2413	2.1%
5	Jainism	400	0.3%
6	Buddhism	993	0.8%
7	Zoroastrianism	42	0.0%
9	Others	904	0.8%
Warning: these	e figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interp	reted as summar	ry statistics of the population of interest.

#29 B3_1_q8: Social Group Code

Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]						
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal question		Which social group do you belong to? Do you come under scheduled caste or scheduled tribe or others category?						
Interviewer's instructions	-	For making entry against item 8, it will have to be ascertained whether the household belongs to schedule tribe, scheduled caste or neo-Buddhist and accordingly the respective codes 1, 2 or 3 will be recorded here.						
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage				
1	Scheduled	t tribe	12477	10.6%				
2	Scheduled	l caste	17879	15.2%				
3	Neo-Budd	hist	627	0.5%				
9	Others		86621	73.7%				
Warning: these	figures indicate the	e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpret	ed as summar	y statistics of the population of interest.				
#30 B3_1_	q9: Homest	tead type						
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]						
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]						
Literal ques	tion	Homestead type						
-								

#30 B3_1_q9: Homestead type

	5	If the homestead (house and house site provided against this item. But, if that is					
Value	Label	1	Cases	Percentag	je		
0	Not report	ed	283	0.2%			
1	Owned		90765		77.2%		
2	Not owned	1	78	0.1%			
9	Invalid		26478	22.5%			
	-	e number of cases found in the data file. They cann	ot be interpreted as summary	statistics of the population of intere	st.		
	giv. Lanu a		Papaa- 0 2400 241 [Mia	aina-*1			
nformation	\A// \A/1	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [F					
Statistics [N	-	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=2	.2/1 /-] [StdDev=10.3/8	§ /-]			
Literal quest	tion	How much land do you own?					
nterviewer's nstructions		The total land possessed by the househ	old as on the date of su	Irvey will be recorded against	this item.		
^{#32} B3_1_ 0	q11: Month	ly per capita expenditure					
nformation		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [F	Range= 0-27588] [Missi	ng=*]			
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=14	45.977 /-] [StdDev=153	.06 /-]			
Literal quest	tion	Monthly per capita expenditure?					
^{#33} B3_1_0	q12: Type o	of latrine code					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [N	W/ W]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal quest	tion	Type of latrine ?					
		Usually a household will be using only of for the particular type will be recorded it		hold has access to more than	one type of latrine,		
		no latrine	n (shared)6 m (exclusive)7 ared)8		o be used are :		
nstructions	Label	no latrine1 flush syster service (shared)2 flush syste service (exclusive)3 others (sha septic tank (shared)4 others (ex	n (shared)6 m (exclusive)7 ared)8	Percentag			
nstructions		no latrine1 flush system service (shared)2 flush system service (exclusive)3 others (sha septic tank (shared)4 others (ex- septic tank (exclusive)5	n (shared)6 m (exclusive)7 ared)8 iclusive)9	Percentaç	Je		
nstructions Value 1	Label	no latrine1 flush system service (shared)2 flush system service (exclusive)3 others (sha septic tank (shared)4 others (ex- septic tank (exclusive)5	n (shared)6 m (exclusive)7 ared)8 cclusive)9 Cases	Percentag	Je		
nstructions Value 1 2	Label No Latrine	no latrine1 flush syster service (shared)2 flush syste service (exclusive)3 others (sha septic tank (shared)4 others (ex septic tank (exclusive)5	n (shared)		Je		
Netroctions Value 1 2 3	Label No Latrine Service (S Service (E	no latrine1 flush syster service (shared)2 flush syste service (exclusive)3 others (sha septic tank (shared)4 others (ex septic tank (exclusive)5	n (shared)	5.5%	Je		
Netructions Value 1 2 3 4	Label No Latrine Service (S Service (E Septic Tar	no latrine1 flush system service (shared)2 flush system service (exclusive)3 others (sha septic tank (shared)4 others (ex- septic tank (exclusive)5	m (shared)	5.5% 3.5%	Je		
Network Nature Value 1 2 3 4 5	Label No Latrine Service (S Service (E Septic Tar Septic Tar	no latrine1 flush syster service (shared)2 flush syste service (exclusive)3 others (shi septic tank (shared)4 others (ex septic tank (exclusive)5	m (shared)	5.5% 3.5% 4.5%	Je		
Value 1 2 3 4 5 6	Label No Latrine Service (S Service (E Septic Tar Septic Tar Septic Tar Flush Sys	no latrine	n (shared)	5.5% 3.5% 4.5% 4.0%	Je		
Value 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Label No Latrine Service (S Service (E Septic Tar Septic Tar Septic Tar Flush Sys	no latrine	m (shared)	5.5% 3.5% 4.5% 4.0% 3.6%	Je		
	Label No Latrine Service (S Service (E Septic Tar Septic Tar Flush Sys Flush Sys	no latrine	m (shared)	5.5% 3.5% 4.5% 4.0% 3.6% 3.1%			

Information

[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Missing=*]

^{t34} B3_1_q13: No. of flush system latrines				
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Literal question No. of flush system latrines ?				
Interviewer's instructions	If the household uses flush system of latrine, the number of such latrines to which the members of the household have access will be noted here. If only one such latrine is shared by more than one household, then also the entry will be 1. If the household has, for its exclusive use, one or more latrine and also it shares some with others, the total number used will be recorded. If all the units are shared, the total number of those will be recorded.			

#35 B3_1_q14: Primary source of drinking water

	•	· · ·					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Mi	ssing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal questi	on	Primary source of drinking water?					
Interviewer's instructions		The source from which the household fetches water for drinking will be noted here in terms of code numbers printed below the block. The household may use more than one source of water for drinking purposes but only the code corresponding to the primary or principal source of drinking water will be recorded here. The codes to be used are: tap water					
Value	Label		Cases	1	Percentage		
1	Tap Water		36017			30.6%	
2	Tube Well		4659	4.0%			
3	Hand Pum	η	20019		17.0%		
4	Pucca We	11	41724			35.5%	
5	Pond		4058	3.5%			
6	Canal, Riv	ver, Spring	8194	7.0%			
9	Others		2933	2.5%			
Warning: these fi	gures indicate the	e number of cases found in the data file. They cann	ot be interpreted as summary	statistics of the populat	ion of interest.		

#36 B3_1_q15: Source of energy for cooking

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal question	What is the primary source of energy that is being used by the household for cooking?				
Interviewer's instructions	Against these two items, the respective codes corresponding to the primary source of energy that is being used by the household for the purpose of cooking and for lighting, will have to be recorded. If more than one type of energy is utilized, the primary or principal one will have to be identified and the corresponding code will be noted in the appropriate box. The codes to be used are :				
	fuel coke, coal. 1 charcoal. 6 firewood & chips. 2 kerosene. 7 gas (coal, oil or natural). 3 electricity. 8 gober gas. 4 others. 9 dung cake. 5 9 lighting 4 electricity. 4 kerosene. 1 candle. 4 other oil. 2 electricity. 5				
	gas9				

#36 B3_1_q15: Source of energy for cooking

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	9
1	Coke, coal	7996	6.8%	
2	Firewood & chips	80452		68.4%
3	Gas (coal, oil or natural)	4406	3.7%	
4	Gober gas	258	0.2%	
5	Dung cake	11611	9.9%	
6	Charcoal	320	0.3%	
7	Kerosene	7187	6.1%	
8	Electricity	228	0.2%	
9	Others	5146	4.4%	

#37 B3_1_q16: Source of energy for lighting

Informatior	1	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Mi	ssing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W] Literal question		[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
		What is the primary source of energy th	at is being used by the	household for li	ghting?	
Interviewer instruction		Against these two items, the respective codes corresponding to the primary source of energy that is being used by the household for the purpose of cooking and for lighting, will have to be recorded. If more than one type of energy is utilized, the primary or principal one will have to be identified and the corresponding code will be noted in the appropriate box. The codes to be used are : fuel coke, coal				
		kerosene4				
		other oil		5		
Value	Label		Cases		Percentage	
1	Kerosene		76221		64.8%	
2	Other oil		711	0.6%		
3	Gas		99	0.1%		
4	Candle		107	0.1%		
5	Electricity		39112		33.3%	
	Others		1354	1.2%		
Varning: these	e figures indicate the	e number of cases found in the data file. They cann			opulation of interest.	
Varning: these		· · · ·			opulation of interest.	
-	e figures indicate the q1: Dwelling	· · · ·	oot be interpreted as summar		opulation of interest.	
varning: these ≠38 B10_0	e figures indicate the q1: Dwelling	unit code	oot be interpreted as summar		opulation of interest.	

Definition	This item refers only to the dwelling unit or the actual residence of the sample household. The dwelling unit may be an entire structure or may be only a part of a structure.
Literal question	Do you own the dwelling unit? Or is it hired or otherwise occupied?
Interviewer's instructions	This item of the block refers only to the dwelling unit or the actual residence of the sample household. This dwelling unit may be the entire structure for one household or may be only a part of it. Accordingly, the

#38 B10_q1: Dwelling unit code

investigator will ask the investigator will ask the informant if it is owned, hired or otherwise occupied. If the dwelling unit is owned by the occupant, code 1 will be recorded against item 1. If it is taken on rent code 2 will be entered and if ti is occupied otherwise. Code 3 will apply. It may be noted that a dwelling unit constructed on a plot of land which is taken under long term lease, usually ranging from 30 years, will be considered as being held under an owner like possession. Similarly a dwelling unit itself possessed by a household under a long term lease may be treated as an owner like possession and the code 1 will be applicable in such cases also.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Owned	91968	78.2%
2	Rented	15861	13.5%
3	Otherwise occupied	0	0.0%
9	Invalid	9775	8.3%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#39 B10_q2: Covered Area (sq. meter)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-38138] [Missing=*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=43.546 /-] [StdDev=147.954 /-]	
Literal question	How much is the covered area of the dwelling?	
Interviewer's instructions	This will be the sum of the floor areas of all the rooms, kitchen etc. and covered and/or uncovered verandah of the building. The area will be recorded in square meters and in whole number. The verandah will mean the space adjacent to the rooms (both living and other) which is used as an access to the rooms of the dwelling unit. Verandah covered on four side by walls with a room above, is a covered verandah. But the verandah not surrounded by walls on four sides is an uncovered verandah, irrespective of whether there is/roof or not.	

#40 B10 g3: Land Possession Code

Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal question		Land Possession Code?	Land Possession Code?				
Interviewer's instructions		The land on which the residential building is constructed may be either owned, or rented or leased in or otherwise occupied. Land leased in for 30 years or more will be classified as owned. In case of multistoried buildings if an apartment is owned and occupied by household, land possessed code in that case will also be "1" i.e. owned.					
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage			
1	Owned		89530		76.1%		
2	Rented		16306	13.9%			
3	Leased in		2428	2.1%			
9	Others		9340	7.9%			
Warning: these fi	igures indicate the	e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interprete	ed as summar	y statistics of the population of interest.			

#41 B10_q4: Plinth level

Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]						
Literal question	n	Plinth level				
Interviewer's Plinth level means constructed ground floor level of the house from the ground at the main entrance of the dwelling unit. If there is a basement that is, some floor area below the ground level, then code 1 will be record. In case there is no distinction between level of the ground (i.e. land) and the level of the lowest floor is higher than that of the ground (land) i.e., more than 0.00 meter then code 3 will be recorded. Here 'plinth' refers to the foundation base of the house.				low the ground level, then code 1 will be recorded. land) and the level of the lowest floor then plinth s item. If the level of the lowest floor is higher		
Value Label			Cases	Percentage		
1 Basement		26157	22.2%			

#41 B10_q4: Plinth level

q	- ···						
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage				
2	0.00 meter	46632	39.7%				
3	More than 0.00 meter	44330	37.7%				
9 Invalid 485 0.4%							
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.							

#42 B10_q5: Type of Dwelling

Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]	
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	
Literal question	What is the type of dwelling of the household? Is it an independent house or a flat or any other type of dwelling?
Interviewer's instructions	A dwelling unit may be in a chawl or bustee, or an independent house or a flat. Code for each of the type of dwelling is given in the schedule and the applicable code will be entered against this item.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Chawl/bustee	18922	16.1%
2	Independent house	86358	73.4%
3	Flat	11540	9.8%
9	Invalid	784	0.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#43 B10_q6: Type of Structure

Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	What is the type of structure of the dwelling?
Interviewer's instructions	The structures have been classified into three categories, namely, pucca, semi-pucca and katcha on the basis of the materials used for construction. Codes for each type of structure has been given in the schedule.

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
1	Katcha	46962	39.9%
2	Semi pucca	35674	30.3%
3	Pucca	34735	29.5%
9	Invalid	233	0.2%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#44 B10_q7: Floor Type

Information	nformation [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]						
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]							
Literal question Floor Type							
Interviewer's instructions		Floor of a house may be made of (i) mud, (ii) wood bamboo, reed, (iii) brick, cement, stone (iv) any other materials. Codes have been provided for type of floor built with any of these materials. Appropriate code number will be recorded against this item after ascertaining the material which has been used for construction of the floor.					
Value	Label	Cases Percentage					
1	Mud		70744		60.2%		
2	Wood, bamboo, reed		9498	8.1%			
3	Brick, cerr	Brick, cement, stone		29.2%			
9	Others	Others		2.5%			
Warning: these fig	Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.						

#45 B10_q8: Monthly rent (actual of imputed for urban only)

,qo:				
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-20000] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=37.945 /-] [StdDev=146.072 /-]			
Literal question	Monthly rent (actual of imputed for urban only)			
Interviewer's instructions	This information will be collected for households for urban areas only. Actual monthly rent of the dwelling unit will be noted if it is taken on rent. But if a household in urban areas is not residing in a rented house that is, residing in a house which is either owned or otherwise occupied without paying any rent, then the rent will be imputed considering as if it is was taken on rent. Imputation will be done on the basis of prevailing rate of rent for similar houses in the locality or surrounding areas. It may be mentioned in this connection that, rent does not include any selami/pugree or any kind of cuss payable to local self-government or to government. It is merely an amount payable to the owner or to some other party as per contract between the occupier and the person who lets it out. A household may occupy a dwelling unit which is neither owned, nor hired in. In such cases also the imputed rent will be recorded.			

#46 B10_q9: Condition of the house code

Information	l	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Miss	sing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal question Condition of the house code?					
Interviewer's Against this item is to be recorded the physical condition of the house in the sense whether the house is for habitation and seems to need no major repairs, fairly good and needs no major repairs; bad dilapida impoverished (either needs immediate repairs/structural changes or not suitable for permanent habitati Different codes are given in the schedule and appropriate code has to be entered against this item. Ma will constitute such essential repairs of the house without which the house is risky or very healthy for hu habitation. The condition of the house will have to be assessed at the time of investigation and the approved will be recorded here.					bad dilapidated and ent habitation at all). iis item. Major repairs ealthy for human
Value	Label		Cases	Percenta	ge
0	Not repor	ted	818	0.7%	
1	Excellent		19157	16.3%	
2 Fairly good		d and needs no major repair	75594		64.3%
3 Bad, dilapi		idated and impoverished	22035	18.7%	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#47 B10_q11: Does the household get enough food?

Information	prmation [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW	/ W] [Valid=117604 /-]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal question	Does the househ	Does the household get enough food?				
Interviewer's instructions	person get, by an the informant has same meaning ir and record the a Care should how should be asked the informant rep code to be enter	The expression 'getting two square meals a day', as is used in common parlance, conveys that the concerned person get, by and large, enough food to eat. While putting this question to the informant, it is thus presumed that the informant has a clear understanding about the meaning of it. There are equivalent phrases conveying the same meaning in regional languages. It is, therefore, important to put the proper question in the local language and record the answer given by the informant in terms of prescribed code numbers. Care should however be taken to see that the informant is not offended with this question. Neither this question should be asked to those whose reported consumption would obviously indicate that they get enough to eat. If the informant reports that the members of the household gets two square meals a day, throughout the year, the code to be entered in the box space of this block is 1. If adequate food is available in only a few months of the year the code 2 will be noted. Code 3 will indicate that the household do not usually get two square meals a day				
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage		
0	Not reported		517	0 49/		

value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
0	Not reported	517	0.4%	
1	Yes - throughout the year	101158		86.0%
2	Some months of the year	13932	11.8%	
3	No	1997	1.7%	

#47 B10_q11: Does the household get enough food?

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

Warning: these figu	res indicate the	e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interprete	ed as summary	statistics of the population of interest.			
#48 Record_	No: Reco	rd number					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal question	n	Record number					
#49 Last_rec	_indicato	or: Last record indicator					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal question	n	Last record indicator					
#50 Upadate	_Code: U	pdate Code					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/	wj	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal question	n	Update Code					
#51 Posted_	Stratum_	Code: Posted Stratum Code					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal question	n	Posted Stratum Code					
#52 Wgt_Cor	nbined: N	Aultiplier Combined					
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 9.85	-42792.68]	[Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/	wj	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=1114.793 /-] [StdDev=837	′.134 /-]			
#53 Wgt_Sub	Sample:	Multiplier Sub-sample					
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 19.0	4-85585.36] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=117604 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=2228.4 /-] [Sto	Dev=1687.	64 /-]			
File Bloc	:k 4 - F	ood intake					
#1 HHID: Ke	y to ident	ify a household					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Recoding and	Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a hous sub sample, serial no. of village / block and sample					
#2 Sector: Sec	ector						
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/	wj	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Definition Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.							
Literal question	n	Sector					
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage			
1	Rural						
2 Urban 40092 34.1%							
Warning: these figu	Varning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.						

#3 State_Re	gion: Stat	te_Region		
Information	-	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Mis	ssing=*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition		Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.		
Literal question		State_Region		
#4 State: Sta	ate	I		
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Literal question		State		
Recoding and Derivation		This variable has been derived from the variable "State - Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.		
		Frequency table no	ot shown (31 Modalities)	
#5 Stratum:	Stratum			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition		 Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban area of the district. 		
Literal question		Stratum		
#6 SubRoun	d: Sub R	ound		
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition		The survey period of one year of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration. Equal number of sample villages and blocks were allotted for survey in each of these four sub-rounds.		
Literal questio	n	Sub Round		
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage
1	Sub round	1	28875	24.6%
2	Sub round	2	28306	24.1%
3	Sub round	3	30184	25.7%
4	Sub round		30058	25.6%
#7 SubSamp		e number of cases found in the data file. They cann	ot be interpreted as summary statistics	of the population of interest.
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]		[1ype= discrete] [Format=criaracter] [Missing=] [Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition		An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season		

Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units.

The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.

#7 SubCom		Food intake			
#7 SubSam		-			
Literal questic	on	Sub Sample			
Value	Label		Cases	Pe	ercentage
1	Central s	ample	58879		50.1%
2 Warning: these fig	State sar	nple he number of cases found in the data file. They o	58544	y statistics of the population	49.9%
		lage/Bl. Srl. No.		,	
– – Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW	// W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Definition		The first-stage units are census villa urban sector. This variable indicates	ges in the rural sector and s the serial number assigne	the NSSO urban framed to such units.	ne survey (UFS) blocks in the
Literal question	on	Village/Bl. Srl. No.			
#9 Hhold_n	o: Sampl	e Household No.			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW	// W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Literal question	on	Sample Household No.			
#10 B3_1_q	8: House	hold Group			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW	// W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Literal questic	on	Household Group			
Value	Label		Cases	Pe	ercentage
1	Schedule	ed tribe	12450	10.6%	
2	Schedule	ed caste	17844	15.2%	
3	Neo-Bud	dhist	627	0.5%	
9	Others		86502		73.7%
		he number of cases found in the data file. They of Code: New Household Type C		y statistics of the population	on of interest.
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]			
	// \\\/1	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	[Iviissing=]		
Statistics [NW					
Literal questio		New Household Type Code			
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric	c] [Range= 0-27588] [Missi	ina=*1	
Statistics [NW	// W1	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mear			
Literal questio	-	Monthly per capita expenditure?			
#13 MPCE_0					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]		
	// W1	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Statistics [NW	on	MPCE Code			

File Block 4 - Food intake

FILE BIOCK 4 -	roou intake
#14 Persons: Perso	ns
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Serial No. of members
Interviewer's instructions	For all members of the sample household, a running serial number will be put in this column, starting with the head who will get serial no. 1.
#15 Consumer_Unit	t: Consumer Unit
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-3001] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=415.064 /-] [StdDev=221.06 /-]
#16 B3_2_qa6_iv: N	o. of meals served to guests in ceremony
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9500] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=5.054 /-] [StdDev=150.323 /-]
Literal question	No. of meals served to guests in ceremony?
Interviewer's instructions	Ceremonies are performed to solemnize some events of life like, birth, annarambha, birthday, marriage etc. Members of a household may have to perform some religious rites consequent upon the death of a person. For various religious faiths, there are some days in a year which are observed with ceremonial performances like offering puja, prayer, ritual performances etc. Such ceremonies may be performed by household members as required under the social/religious customs and not incurring expenditure for entertaining guests. On the other hand, some households may spend some amount of money for entertaining guests with meals which are considered as essential part of the ceremonies performed by them. The purpose of providing this block in this schedule is to estimate the meals served to guests on ceremonies performed by the household during the last 30 days preceding the date of enquiry as also the meals served to guests and employees (non-members only) on any other occasion (other than ceremonies). Hence, only those ceremonies on which guests were entertained with meals, should be listed here.
#17 B3_2_qb1: No.	of meals served to guests in other than ceremony
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-3499] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=6.536 /-] [StdDev=23.856 /-]
Literal question	o. of meals served to guests in other than ceremony?
#18 B3_2_qb2: No .	of meals served to employees in other than ceremony
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-2106] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=1.345 /-] [StdDev=18.8 /-]
Literal question	No. of meals served to employees in other than ceremony?
Interviewer's instructions	A person rendering domestic service to a number of households during the day time (like cleaning utensils, dusting and cleaning of rooms, washing linens, carrying water from outside etc.) and gets some food from each of the households he/she serves. Although the quantum of food received from a single household may, by quantity, be far less than a full meal, the total quantity of food received from all the households taken together would often, if not more, be at least equivalent to a full meal. In this particular situation, the person will be considered to be consuming one meal every day under 'meals taken away from home'.
#19 B4_q10: Meals	(Free of cost)
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-630] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=7.038 /-] [StdDev=23.795 /-]
Definition	A 'meal' is composed of one or more readily eatable (generally cooked) items of food, the usual major constituent of which is cereal food. The meals consumed by a person twice or thrice a day provide him/her the required energy (calorie) and other nutrients for living and for pursuing his/her normal a vocations. A 'meal'. As opposed to 'snacks 'nasta' or 'high tea'. Contains larger guantum and variety or food. In rare cases, a full meal may contain

File Block 4 - Food intake

#19 B4_q10: Meals (Free of cost)

	,
Literal question	If you or any member of the household take meals free of cost , then how many such meals do you take in a day?
#20 B4_q11: Meals (Pa	ayment)
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-600] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=2.188 /-] [StdDev=11.704 /-]
Definition	A 'meal' is composed of one or more readily eatable (generally cooked) items of food, the usual major constituent of which is cereal food. The meals consumed by a person twice or thrice a day provide him/her the required energy (calorie) and other nutrients for living and for pursuing his/her normal a vocations. A 'meal'. As opposed to 'snacks,, 'nasta' or 'high tea'. Contains larger quantum and variety or food. In rare cases, a full meal may contain larger quantity or non-cereal food. Even then, if the total quantum of food in plate is as heavy as a meal, the contents of the food plate will also be considered as a 'meal'. Sometimes the contents of a 'nasta' may not be very different from the contents of a 'meal'. The difference in quantity will there be the guiding factor for deciding whether the plate is to be labeled as a 'meal' or a 'nasta'.
Literal question	If you or any member of the household take meals away from home on payment, then how many such meals do you take?

#21 B4_q12: Meals(At Home)

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-999] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=331.459 /-] [StdDev=187.332 /-]
Definition	A 'meal' is composed of one or more readily eatable (generally cooked) items of food, the usual major constituent of which is cereal food. The meals consumed by a person twice or thrice a day provide him/her the required energy (calorie) and other nutrients for living and for pursuing his/her normal a vocations. A 'meal'. As opposed to 'snacks,, 'nasta' or 'high tea'. Contains larger quantum and variety or food. In rare cases, a full meal may contain larger quantity or non-cereal food. Even then, if the total quantum of food in plate is as heavy as a meal, the contents of the food plate will also be considered as a 'meal'. Sometimes the contents of a 'nasta' may not be very different from the contents of a 'meal'. The difference in quantity will there be the guiding factor for deciding whether the plate is to be labeled as a 'meal' or a 'nasta'.
Literal question	How many meals are taken at home in a day?
Interviewer's instructions	the number of meals taken at home by each member of the household during the period of 30 days preceding the date of survey will be recorded. A meal will be considered to be taken at home if, the meal is prepared at home irrespective of the place where it is consumed.
#22 Calorie_cereal: C	alorie taken from cereals
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-5320000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=241294.224 /-] [StdDev=167493.124 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.
#23 Calorie_cereal_su	ubstitute: Calorie taken from cereals' substitutes
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1485000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=1094.122 /-] [StdDev=11654.691 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.
#24 Calorie_Food_Gr	oup1: Calorie taken from Food Group 1
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-6258800] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=266098.105 /-] [StdDev=184142 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.
#25 Calorie_Food_Gr	oup2: Calorie taken from Food Group 2
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1718600] [Missing=*]

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#25 Calorie_Food_Gro	oup2: Calorie taken from Food Group 2
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=15887.66 /-] [StdDev=18286.824 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.
#26 Calorie_Food_Gro	oup3: Calorie taken from Food Group 3
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1022000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=18140.11 /-] [StdDev=24787.44 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.
#27 Calorie_Food_Gro	oup4: Calorie taken from Food Group 4
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-2718000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=18661.657 /-] [StdDev=23087.63 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.
#28 Calorie_Food_Gro	oup5: Calorie taken from Food Group 5
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-42012417] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=19142.809 /-] [StdDev=178689.646 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.
#29 Total_Calories: To	otal calories
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-42434252] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=337930.341 /-] [StdDev=282962.893 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.
#30 Protein_Cereals:	Protein from cereals
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-88810] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=6660.397 /-] [StdDev=4837.153 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.
#31 Protein_Pulses: P	Protein from pulses
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-91625] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=1021.09 /-] [StdDev=1111.725 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.
#32 Protein_Milk: Prot	tein from milk & milk products
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-53150] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=634.955 /-] [StdDev=1061.785 /-]
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables which are not in the questionnaire. These variables have been calculated for the purpose of specific tabulation for which documentation is not available. The user may ignore them.
#33 Protein_Non_Veg	: Protein from meat, fish & eggs
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-66995] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=435.635 /-] [StdDev=957.341 /-]

#33 Protein_Non_V	eg: Protein from meat, fish & o	eggs		
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables the purpose of specific tabulation for			
#34 Total_Protein: 1	Total Protein			
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numer	c] [Range= 0-92931] [Missing=	*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mea	n=9484.369 /-] [StdDev=6294.6	633 /-]	
Recoding and Derivatio	This round contains some variables the purpose of specific tabulation for			
#35 Total_Fat: Total	fat			
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numer	c] [Range= 0-95905.9] [Missing	g=*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mea	n=4811.696 /-] [StdDev=4374.5	547 /-]	
Recoding and Derivation	This round contains some variables the purpose of specific tabulation for			
#36 B12_Total_Exp	_Food: Total expenditure on fe	ood		
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numer	ic] [Range= 0-9287.5] [Missing=	=*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mea	n=428.109 /-] [StdDev=296.482	2 /-]	
#37 B12_Total_Exp	_Non_Food: Total expenditure	e on non-food		
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numer	c] [Range= 0-93463] [Missing=	*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mea	n=250.542 /-] [StdDev=498.13	/-]	
#38 Wgt_Combined	: Multiplier Combined			
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numer	ic] [Range= 9.85-42792.68] [Mi	ssing=*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mea	n=1115.005 /-] [StdDev=835.89	4 /-]	
^{#39} Wgt_SubSamp	e: Multiplier Sub-sample			
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeri	ic] [Range= 19.04-85585.36] [N	lissing=*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mea	n=2228.795 /-] [StdDev=1685.1	153 /-]	
#40 Old_HH_Type:	Old Household Type			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=117423 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Literal question	Old Household Type			
Value Label		Cases	Per	centage
1		23053		19.6%
2		21307		18.1%
3		5026	4.3%	
4		33880		28.9%
9	the number of cases found in the data file. They	34157	tistics of the population	of interest.

#1 HHID: Key to ident	ify a household
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

#1 HHID: K	ey to ident	ify a household		
Recoding and	d Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a he sub sample, serial no. of village / block and sam		sector, state region, stratum, sub round,
#2 Sector: \$	Sector			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NV	V/ W]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition		Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarca	tion.	
Literal questi	on	Sector		
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage
1	Rural		2109914	61.5%
2	Urban		1318166	38.5%
#3 State_R	-	e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interp	reted as summary statistics	of the population of interest.
	egion. Stat			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NV	v/ vv]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	the level of Otote / Linia	
Definition		Regions are hierarchical domains of study below	the level of State/ Unic	in Territory in the NSS.
Literal questi		State_Region		
#4 State: St	late			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NV	-	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Literal questi		State		
Recoding and	d Derivation	This variable has been derived from the variable data.	"State - Region" to ena	ble the users to easily access state wise
		Frequency table not shown	(31 Modalities)	
#5 Stratum	: Stratum			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NV	V/ W]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition		Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strat (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of th of the district.		stratum comprising of all the urban areas
Literal questi	on	Stratum		
#6 SubRou	nd: Sub Ro	ound		
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NV	v/ w]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition		The survey period of one year of this round was on number of sample villages and blocks were allot		
Literal questi	on	Sub Round		
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage
1	Sub round	1	874570	25.5%
2	Sub round	2	818787	23.9%
3	Sub round		870797	25.4%
4	Sub round	4	863926	25.2%

#6 SubRound: Sub Round

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

J				
#7 SubSam	ple: Sub S	Sample		
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]	
Statistics [NV	v/ w]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition		of two or more independent and par drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of sub-sample wise estimates shows t Interpenetrating sub-samples have to of the survey round, and (ii) to ensu equally valid samples of units.	allel samples, termed as interpenetri- providing valid estimates of the popu- he margin of uncertainty associated been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid e re that Central and State samples fo staff are termed as Central sample	of first stage units is drawn in the form ating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is lation parameters. The comparison of with the combined sample estimate. estimates from each sub-round (season) r any State/ UT cover independent and and the matched samples surveyed by
Literal questi	on	Sub Sample		
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage
1	Central sa	ample	1709102	49.9%
2 Warning: these fi	State sam	•	1718978	50.1%
· · ·	-	e number of cases found in the data file. They o	cannot be interpreted as summary statistics o	or the population of interest.
	_5110: VIII	age/BI. Srl. No.	FR 41	
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=^]	
Statistics [NV	v/ w]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition			ges in the rural sector and the NSSC the serial number assigned to such) urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the units.
Literal questi	on	Village/Bl. Srl. No.		
^{#9} Hhold_n	io: Sample	e Household No.		
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]	
Statistics [NV	v/ w]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Literal questi	on	Sample Household No.		
#10 B3_1_ q	11: Month	ly per capita expenditure		
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric	c] [Range= 0-27588] [Missing=*]	
Statistics [NV	v/ w]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mea	an=157.928 /-] [StdDev=162.494 /-]	
Literal questi	on	Monthly per capita expenditure		
#11 MPCE_	Code: MP	CE Code		
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]	
Statistics [NV	v/ w]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Literal questi	on	MPCE Code		
#12 Record	_Type: Re	cord Type		
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]	
Statistics [NV	v/ w]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage

#12 Record_Type: Re	
	e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.
^{#13} Item_Code: Block	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Literal question	Block 5 Item Code
	Frequency table not shown (203 Modalities)
^{#14} B5_q4: Cash Pure	chase Quantity
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-8000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=4.664 /-] [StdDev=19.491 /-]
Literal question	How much quantity of the item was purchased by the household in the last 30 days?
^{#15} B5_q5: Cash Purc	chase Value
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-6600] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=12.397 /-] [StdDev=33.41 /-]
Literal question	How much money was spent by the household on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?
#16 B5_q6: Quantity of	of Home Grown Items Consumed
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=1.933 /-] [StdDev=16.686 /-]
Literal question	Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed
Interviewer's instructions	Consumption of any of the items in the block, made out of home-grown/produced stock i.e. out of goods produced by the household in its own farm or manufacturing establishments, during the last 30 days will be recorded here. The quantity of an item consumed out of home=grown stock will be recorded in column (6) and its value will be shown in column (7). The value will be imputed at the ex-farm or ex-factory price. Home produced agricultural produce include any produce obtained from cultivation by the household or obtained in the form of rent-share of land leased out. Produce brought from village home and consumed in urban residence will also be treated as 'home-grown stock'.
#17 B5_q7: Value of H	Iome Grown Items Consumed
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1660] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=3.198 /-] [StdDev=23.208 /-]
Literal question	Value of Home Grown Items Consumed
#18 B5_q10: Total cor	nsumption - Quantity
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9000] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=8.178 /-] [StdDev=28.539 /-]
Literal question	Total consumption - Quantity
Interviewer's instructions	These columns relate to the total consumption of household during reference period. The total consumption data should be strictly restricted to the domestic consumption of the household. The expenditure incurred on account of pet animal, will be excluded. It may be noted that consumption by livestock of the household will not be included. in the household consumption.
#19 B5_q11: Total con	isumption - Value
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-6002] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=16.773 /-] [StdDev=39.879 /-]
Literal question	Total consumption - Value
·	·

		······				
#20 Wgt_Cor	nbined: N	Aultiplier Combined				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Ra	ange= 9.85-42792.68] [Missing=	*]		
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=1	108.744 /-] [StdDev=784.81 /-]			
#21 Wgt_Sub	Sample:	Multiplier Sub-sample				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Ra	ange= 19.04-85585.36] [Missing	=*]		
Statistics [NW/	W]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=2	215.981 /-] [StdDev=1583.472 /-]		
#22 Old_HH_	Type: Ol	d Household Type				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Mis	sing=*]			
Statistics [NW/	W]	[Valid=3428080 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal question	า	Old Household Type				
File Bloc	k 6pt1	- Monthly household e	expenditure on cl	othing		
#1 HHID: Key	y to ident	ify a household				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Mis	sing=*]			
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Recoding and I	Derivation	This variable has been derived for identif sub sample, serial no. of village / block a	, , , ,	sector, state region, stratum	, sub round,	
#2 Sector: Se	ector					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Mis	sing=*]			
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Definition		Sector : A word used for the rural-urban	demarcation.			
Literal question	า	Sector				
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage		
1	Rural		62922		70.8%	
2 Warning: these figur	Urban	e number of cases found in the data file. They canno	25894	29.2%		
#3 State_Reg		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Mis	sing=*]			
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Definition		Regions are hierarchical domains of stud	y below the level of State/ Unior	Territory in the NSS.		
Literal questior	า	State_Region				
#4 State: Sta	te	·				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Mis	sing=*]			
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal question	า	State				
Recoding and I	Derivation	This variable has been derived from the	variable "State - Region" to enab	le the users to easily acces	s state wise	
		data.	t shown (31 Modalities)			
#5 Stratum: \$	Stratum					
Information	Stratum	[Tupe= discrete] [Format=character] [Mis	sing=*1			
	\A/I	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Mis	siriy=]			
Statistics [NW/	AA]	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	. 41 -			

^{#5} Stratum:	Stratum			
Definition		Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district of the district.		n stratum comprising of all the urban area
Literal question	n	Stratum		
^{#6} SubRoun	d: Sub R	ound		
nformation		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition		The survey period of one year of this round was divided number of sample villages and blocks were allotted for s		
Literal question	n	Sub Round		
Value	Label	Cá	ises	Percentage
1	Sub round	1 22	127	24.9%
2	Sub round	2 23	251	26.2%
3	Sub round	3 20	154	22.7%
4 Norming: these figu	Sub round		284	26.2%
		e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as a	summary statistic	s of the population of interest.
^{#7} SubSamp	ble: Sub a	•		
nformation				
		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
_	w]	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that of two or more independent and parallel samples, terme drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estim	d as interpend	etrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample i pulation parameters. The comparison of
Statistics [NW/ Definition	' w]	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estim sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertal Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and S equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as	d as interpene ates of the po ainty associate to obtain valid State samples	etrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is pulation parameters. The comparison of ed with the combined sample estimate. d estimates from each sub-round (season for any State/ UT cover independent and
Definition		 [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that of two or more independent and parallel samples, terme drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estim sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncerta Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and S equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as State Government staff are termed as State sample. 	d as interpene ates of the po ainty associate to obtain valid State samples	etrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is pulation parameters. The comparison of ed with the combined sample estimate. d estimates from each sub-round (season for any State/ UT cover independent and
Definition	n	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that of two or more independent and parallel samples, termedrawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estim sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertal Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and Sequally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as State Government staff are termed as State sample. Sub Sample	d as interpene ates of the po ainty associate to obtain valid State samples Central samp	etrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is pulation parameters. The comparison of ed with the combined sample estimate. d estimates from each sub-round (season for any State/ UT cover independent and le and the matched samples surveyed by
Definition iteral question Value	n Label	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estim sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertal Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and S equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as State Government staff are termed as State sample. Sub Sample	ates of the po ainty associate to obtain valid State samples Central samp	etrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is pulation parameters. The comparison of ed with the combined sample estimate. d estimates from each sub-round (season for any State/ UT cover independent and le and the matched samples surveyed by Percentage
Definition Literal question Value	n Label Central sa	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that of two or more independent and parallel samples, termedrawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estim sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertate interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and Sequally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as State Government staff are termed as State sample. Sub Sample Category Imple	ates of the po ainty associate to obtain valio State samples Central samp	etrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample i pulation parameters. The comparison of ed with the combined sample estimate. d estimates from each sub-round (season for any State/ UT cover independent and le and the matched samples surveyed by Percentage 49.8%
Definition Literal question Value 1 2	n Label Central sa State sam	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that of two or more independent and parallel samples, termedrawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estim sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertate interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and Sequally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as State Government staff are termed as State sample. Sub Sample Category Imple	ates of the po ainty associate to obtain valid State samples Central samp ases 189	etrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample i pulation parameters. The comparison of ed with the combined sample estimate. d estimates from each sub-round (season for any State/ UT cover independent and le and the matched samples surveyed by Percentage 49.8% 50.2%
Definition Literal question Value 1 2 Varning: these figu	n Label Central sa State sam rres indicate the	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estim sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertal Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and Sequally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as State Government staff are termed as State sample. Sub Sample Imple 44 ple 44	ates of the po ainty associate to obtain valid State samples Central samp ases 189	etrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample i pulation parameters. The comparison of ed with the combined sample estimate. d estimates from each sub-round (season for any State/ UT cover independent and le and the matched samples surveyed by Percentage 49.8% 50.2%
Literal question Value 1 2 Varning: these figu	n Label Central sa State sam rres indicate the	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estim sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertal Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and S equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as State Government staff are termed as State sample. Sub Sample Imple 44 ple 44	ates of the po ainty associate to obtain valid State samples Central samp ases 189	etrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample i pulation parameters. The comparison of ed with the combined sample estimate. d estimates from each sub-round (season for any State/ UT cover independent and le and the matched samples surveyed by Percentage 49.8% 50.2%
Literal question Value 1 2 Warning: these figur #8 VIII_BIK_S nformation	n Label Central sa State sam res indicate the SIno: Villa	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estim sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertal Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and Sequally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as State Government staff are termed as State sample. Sub Sample Ca Imple 44 ple 44 ple 44 state Government in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as state Government in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as state Government in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as state Government in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as state Government in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as state Government in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as state Government in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as state Government in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as state Government in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as state Government in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as state Government in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as state Government in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as state Government in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as state Government in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as state Government in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as state Government in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as state Government in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as state Government in the data fil	ates of the po ainty associate to obtain valid State samples Central samp ases 189	etrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample i pulation parameters. The comparison of ed with the combined sample estimate. d estimates from each sub-round (season for any State/ UT cover independent and le and the matched samples surveyed by Percentage 49.8% 50.2%
Definition Literal question Value 1 2 Warning: these figu	n Label Central sa State sam res indicate the SIno: Villa	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estim sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertal Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and S equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as State Government staff are termed as State sample. Sub Sample <i>Quarter State Government staff are termed as State Sta</i>	ates of the po ainty associate to obtain valid State samples Central samp ses 189 627 summary statistic	etrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample i pulation parameters. The comparison of ed with the combined sample estimate. d estimates from each sub-round (season for any State/ UT cover independent and le and the matched samples surveyed by Percentage 49.8% 50.2% so of the population of interest.
Definition Definition Value 1 2 Varning: these figu 48 VIII_BIK_S Information Statistics [NW/ Definition	n Label Central sa State sam res indicate the SIno: Villa	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estim sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertal Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and Sequally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as State Government staff are termed as State sample. Sub Sample Quarter State State	ates of the po ainty associate to obtain valid State samples Central samp ses 189 627 summary statistic	etrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample i pulation parameters. The comparison of ed with the combined sample estimate. d estimates from each sub-round (season for any State/ UT cover independent and le and the matched samples surveyed by Percentage 49.8% 50.2% so of the population of interest.
Definition Definition Value 1 2 Varning: these figu Varning: the varning (varning) Varning: the varning (varning) Varning: the varning (varning) Varning: the varning (varning) Varning (varning) V	n Label Central sa State sam res indicate the SIno: Villa	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estim sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertal Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and S equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as State Government staff are termed as State sample. Sub Sample <i>Quarter State Government staff are termed as State State State Government staff are termed as State State State Government staff are termed as State S</i>	ates of the po ainty associate to obtain valid State samples Central samp ses 189 627 summary statistic	etrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample i pulation parameters. The comparison of ed with the combined sample estimate. d estimates from each sub-round (seasor for any State/ UT cover independent and le and the matched samples surveyed by Percentage 49.8% 50.2% so of the population of interest.
Definition Definition Value 1 2 Varning: these figu Varning: the varning (varning) Varning: the varning (varning) Varning: the varning (varning) Varning: the varning (varning) Varning (varning) V	n Label Central sa State sam res indicate the SIno: Villa	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that of two or more independent and parallel samples, termedrawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estim sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertal interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and Sequally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as State Government staff are termed as State sample. Sub Sample Ca imple 44 ple 44 ge/Bl. Srl. No. [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number at Village/Bl. Srl. No.	ates of the po ainty associate to obtain valid State samples Central samp ses 189 627 summary statistic	etrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample i pulation parameters. The comparison of ed with the combined sample estimate. d estimates from each sub-round (seasor for any State/ UT cover independent and le and the matched samples surveyed by Percentage 49.8% 50.2% so of the population of interest.

^{#9} Hhold_n	o: Sample	Household No.				
Literal question	on	Sample Household No.				
#10 B3_1_q	11: Month	ly per capita expenditure				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-2	27588] [Missi	ing=*]		
Statistics [NW	// W]	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=206.036 /-] [S	tdDev=248.	694 /-]		
Literal question	on	Monthly per capita expenditure				
#11 MPCE_0	Code: MP	CE Code				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW	tistics [NW/ W] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal question	on	MPCE Code				
#12 Record		cord Type				
Information	_ ,,	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW	// W1	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal questio	-	Record Type				
Value	Label		Cases		Percentage	
05	Laber		88816		Fercentage	100.0%
	ures indicate th	e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpre		y statistics of the popu	lation of interest.	100.070
#13 B6_1_q	1: Block 6	.1 Item Code				
#13 B6_1_q Information	1: Block 6	.1 Item Code [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Information	// W]	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Information Statistics [NW	// W]	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	Cases		Percentage	
Information Statistics [NW Literal question	// W] on	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	Cases 7477	8.49	-	
Information Statistics [NW Literal question Value	// W] on Label	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		8.49	-	
Information Statistics [NW Literal question Value 101	// W] on Label dhoti sari	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	7477	8.49	6	29.0%
Information Statistics [NW Literal question Value 101 102	// W] on Label dhoti sari cloth for s	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Block 6.1 Item Code	7477 14667	6.7%	6	29.0%
Information Statistics [NW Literal question Value 101 102 103	// W] on Label dhoti sari cloth for s cloth for c	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Block 6.1 Item Code	7477 14667 25781		6	29.0%
Information Statistics [NW Literal question Value 101 102 103 104	// W] on Label dhoti sari cloth for s cloth for c	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Block 6.1 Item Code hirt, pyjama, salwar, etc. pat, trousers, overcoat, etc. (m)	7477 14667 25781 5916	6.7%	6	29.0%
Information Statistics [NW Literal question Value 101 102 103 104 105	I/ W] D D D D D D D D D D D D D	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Block 6.1 Item Code hirt, pyjama, salwar, etc. pat, trousers, overcoat, etc. (m)	7477 14667 25781 5916 3051	6.7% 3.4%	6	29.0%
Information Statistics [NW Literal question 101 102 103 104 105 106	Label dhoti sari cloth for s cloth for c chaddar, c ungi (m) gamcha, t	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Block 6.1 Item Code hirt, pyjama, salwar, etc. pat, trousers, overcoat, etc. (m) lopatta, wrapper, shawl, etc. (m)	7477 14667 25781 5916 3051 4717	6.7% 3.4% 5.3%	6	29.0%
Information Statistics [NW Literal questic 101 102 103 104 105 106 107	Label dhoti sari cloth for s cloth for c chaddar, c lungi (m) gamcha, t hosiery ar	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Block 6.1 Item Code hirt, pyjama, salwar, etc. pat, trousers, overcoat, etc. (m) lopatta, wrapper, shawl, etc. (m)	7477 14667 25781 5916 3051 4717 5220	6.7% 3.4% 5.3% 5.9%	6	29.0%
Information Statistics [NW Literal question 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108	Label dhoti sari cloth for s cloth for c chaddar, c lungi (m) gamcha, t hosiery ar	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Block 6.1 Item Code nirt, pyjama, salwar, etc. pat, trousers, overcoat, etc. (m) lopatta, wrapper, shawl, etc. (m) owel, handkerchief, etc. (no.) ticles, stockings, undergarments, etc. (no.) le garments (no.)	7477 14667 25781 5916 3051 4717 5220 6605	6.7% 3.4% 5.3% 5.9%	6 16.5%	29.0%
Information Statistics [NW Literal questic 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 111	Label dhoti sari cloth for c cloth for c chaddar, c ungi (m) gamcha, t hosiery ar ready mad headgear	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Block 6.1 Item Code nirt, pyjama, salwar, etc. pat, trousers, overcoat, etc. (m) lopatta, wrapper, shawl, etc. (m) owel, handkerchief, etc. (no.) ticles, stockings, undergarments, etc. (no.) le garments (no.)	7477 14667 25781 5916 3051 4717 5220 6605 10539	6.7% 3.4% 5.3% 5.9% 7.4%	6 16.5%	29.0%
Information Statistics [NW Literal question 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 111 112	I/W I/I/W	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Block 6.1 Item Code hirt, pyjama, salwar, etc. bat, trousers, overcoat, etc. (m) lopatta, wrapper, shawl, etc. (m) lowel, handkerchief, etc. (no.) ticles,stockings, undergarments, etc. (no.) de garments (no.) (m)	7477 14667 25781 5916 3051 4717 5220 6605 10539 475	6.7% 3.4% 5.3% 5.9% 7.4% 0.5%	6 16.5%	29.0%
Information Statistics [NW Literal questic 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 111 112 113	I/W I/I/W	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Block 6.1 Item Code hirt, pyjama, salwar, etc. oat, trousers, overcoat, etc. (m) lopatta, wrapper, shawl, etc. (m) lopatta, wrapper, shawl, etc. (m) bwel, handkerchief, etc. (no.) ticles,stockings, undergarments, etc. (no.) le garments (no.) (m) ments, sweater, pullover, cardigan muffler, scarf, , bed cover (m)	7477 14667 25781 5916 3051 4717 5220 6605 10539 475 597	6.7% 3.4% 5.3% 5.9% 7.4% 0.5% 0.7%	6 16.5%	29.0%
Information Statistics [NW Literal question 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 111 112 113 114	// W] on on Image: Construction of the sector of th	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Block 6.1 Item Code hirt, pyjama, salwar, etc. oat, trousers, overcoat, etc. (m) lopatta, wrapper, shawl, etc. (m) lopatta, wrapper, shawl, etc. (m) bwel, handkerchief, etc. (no.) ticles,stockings, undergarments, etc. (no.) le garments (no.) (m) ments, sweater, pullover, cardigan muffler, scarf, , bed cover (m)	7477 14667 25781 5916 3051 4717 5220 6605 10539 475 597 741	6.7% 3.4% 5.3% 5.9% 7.4% 0.5% 0.7% 0.8%	6 16.5%	29.0%
Information Statistics [NW Literal questic 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 111 112 113 114 115	// W] on on Image: Construction of the section of the	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Block 6.1 Item Code hirt, pyjama, salwar, etc. bat, trousers, overcoat, etc. (m) lopatta, wrapper, shawl, etc. (m) lopatta, wrapper, shawl, etc. (m) bwel, handkerchief, etc. (no.) ticles,stockings, undergarments, etc. (no.) de garments (no.) (m) ments, sweater, pullover, cardigan muffler, scarf, , bed cover (m) ets (m).	7477 14667 25781 5916 3051 4717 5220 6605 10539 475 597 741 314	6.7% 3.4% 5.3% 5.9% 7.4% 0.5% 0.7% 0.8% 0.4%	6 16.5%	29.0%
Information Statistics [NW Literal questic Value 101 101 102 1003 101 1004 101 1005 106 1006 107 1008 111 1112 113 1114 115 1116 1116	// W] on on Image: Construction of the section of the	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Block 6.1 Item Code hirt, pyjama, salwar, etc. oat, trousers, overcoat, etc. (m) lopatta, wrapper, shawl, etc. (m) lopatta, wrapper, shawl, etc. (m) bwel, handkerchief, etc. (no.) ticles,stockings, undergarments, etc. (no.) ticles,stockings, undergarments, etc. (no.) de garments (no.) (m) ments, sweater, pullover, cardigan muffler, scarf, bed cover (m) ets (m). t, matress (no.) tupholstery, curtain, table cloth, etc. (m)	7477 14667 25781 5916 3051 4717 5220 6605 10539 475 597 741 314 648	6.7% 3.4% 5.3% 5.9% 7.4% 0.5% 0.7% 0.8% 0.4% 0.7%	6 16.5%	29.0%
Information Statistics [NW Literal questic 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 111 112 113 114 115 116 117	// W] on Image: A straig of the straig of t	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Block 6.1 Item Code hirt, pyjama, salwar, etc. oat, trousers, overcoat, etc. (m) lopatta, wrapper, shawl, etc. (m) lopatta, wrapper, shawl, etc. (m) bwel, handkerchief, etc. (no.) ticles,stockings, undergarments, etc. (no.) ticles,stockings, undergarments, etc. (no.) de garments (no.) (m) ments, sweater, pullover, cardigan muffler, scarf, bed cover (m) ets (m). t, matress (no.) tupholstery, curtain, table cloth, etc. (m)	7477 14667 25781 5916 3051 4717 5220 6605 10539 475 597 741 314 648 98	6.7% 3.4% 5.3% 5.9% 7.4% 0.5% 0.7% 0.8% 0.4% 0.4% 0.7% 0.1%	6 16.5%	29.0%
Information Statistics [NW Literal questic 101 102 102 101 103 101 104 105 106 101 107 108 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118	// W] on on addot addot asari addot asari addot	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] [Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Block 6.1 Item Code hirt, pyjama, salwar, etc. bat, trousers, overcoat, etc. (m) lopatta, wrapper, shawl, etc. (m) lopatta, wrapper, shawl, etc. (m) bwel, handkerchief, etc. (no.) ticles,stockings, undergarments, etc. (no.) ticles,stockings, undergarments, etc. (no.) de garments (no.) (m) ments, sweater, pullover, cardigan muffler, scarf, bed cover (m) ets (m). t, matress (no.) rupholstery, curtain, table cloth, etc. (m) het (no.)	7477 14667 25781 5916 3051 4717 5220 6605 10539 475 597 741 314 648 98 174	6.7% 3.4% 5.3% 5.9% 7.4% 0.5% 0.7% 0.8% 0.4% 0.4% 0.7% 0.1% 0.2%	6 16.5%	29.0%

Value	Label		Cases	Percentage			
129 Narning: those	clothing of	thers (no.) e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot l	1030	1.2%			
	q3: Type Co		e interpreteu as summai	y statistics of the population of interest.			
nformation		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missi	ng=*]				
Statistics [N	iw/ wj	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
_iteral ques	tion	Type Code					
Interviewer's instructions		material e.g. cotton, wool, silk, etc., with w distinction will be made as mill-made pow cotton mill-made1 art silk, rayon powerloom2 or other synthe handloom3 pure silk khadi4 mixed-wool/synt wool5 cotton/silk	rhich the item of clot erloom, handloom a 6 tic textile 7	ded in column (2). A 'type code' will specify the ching is made. If an item is made of cotton, a furth nd khadi production. The type codes are			
., .		others9	0	Proventeur			
Value	Label	made	Cases 52125	Percentage 58.7%			
2	powerloor		6290	7.1%			
3	handloom		7298	8.2%			
4	khadi		815	0.9%			
5	wool		1084	1.2%			
6	art silk,ray	on or other synthetic textile	13078	14.7%			
7	pure silk		167	0.2%			
8	mixed-wo	ol/ synthetic/ cotton/ silk	5960	6.7%			
9	others		1999	2.3%			
Narning: these	figures indicate th	e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot l	be interpreted as summai	ry statistics of the population of interest.			
^{±15} B6_1 _	q5: Cash P	urchase Quantity					
nformation		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Rar	nge= 0-6000] [Missir	ng=*]			
Statistics [N	IW/ W]	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=4.509 /-] [StdDev=31.695 /-]					
iteral ques	tion	How much quantity of the item was purchased by the household in the last 30 days?					
^{≠16} B6_1_	q6: Cash P	urchase Value					
nformation		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9000] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [N	IW/ W]	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=69.088 /-] [StdDev=131.287 /-]					
_iteral ques	tion	How much money was spent by the household on the purchase of the item in the last 30 days?					
^{#17} B6_1_	q7: Quantit	y of Home Grown Items Consum	ed				
nformation		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Rar	e= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-600] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [N	IW/ W]	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=0.020	03 /-] [StdDev=2.72 /	-]			
_iteral ques	tion	Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed	l				
Interviewer' instructions		by the household in its own farm or manu The quantity of an item consumed out of h	facturing establishm nome=grown stock v puted at the ex-farm	ne-grown/produced stock i.e. out of goods produc ents, during the last 30 days will be recorded here vill be recorded in column (7) and its value will be or ex-factory price. Home produced agricultural bousehold or obtained in the form of rent share of			

#17 B6_1_q7: Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed

land leased out. Produce brought from village home and consumed in urban residence will also be treated as 'home-grown stock'.

		nome-grown stock".					
^{#18} B6_1_ 0	q8: Value c	f Home Grown Items Consumed					
nformation		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Rang	ge= 0-9000] [Missing:	=*]			
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=0.324 /	/-] [StdDev=36.837 /-]			
_iteral quest	ion	Value of Home Grown Items Consumed					
^{#19} B6_1_ 0	q9: Total c	onsumption - Quantity					
nformation		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Rang	ge= 0-5500] [Missing:	=*]			
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=4.302	/-] [StdDev=25.145 /-]			
iteral quest	ion	Total consumption - Quantity					
²⁰ B6_1_	q10: Total	consumption - Value					
nformation		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Rang	ge= 0-9500] [Missing:	=*]			
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=65.666 /-] [StdDev=124.473 /-]					
iteral quest	ion	Total consumption - Value					
²¹ Wgt_C	ombined:	Multiplier Combined					
nformation	n [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 9.85-18055] [Missing=*]						
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=1191.5	89 /-] [StdDev=724.1	79 /-]			
^{#22} Wgt_S	ubSample	Multiplier Sub-sample					
nformation		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Rang	ge= 19.04-32499] [Mi	ssing=*]			
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=2382.7	'94 /-] [StdDev=1470	.564 /-]			
²³ Old_H	H_Type: O	d Household Type					
nformation		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missin	g=*]				
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=88816 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
iteral quest	ion	Old Household Type					
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage			
1			15488	17.4%			
2			13744	15.5%			
3			3663	4.1%			
4			31927		35.9%		
9			23994	27.0	%		

File Block 6pt2 - Household expenditure on clothing

^{#1} HHID: Key to identify a household							
Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]							
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]							
Recoding and Derivation This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining sector, state region, stratum, sub round sub sample, serial no. of village / block and sample household number.							
#2 Sector: Sector							
Information	Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]						

#2 Sector: Sector						
Statistics [NV	atistics [NW/ W] [Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Definition		Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.				
Literal question Sector						
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage		
1	Rural		394097	64.9%	%	
2	Urban		212928	35.1%		

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

^{#3} State_Region: State_Region						
Information	Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]						
Definition	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.					
Literal question State_Region						
#4 State: State	#4 State: State					
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal question	State					
Recoding and Derivation This variable has been derived from the variable "State - Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.						
	Frequency table not shown (31 Modalities)					

#5	Stratum:	Stratum
#5	Stratum:	Stratum

#3 Stratum: Stratum						
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NV	w/ w]	[Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Definition		Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban areas of the district.				
Literal questi	ion	Stratum				
#6 SubRou	nd: Sub R	ound				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NV	w/ w]	[Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Definition		The survey period of one year of this round was divid number of sample villages and blocks were allotted				
Literal questi	ion	Sub Round				
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage		
1	Sub round	11	144976	23.9%		
2	Sub round	12	148885	24.5%		
3	Sub round	13	157936	26.0%		
4	Sub round	14	155228	25.6%		

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#7 SubSample: Sub Sample			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		

#7 SubSample: Sub Sample

" Subsamp	Jie. Sub c	ampie				
Definition		An important feature of the NSS sampling desig of two or more independent and parallel sampl drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing va sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used i of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Cen equally valid samples of units.	es, termed as interpene alid estimates of the pop of uncertainty associate n NSS (i) to obtain valid	etrating sub-samples. Each sub- pulation parameters. The compa d with the combined sample esti l estimates from each sub-round	sample is rison of mate. (season)	
		The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are to State Government staff are termed as State sa		e and the matched samples surv	veyed by	
Literal questio	n	Sub Sample				
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage		
1	Central sa	Imple	303020		49.9%	
2	State sam	ple	304005		50.1%	
Warning: these figu	ires indicate th	e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be inte	rpreted as summary statistics	s of the population of interest.		
#8 Vill_Blk_	Slno: Villa	age/BI. Srl. No.				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]]			
Statistics [NW	/ W]	[Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
DefinitionThe first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks i urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units.					ocks in the	
Literal questio	n	Village/Bl. Srl. No.				
#9 Hhold_nc	: Sample	Household No.				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]]			
Statistics [NW	/ W]	[Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal questio	n	Sample Household No.				
#10 B3_1_q1	11: Month	ly per capita expenditure				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range=	0-27588] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW	/ W]	Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=154.017 /-] [StdDev=153.576 /-]				
Literal questio	n	Monthly per capita expenditure				
#11 MPCE_C	ode: MP	CE Code				
 Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW	/ W]	[Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal questio		MPCE Code				
#12 Record_	Type: Re	cord Type				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]]			
Statistics [NW	/ W]	[Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal questio	n	Record Type				
Value	Label	1	Cases	Percentage		
06			607025		100.0%	
	ires indicate th	e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be inte		s of the population of interest.		
#13 B6_2_q1	I: Block 6	.2 Item Code				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]]			
		I				

Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal ques	tion	Block 6.2 Item Code					
Value	Label		Cases		Percen	itage	
101	dhoti		53468		8.8%		
102	sari		85704			14.1%	
103	cloth for	shirt, pyjama, salwar, etc.	123673				20.4%
104	cloth for	coat, trousers, overcoat, etc. (m)	40818	6.7	%		
105	chaddar,	dopatta, wrapper, shawl, etc. (m)	24920	4.1%			
106	lungi (m)		42239	7.0)%		
107	gamcha,	towel, handkerchief, etc. (no.)	63698		10.5	5%	
108	hosiery a	articles,stockings, undergarments, etc. (no.)	63575		10.5	5%	
111	ready ma	ade garments (no.)	54720		9.0%		
112	headgea	r (m)	4759	0.8%			
113	knitted ga etc. (no.)	arments, sweater, pullover, cardigan muffler, scarf,	6185	1.0%			
114	bed shee	et, bed cover (m)	9601	1.6%			
115	rug, blan	kets (m).	4040	0.7%			
116	pillow, qu	uilt, matress (no.)	6966	1.1%			
117	clothes for	or upholstery, curtain, table cloth, etc. (m)	661	0.1%			
118	mosquito	o net (no.)	1752	0.3%			
121	mats and	d matting (no.)	2741	0.5%			
122	cotton, co	otton yarn (gm.)	3978	0.7%			
123	knitting w	vool (gm)	3712	0.6%			
129	clothing o	others (no.)	9815	1.6%			
Warning: these	figures indicate t	the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpre	eted as summar	ry statistics of the popul	lation of int	terest.	

Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal question Type Code					
Interviewer's instructions		In this column, the type code will be entered for the item recorded in column (2). A 'type code' will specify the material e.g. cotton, wool, silk, etc., with which the item of clothing is made. If an item is made of cotton, a furth distinction will be made as mill-made powerloom, handloom and khadi production. The type codes are cotton mill-made			f cotton, a further
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage	
1	cotton/mill	made	361331		59.5%
2 powerloom		n	46752	7.7%	
3 handloom		60397	9.9%		
4 khadi		5011	0.8%		
5	wool		11297	1.9%	

^{#14} B6_2_q3: Type Code							
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage			
6	art silk,ray	on or other synthetic textile	69308	11.4%			
7	pure silk	880 0.1%					
8		ool/ synthetic/ cotton/ silk 36020 5.9%					
9 Warning: these figure	others 2.6% arning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.						
# ¹⁵ B6_2_q5: Cash Purchase Quantity							
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-7	000] [Missin	ig=*]			
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=7.279 /-] [Sto	IDev=19.71	6 /-]			
Literal question	l	Cash Purchase Quantity					
#16 B6_2_q6 :	Cash P	urchase Value					
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9	750] [Missin	·g=*]			
Statistics [NW/	wj	[Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=110.985 /-] [StdDev=184	.682 /-]			
Literal question	l	Cash Purchase Value					
#17 B6_2_q7 :	Quantit	y of Home Grown Items Consumed					
Information [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-6000] [Missing=*]							
Statistics [NW/	wj	[Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=0.0417 /-] [StdDev=10.177 /-]					
Literal question	1	Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed					
Interviewer's instructions		Consumption of any of the items in the block, made out of home-grown/produced stock i.e. out of goods produced by the household in its own farm or manufacturing establishments, during the last 30 days will be recorded here. The quantity of an item consumed out of home=grown stock will be recorded in column (7) and its value will be shown in column (8). The value will be imputed at the ex-farm or ex-factory price. Home produced agricultural produce include any produce obtained from cultivation by the household or obtained in the form of rent-share of land leased out. Produce brought from village home and consumed in urban residence will also be treated as 'home-grown stock'.					
^{#18} B6_2_q8:	Value of	f Home Grown Items Consumed					
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9600] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/	wj	[Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=0.487 /-] [Sto	IDev=26.28	7 /-]			
Literal question	1	Value of Home Grown Items Consumed					
^{#19} B6_2_q9:	Total co	onsumption - Quantity					
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-7	500.07] [Mis	ssing=*]			
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=7.505 /-] [Sto	IDev=28.75	7 /-]			
Literal question	1	Total consumption - Quantity					
^{#20} B6_2_q10	0: Total c	onsumption - Value					
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9	600] [Missin	ıg=*]			
Statistics [NW/	w]	/] [Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=112.411 /-] [StdDev=191.393 /-]					
Literal question	teral question Total consumption - Value						
#21 Wgt_Com	nbined: N	Aultiplier Combined					
Information	formation [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 9.85-42792.68] [Missing=*]						
Statistics [NW/	[NW/ W] [Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=1140.603 /-] [StdDev=791.252 /-]						

#22 Wgt_SubSample: Multiplier Sub-sample

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 19.04-85585.36] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=2279.825 /-] [StdDev=1599.684 /-]

#23 Old_HH_Type: Old Household Type

Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=607025 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal quest	ion	Old Household Type				
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage		
1			122614	20.2%		
2			99770	16.4%		
3			25038	4.1%		
4			182005		30.0%	
9			177598		29.3%	
Warning: these fi	igures indicate the	number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be int	erpreted as summary sta	atistics of the population of interest.		

File Block 7pt1 - Monthly household expenditure on footwear

^{#1} HHID: Key to identify a household						
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]						
Recoding and DerivationThis variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining sector, state region, stratu sub sample, serial no. of village / block and sample household number.						
#2 Sector:	Sector	-				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=	*]			
Statistics [N	Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Definition Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.						
Literal ques	ion	Sector				
Value	/alue Label		Cases	Percentage		
1	Rural		16802	63.1%		
2	Urban		9809	36.9%		
Warning: these	igures indicate the	e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be int	erpreted as summary statistics	of the population of interest.		
#3 State_F	legion: Stat	te_Region				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=	*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Definition Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.			on Territory in the NSS.			
Literal ques	Literal question State_Region					
#4 States S	4	1				

 #4 State: State

 Information
 [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]

 Statistics [NW/ W]
 [Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

 Literal question
 State

 Recoding and Derivation
 This variable has been derived from the variable "State - Region" to enable the users to easily access state wise data.

Frequency table not shown (31 Modalities)

File Block 7pt1 - Monthly household expenditure on footwear

#5 Stratur	n: Stratum				
Information	ation [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [N	IW/ W]	[Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Definition Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising of all the u of the district.					
Literal question Stratum					
#6 SubRo	und: Sub R	ound			
Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [N	IW/ W]	[Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Definition		The survey period of one year of this round was divid number of sample villages and blocks were allotted f			
Literal ques	tion	Sub Round			
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage	
1	Sub round	11	6968	26.2%	
2	Sub round	12	6465	24.3%	
3	Sub round 3		6464	24.3%	
4	Sub round 4			25.2%	
Warning: these	figures indicate th	e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted	l as summar	y statistics of the population of interest.	

#7 SubSample: Sub Sample

	•	•				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Definition		 An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample. 				
Literal quest	ion	Sub Sample				
Value Label			Cases	Percentage		
1	Central sa	ample	13020	48.9%		
2	2 State sample			51.1%		

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

#8 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units.
Literal question	Village/BI. Srl. No.

File Block 7pt1 - Monthly household expenditure on footwear

		······································					
^{#9} Hhold_no	: Sample	Household No.					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Miss	sing=*]				
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal question	า	Sample Household No.					
#10 B3_1_q1	1: Month	ly per capita expenditure					
Information		Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-6365.19] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=206.	.204 /-] [StdDev=184.178	; /-]			
Literal question	า	Monthly per capita expenditure					
#11 MPCE_C	ode: MP	CE Code					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Miss	sing=*]				
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal question	า	MPCE Code					
#12 Record_	Type: Re	cord Type					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Miss	sing=*]				
Statistics [NW/	wj	[Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal question	า	Record Type					
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage			
07			26611		100.0%		
Warning: these figu	res indicate th	e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot	t be interpreted as summary st	atistics of the population of interest.			
^{#13} B7_1_q1	: Block 7	.1 Item Code					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Miss	sing=*]				
Statistics [NW/	W]	[Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal question	ו	Block 7.1 Item Code					
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage			
141	leather bo	ots, shoe	3547	13.3%			
142	leather sa	ndals, chappals, etc.	5401	20.3%			
148		ner foot-wear	2233	8.4%			
149 Warning: these figu	other foot res indicate th	Wear e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot	15430 t be interpreted as summary st	atistics of the population of interest.	58.0%		
#14 B7_1_q4	: Cash P	urchase Quantity (Pair)					
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Ra	ange= 0-22000176] [Miss	sing=*]			
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=1666	6750.382 /-] [StdDev=118	32485.856 /-]			
Literal question	า	Cash Purchase Quantity (Pair)					
#15 B7_1_q5	: Cash P	urchase Value					
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Ra	ange= 0-990000] [Missin	g=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=38060.637 /-] [StdDev=152112.446 /-]							
Literal question Cash Purchase Value							
#16 B7_1_q6	: Quantit	y of Home Grown Items Consur	ned (Pair)				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Ra	ange= 0-10000002] [Miss	sing=*]			
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=487	1.443 /-] [StdDev=14862	0.401 /-]			
L		rest of the second seco					

File Block 7pt1 - Monthly household expenditure on footwear

#16 B7_1_q6: Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed (Pair)

Literal question	Quantity of Home Grown Items Consumed (Pair)
Interviewer's instructions	Consumption of any of the items in the block, made out of home-grown/produced stock i.e. out of goods produced by the household in its own farm or manufacturing establishments, during the last 30 days will be recorded here. The quantity of an item consumed out of home=grown stock will be recorded in column (6) and its value will be shown in column (7). The value will be imputed at the ex-farm or ex-factory price. Home produced agricultural produce include any produce obtained from cultivation by the household or obtained in the form of rent-share of land leased out. Produce brought from village home and consumed in urban residence will also be treated as 'home-grown stock'.

#17 B7_1_q7: Value of Home Grown Items Consumed

Brqr.	value o		cu				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-5000] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/ V	N]	[Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=35.674 /-] [StdDev=76.633 /-]					
Literal question		Value of Home Grown Items Consumed					
#18 B7_1_q8:	Total co	onsumption - Quantity (Pair)					
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 98-126745] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/ V	N]	[Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=10	0400.433 /-] [Si	dDev=7380.713	/-]		
#19 B7_1_q9 :	Total co	onsumption - Value					
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.36-9	00229.61] [Missi	ng=*]		
Statistics [NW/ V	v]	[Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=42	24927.795 /-] [StdDev=296470.2	277 /-]		
#20 Wgt_Com	bined: N	Multiplier Combined					
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.01-9	9.99] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ V	N]	[Valid=26611 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=4.	824 /-] [StdDev	/=2.88 /-]			
#21 Wgt_Sub	Sample:	Multiplier Sub-sample					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Mis	ssing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ V	v j	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=26611 /-]					
Value	Label			Cases	Percentage		
Sysmiss				26611			
		e number of cases found in the data file. They can	not be interpreted	as summary statistic	s of the population of interest.		
	iype. Of	d Household Type					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [M	lissing=^j				
Statistics [NW/ V	w]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal question		Old Household Type					
File Block	k 7pt2	- Household expendi	ture on	footwear			
#1 HHID: Key	to ident	ify a household					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/ V	N]	[Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Recoding and D	erivation		This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining sector, state region, stratum, sub round, sub sample, serial no. of village / block and sample household number.				
#2 Sector: Se	ctor	·					

#2 Sector: Sector	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]

File Block 7pt2 - Household expenditure on footwear

#2 Sector: S	ector				
Definition		Sector : A word used for the rural-urban dem	arcation.		
Literal questio	n	Sector			
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage	
1	Rural	83586			
2	Urban		58862	41.3%	
Varning: these figu	ures indicate the	number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be	nterpreted as summary statistics	s of the population of interest.	
⁴³ State_Re	gion: Stat	e_Region			
nformation		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing	=*]		
Statistics [NW	/ W]	[Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Definition		Regions are hierarchical domains of study be	elow the level of State/ Uni	on Territory in the NSS.	
iteral questio	on	State_Region			
4 State: Sta	ate				
nformation		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing	=*]		
Statistics [NW	/ W]	[Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
iteral questio	on	State			
Recoding and Derivation This variable has been derived from the variable "State - Region" to data.				able the users to easily access state wise	
		Frequency table not sh	own (31 Modalities)		
^{#5} Stratum:	Stratum				
nformation		Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW	/ W]	[Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Definition		Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban areas of the district.			
_iteral questio	n	Stratum			
6 SubRour	d: Sub R	ound			
nformation		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW	/ W]	[Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
- Definition	_	The survey period of one year of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration. Equal number of sample villages and blocks were allotted for survey in each of these four sub-rounds.			
Literal questio	on	Sub Round			
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage	
1	Sub round	1	34921	24.5%	
2	Sub round	2	34071	23.9%	
3 Sub round		3	36835	25.9%	
4	Sub round	36621 25.79			
		number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be	nterpreted as summary statistics	s of the population of interest.	
⁴⁷ SubSamp	ole: Sub S	-			
nformation		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			

File Block 7pt2 - Household expenditure on footwear

#7 SubSample: Sub Sample

Definition An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample is drawn by the same and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample is drawn by the same and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample is drawn by the same same is that the total sample and the comparison of sub-sample sub-sample by the NSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State samples. Value Label Cases Percentage Value Label 71213 0.00% 2 State covernment staff are termed as State samples for any State UT cover independent and capable of providing valid estimates of the appulation of interest 8 Value Label Cases Percentage 1 Core as providing valid estimates of the population of interest 50.0% 7123 State covernment staff are termed as State samples as unway state VT cover independent and paralle samples. 50.0% 71 Cases Percentage 50.0% 71 State samples unvey out, and and the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest 8 Vill_Bit_Sint. Try e- discrete] [Format-character] [Missing="] State states [PW/W] [Yeleid-142448.7] [mealid=0/-] Literal q	# Subsam	ple: Sub a	bampie			
of the survey round, and (i) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. Cases Percentage Value Label Cases Percentage 1 Central sample 71213 50.0% 2 State sample 71236 50.0% 3 State sample 71236 50.0% 4% Vill_BIK_Sinc: VII=VII. FI.1 No. 50.0% 1 Central sample and the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest. 50.0% 2 State sample 71236 50.0% 2 State sample 50.0% 2 State sample 10.0% Winde: the file. File. 50.0% 3 State sample 10.0% State sample Vill_BIK_Sinc: VII 50.0% 3 Vill_BIK_Sinc: VIII File. 50.0% 3 Vill_BIK_Sinc: VIII Vill_Sing=1 50.0% 4 Vill_BiK_Sinc: VIII Vill_Sing=1 50.0% 4 Vill_Ginudid=0 /-]	Definition		of two or more independent and parallel drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of prov	I samples, termed as interpenet	rating sub-samples. Each sut ulation parameters. The comp	 sample is parison of
State Government staff are termed as State sample. Literal question Sub Sample Value Laboration of the colspan="2">Percentage 1 Central simple 7123 50.0% 2 State sample 7123 50.0% Warning: these figures indicate timumber of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest. 50.0% Warning: these figures indicate timumber of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest. 50.0% Warning: these figures indicate timumber of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest. 50.0% Warning: these figures indicate timumber of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest. 50.0% Warning: these figures indicate timumber of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest. 50.0% State sample Valide=142448 /-] [Invalid=0.1] Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0.1] Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0.1] Literal question [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=1] Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0.1] Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0.1] Literal questio: [Type= discrete] [Format=ch			of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure th			
Value Label Cases Percentage 1 Central sample 71213 50.0% 2 State sample 71235 50.0% Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest. 50.0% Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest. 50.0% Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest. 50.0% Warning: these figures indicates the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest. 50.0% Bofinition [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing="] 50.0% Statistics [NW/W] Village/Bi. Srl. No. 50.0% #9 Hhold_no: Sample Household No. [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing="] 50.0% Statistics [NW/W] [Valid=142448 /] [Invalid=0 /] [Xagge = 0.9636.35] [Missing="] 50.0% Statistics [NW/W] [Valid=142448 /] [Invalid=0 /-] [Missing="] 50.0% 50.0% Iteral question Monthy per capita expenditure 50.0% 50.0% 50.0%					and the matched samples su	irveyed by
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2 State sample 7123 50.0% Wankar: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest. 50.0% #8 Vill_Bik_Sinc: Vill=VEIII Sri. No. [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing="] 50.0% Statistics [NW/W] [Valid=142448 /-] [invalid=0 /-] 50.0% Definition The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units. 50.0% W9 Hhold_no: Sample Household No. 50.0% #9 Household No. [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing="] 50.0% #10 B3_1_q11: Monthly per capita expenditure 50.0% #10 B3_1_q11: [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing="] 50.0% Statistics [NW/W] [Yalid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Monthly per capita expenditure #11 MPCE_Code: Fype= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing="] 50.0% Statistics [NW/W] [Yalid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] 50.0% Literal question Monthly per capita expenditure 50.0% #11 MPCE_Code: Fype= discrete] [Format=character] [Missi	Value	Label		Cases	Percentage	
Wanning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest. ## Vill_Bilk_Sinc: Vill=UBL Srl. No. information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing="] Statistics [NW/W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Definition Village/BI Srl. No. #9 Hhol_no: Sample Household No. #9 Hhol_no: Sample Household No. #10 B3_1_q11: Volid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Statistics [NW/W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Missing="] Statistics [NW/W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Itteral question Monthly per capita expenditure #11 MPCE_Ode: Imper discrete] [Format=character] [Missing="] Statistics [NW/W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Statistics [NW/W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Statistics [NW/W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Itteral question MPCE Code #12 Record_Type: [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Statistics [NW/W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Statistics [NW/W] [Valid=	1	Central sa	ample	71213		50.0%
#* Vill_Bik_Sino: Village/Bi. Srl. No. [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing="] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Definition The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units. Literal question Village/Bi. Srl. No. #9 Hhold_no: Sample Household No. [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing="] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question Sample Household No. #10 B3_1_q11: Monthly per capita expenditure [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9636.35] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=170.414 /-] [StdDev=152.372 /-] Literal question Monthly per capita expenditure #11 MPCE_Code: MPCE Code [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question Monthly per capita expenditure #11 MPCE_Code: MPCE Code [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question MPCE Code #12 Record_Type: Record Type [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] <	2	State sam	ple	71235		50.0%
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i urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units. Literal question Village/Bl. Srl. No. #9 Hhold_no: Sample Household No. Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question Sample Household No. #10 B3_1_q11: Sample Household No. #10 B3_1_q11: Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9636.35] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/W] [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9636.35] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=170.414 /-] [StdDev=152.372 /-] Literal question Monthly per capita expenditure #11 MPCE_Code: HOPCE Code #11 MPCE_Code: Ifype= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question MPCE Code #12 Record_Type: Record Type [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]	Statistics [NW	// W]	[Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
#9 Hhold_no: Sample Household No. Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question Sample Household No. #10 B3_1_q11: Monthly per capita expenditure Imformation Information [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9636.35] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=170.414 /-] [StdDev=152.372 /-] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=170.414 /-] [StdDev=152.372 /-] Literal question Monthly per capita expenditure #11 MPCE_Code: MPCE Code Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question MPCE Code #11 APCE_Code: Impe= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question MPCE Code #12 Record_Type: Record Type Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question MPCE Code	Definition		The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units.			
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Literal question Sample Household No. #10 B3_1_q11: Month!y per capita expenditure Information [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9636.35] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=170.414 /-] [StdDev=152.372 /-] Literal question Monthly per capita expenditure #11 MPCE_Code: MPCE Code Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question MPCE Code #12 Record_Type: Record Type Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question MPCE Code #12 Record_Type: Record Type Value Label Record Type	Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Mis	ssing=*]		
#10 B3_1_q11: Monthi y per capita expenditure Information [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9636.35] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=170.414 /-] [StdDev=152.372 /-] Literal question Monthly per capita expenditure #11 MPCE_Code: MPCE Code Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question MPCE Code Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question MPCE Code #12 Record_Type: Record Type [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal questior Record Type Value Label Cases Percentage	Statistics [NW	// W]	[Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Information [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9636.35] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=170.414 /-] [StdDev=152.372 /-] Literal question Monthly per capita expenditure #11 MPCE_Code: MPCE Code [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question MPCE Code Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question MPCE Code #12 Record_Type: Record Type [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question MPCE Code #12 Record_Type: Record Type [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question Record Type Record Type Record Type Value Label Cases Percentage	Literal questic	on	Sample Household No.			
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=170.414 /-] [StdDev=152.372 /-] Literal question Monthly per capita expenditure #11 MPCE_Code: MPCE Code [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question MPCE Code #12 Record_Type: Record Type [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question Record Type Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question Record Type Value Label Cases Percentage	#10 B3_1_q	11: Month	ly per capita expenditure			
Literal question Monthly per capita expenditure #11 MPCE_Code: MPCE Code Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question MPCE Code #12 Record_Type: Record Type [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question Record Type Value Label Cases Percentage	Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [R	ange= 0-9636.35] [Missing=*]		
#11 MPCE_Code: MPCE Code Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question MPCE Code #12 Record_Type: Record Type Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question Record Type Value Label Percentage	Statistics [NW	// W]	[Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=17	70.414 /-] [StdDev=152.372 /-]		
Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question MPCE Code #12 Record_Type: Record Type [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question Record Type Value Label Cases Percentage	Literal questio	on	Monthly per capita expenditure			
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question MPCE Code #12 Record_Type: Record Type [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question Record Type Value Label Cases Percentage	#11 MPCE_0	Code: MP	CE Code			
Literal question MPCE Code #12 Record_Type: Record Type Important (Missing=*) Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question Record Type Value Label Cases Percentage	Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Mis	ssing=*]		
#12 Record_Type: Record Type Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question Record Type Value Label Cases Percentage	Statistics [NW	// W]	[Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*] Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question Record Type Value Label Cases Percentage	Literal questio	on	MPCE Code			
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] Literal question Record Type Value Label Cases Percentage	#12 Record	_Type: Re	cord Type			
Literal question Record Type Value Label Cases Percentage	Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Mis	ssing=*]		
Value Label Cases Percentage	Statistics [NW	// W]	[Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
	Literal questic	on	Record Type			
08 142448 100.09	Value	Label		Cases	Percentage	
	08			142448		100.0%
	^{#13} B7_2_q	1: Block 7	2.2 Item Code			
^{#13} B7_2_q1: Block 7.2 Item Code	Information		[Turner discrete] [Cormet-obsreater] [Mis	oing-*]		

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]
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File Block 7pt2 - Household expenditure on footwear

File Block /pt2 - Household expenditure on footwear						
^{#13} B7_2_q1: Block 7.2 Item Code						
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]						
Literal question	ı	Block 7.2 Item Code				
Value	Label		Cases		Percentage	
141	leather bo	ots, shoe 22994 16.1%			5.1%	
142	leather sa	ndals, chappals, etc. 32756 23.0%			23.0%	
148	other leath	ner foot-wear	er foot-wear 14136 9.9%			
149 other footwear 72562 50.9% Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest. 50.9%					50.9%	
		urchase Quantity (Pair)	not be interpreted as summa	ry statistics of the pop	ulation of interest.	
Information	. Cash P	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Rango- 0 800010011 []	/issing=*1		
	\A/I	[Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=3				
Statistics [NW/	-	Cash Purchase Quantity (Pair)	5049427.3947-J [StuDe	-2041590.2557-]		
Literal question						
Information	Cash P	urchase Value				
Statistics [NW/	\ M /1	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [[Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=1				
Literal question	-	Cash Purchase Value	10707.1037-J [StuDev-	100034.4107-j		
•		y of Home Grown Items Const	umod (Pair)			
Information	. Quantit	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [/lissing=*1		
Statistics [NW/	WI	[Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=1				
Literal question	-	Quantity of Home Grown Items Consur		10000.10071		
Interviewer's instructions	Interviewer's Consumption of any of the items in the block, made out of home-grown/produced stock i.e. out of goods produced				ast 30 days will be recorded here. column (6) and its value will be e. Home produced agricultural ained in the form of rent-share of	
#17 B7_2_q7	: Value o	f Home Grown Items Consume	ed			
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9400] [Missir	ng=*]		
Statistics [NW/	Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=66.007 /-] [StdDev=151.655 /-]					
Literal question	Literal question Value of Home Grown Items Consumed					
#18 B7_2_q8: Total consumption - Quantity (Pair)						
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 98-427926] [M	issing=*]		
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=7	10240.669 /-] [StdDev=7	7353.544 /-]		
#19 B7_2_q9	: Total co	onsumption - Value				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.36-900229.6	1] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/	Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=417312.387 /-] [StdDev=297699.158 /-]					
#20 Wgt_Con	nbined: I	Aultiplier Combined				
Information	Information [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0.01-9.99] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/	Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=142448 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=4.796 /-] [StdDev=2.891 /-]					
·						

#21 Wgt_Su	bSample:	: Multiplier Sub-sample					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Missi	Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW	/ W]	[Valid=0 /-] [Invalid=142448 /-]	/alid=0 /-] [Invalid=142448 /-]				
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage			
Sysmiss Warning: these fig	ures indicate th	ne number of cases found in the data file. They canno	142448 t be interpreted as summary statistic	cs of the population of interest			
		ld Household Type	,				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Mis	sing=*]				
Statistics [NW							
Literal questic	- n	Old Household Type					
File Blo	ck 8 - N	Ionthly household exp	enditure on mis	C			
^{#1} HHID: Ke	y to iden	tify a household					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Mis	sing=*]				
Statistics [NW	// W]	[Valid=836531 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Recoding and	Derivation	This variable has been derived for identif sub sample, serial no. of village / block a		ng sector, state region, stratum, sub round er.			
#2 Sector: S	ector	1					
Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]							
Statistics [NW	// W]	[Valid=836531 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Definition		Sector : A word used for the rural-urban	demarcation.				
Literal questic	on	Sector					
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage			
1	Rural		468256	56.0%			
2 Warning: these fig	Urban	a number of eaces found in the data file. They earns	368275	44.0%			
#3 State_Re		te number of cases found in the data file. They canno	i be interpreted as summary statistic	cs of the population of interest.			
Information	gioin ota	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Mis	sina=*1				
Statistics [NW	// ••••	[Valid=836531 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	59-]				
Definition	, ••1		v below the level of State/ Lir	nion Territory in the NSS			
Literal questio	n	Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS. State_Region					
#4 State: St							
Information	-	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Mis	sing=*]				
Statistics [NW	/ wj	[Valid=836531 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
- Literal questic		State					
Recoding and		This variable has been derived from the variable ha	variable "State - Region" to e	nable the users to easily access state wise			
			t shown (31 Modalities)				
#5 Stratum:	Stratum						
# ⁵ Stratum: Information	Stratum	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Mis	sing=*]				

File Block 8 - Monthly household expenditure on misc

		,				
#5 Stratum:	Stratum					
Definition		Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district.		stratum comprising of all the	urban areas	
Literal question	on	Stratum				
#6 SubRour	nd: Sub Ro	ound				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing	g=*]			
Statistics [NW	// W]	[Valid=836531 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Definition		The survey period of one year of this round number of sample villages and blocks were			n. Equal	
Literal questic	on	Sub Round				
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage		
1	Sub round	1	205436		24.6%	
2	Sub round	2	203450		24.3%	
3	Sub round	3	216765		25.9%	
4	Sub round	4	210880		25.2%	
Warning: these fig	ures indicate the	number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be	interpreted as summary statistics	of the population of interest.		
^{#7} SubSam	ple: Sub S	ample				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=836531 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
		of two or more independent and parallel san drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providin sub-sample wise estimates shows the marg Interpenetrating sub-samples have been use of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that 0 equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff ar State Government staff are termed as State	g valid estimates of the populin of uncertainty associated an NSS (i) to obtain valid of central and State samples for the termed as Central sample	ulation parameters. The com with the combined sample e estimates from each sub-rou r any State/ UT cover indep	parison of estimate. nd (season) endent and	
Literal questio	on	Sub Sample	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage		
1	Central sa	mple	416959		49.8%	
2	State sam		419572		50.2%	
Warning: these fig	ures indicate the	number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be	interpreted as summary statistics	of the population of interest.		
#8 Vill_Blk_	Slno: Villa	ge/Bl. Srl. No.				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing	g=*]			
Statistics [NW	/ W]	[Valid=836531 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Definition		The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units.				
Literal questic	on	Village/BI. Srl. No.				
#9 Hhold_no	o: Sample	Household No.				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing	g=*]			

File Block 8 - Monthly household expenditure on misc

^{#9} Hhold_no: Sample Household No.						
Literal questio	Literal question Sample Household No.					
#10 B3_1_q1	1: Month	ly per capita expenditure				
Information	nformation [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-27588] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/	/ W]	[Valid=836531 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=173.51	8 /-] [StdDev=183.492 /-]			
Literal questio	n	Monthly per capita expenditure				
#11 MPCE_C	ode: MPC	CE Code				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing:	=*]			
Statistics [NW/	/ W]	[Valid=836531 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal questio	n	MPCE Code				
#12 Record_	Type: Re	cord Type				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing:	=*]			
Statistics [NW/	/ W]	[Valid=836531 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal questio	n	Record Type				
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage		
09			836531		100.0%	
		e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be in	nterpreted as summary statistics	of the population of interest.		
	de: Block	x 8 Item Code				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=	=*]			
Statistics [NW/	-	[Valid=836531 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal questio	n	Block 8 Item Code				
#14 D0	/-l	Frequency table not sho	wn (73 Modalities)			
#14 B8_q3: \	alue in c	1				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range				
Statistics [NW/	-	[Valid=836530 /-] [Invalid=1 /-] [Mean=13.18 /	-] [StdDev=47.687-]			
Literal question Value in cash #15 B8_q4: Value in cash and kind						
	alue in c	1				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9000] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/		[Valid=836530 /-] [Invalid=1 /-] [Mean=13.476 /-] [StdDev=51.614 /-]				
Literal questio		Value in cash and kind				
	mbinea: N	Multiplier Combined				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range		=*]		
Statistics [NW/	-	[Valid=836531 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=1082.4	62 /-j [StaDev=758.72 /-j			
	oSample:	Multiplier Sub-sample				
Information						
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=836531 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=2162.52 /-] [StdDev=1531.255 /-]						
#18 Old_HH_Type: Old Household Type						
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing:	=*]			
Statistics [NW/	tatistics [NW/ W] [Valid=836531 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					

File Block 8 - Monthly household expenditure on misc
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File Block 8 - Monthly household expenditure on misc					
#18 Old_HH_	Type: Ol	d Household Type			
iteral question Old Household Type					
File Bloc	k 9pt1	- Monthly househol	d expenditure for p	ourchase of durables	
#1 HHID: Key	to ident	ify a household			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Recoding and D	Derivation	This variable has been derived for ide sub sample, serial no. of village / blo		g sector, state region, stratum, sub round,	
#2 Sector: Se	ector				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Definition		Sector : A word used for the rural-urb	an demarcation.		
Literal question	1	Sector			
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage	
1	Rural		29500	54.6%	
2	Urban		24543	45.4%	
		e number of cases found in the data file. They c	annot be interpreted as summary statistics	of the population of interest.	
#3 State_Reg	lion: Stat				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/	W]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Definition		Regions are hierarchical domains of	study below the level of State/ Unio	on Territory in the NSS.	
Literal question	l	State_Region			
#4 State: Stat	te				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Literal question		State			
Recoding and D	Derivation	This variable has been derived from data.	the variable "State - Region" to ena	able the users to easily access state wise	
	Frequency table not shown (31 Modalities)				
#5 Stratum: S	Stratum				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Definition		Within each district of a State/ UT, tw (i) rural stratum comprising of all rura of the district.		stratum comprising of all the urban areas	
Literal question Stratum					
#6 SubRound	d: Sub Re	ound			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/	wj	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			

Definition

The survey period of one year of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration. Equal number of sample villages and blocks were allotted for survey in each of these four sub-rounds.

File Block 9pt1 - Monthly household expenditure for purchase of durables

#6 SubRound: Sub Round							
Literal questi	Literal question Sub Round						
Value Label Cases Percentage				Percentage			
1 Sub roun		1	13577	25.1%			
2	Sub round 2		11855	21.9%			
3	Sub round	3	16206	30.0%			
4	Sub round 4		12405	23.0%			
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.							
^{#7} SubSample: Sub Sample							
Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]							

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]
Definition	 An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.
Literal question	Sub Sample
Value Label	Cases Percentage

Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
1	Central sample	26991	49.9%	
2	State sample	27052	50.1%	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				

#8 Vill_Blk_Slno: Village/Bl. Srl. No.

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Definition	The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units.				
Literal question	Village/Bl. Srl. No.				
#9 Hhold_no: Sample	e Household No.				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal question	Sample Household No.				
#10 B3_1_q11: Month	nly per capita expenditure				
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-6365.19] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=195.222 /-] [StdDev=181.611 /-]				
Literal question	Monthly per capita expenditure				
#11 MPCE_Code: MP	#11 MPCE_Code: MPCE Code				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				

File Block 9pt1 - Monthly household expenditure for purchase of durables

#11 MPCE_Code: MPCE Code						
Literal questio	n	MPCE Code				
#12 Record_	#12 Record_Type: Record Type					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/	/ W]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal questio	n	Record Type				
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage		
10			54043		100.0%	
		e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interprete	d as summary statistic	s of the population of interest.		
#13 B9_1_q1	: Block 9	.1 Item Code				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/	/ W]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal questio	n	Block 9.1 Item Code				
		Frequency table not shown (72	? Modalities)			
^{#14} B9_1_q3	: Numbe	r				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-97] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/	/ W]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=1.988 /-] [StdDev=4.346 /-]				
Literal questio	n	Number				
#15 B9_1_q4	: Value o	f First-hand purchase - in cash				
Information [Type= continuous] [Formation		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-93	00] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/	/ W]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=44.954 /-] [Std[Dev=189.828 /-]			
Literal questio	n	Value of First-hand purchase - in cash				
#16 B9_1_q5	5: Value o	f First-hand purchase - in cash & kind				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-93	00] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/	/ W]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=46.165 /-] [Std[Dev=198.431 /-]			
Literal questio	n	Value of First-hand purchase - in cash & kind				
#17 B9_1_q6	: Value o	f Second-hand purchase - in cash				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-87	00] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/	/ W]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=4.108 /-] [StdDo	ev=140.058 /-]			
Literal questio	n	Value of Second-hand purchase - in cash				
#18 B9_1_q7	': Value o	f Second-hand purchase - in cash & kin	d			
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-87	00] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/	/ W]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=1.438 /-] [StdDo	ev=69.752 /-]			
Literal questio	teral question Value of Second-hand purchase - in cash & kind					
#19 Wgt_Co	mbined: N	Aultiplier Combined				
Information	Information [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 11.55-13946.13] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/	/ W]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=1024.91 /-] [Sto	Dev=698.999 /-]			
#20 Wgt_Sul	oSample:	Multiplier Sub-sample				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 23.1	-27892.26] [Missin	g=*]		
L		1				

File Block 9pt1 - Monthly household expenditure for purchase of durables

#20 Wgt_SubSample: Multiplier Sub-sample						
Statistics [NW	// W]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=2047.292 /-] [StdDev=1431.813 /-]				
#21 Old_HH	_Type: Ol	d Household Type				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=charact	er] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW	// W]	[Valid=54043 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal question	on	Old Household Type				
Value	Label		Cases	Pe	ercentage	
1			12380		22.9%	
2			4392	8.1%		
3			1571	2.9%		
4			15594		28.9%	
9			20106			37.2%
Warning: these fig	ures indicate the	e number of cases found in the data file. Th	ey cannot be interpreted as summary s	tatistics of the population	n of interest.	

File Block 9pt1 - Household expenditure for purchase of durables

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

	y to ident	any a nousenoid					
Information	Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]						
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Recoding and	Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a horse sub sample, serial no. of village / block and samp					
#2 Sector: S	ector						
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/	/ W]	[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Definition		Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcat	lion.				
Literal questio	n	Sector					
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage			
1	Rural		196189	61.3%			
2	Urban		123644	38.7%			
Warning: these figu	ires indicate the	e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpr	eted as summary statistics	of the population of interest.			
#3 State_Re	gion: Stat	te_Region					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/	/ W]	[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Definition		Regions are hierarchical domains of study below t	the level of State/ Unic	on Territory in the NSS.			
Literal questio	n	State_Region					
#4 State: Sta	ate						
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal question		State					
Recoding and Derivation This variable has been derived from the variable "State - Region" to enable the users to easily access state v data.			ble the users to easily access state wise				
		Frequency table not shown ((31 Modalities)				

File Block 9pt1 - Household expenditure for purchase of durables

5 Stratum	: Stratum				
nformation		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Miss	sing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-		[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Definition		Within each district of a State/ UT, two ba (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural are of the district.		rban stratum comprising of all the urban area	
iteral quest.	ion	Stratum			
⁶ SubRou	und: Sub R	ound			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]			
statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
efinition		The survey period of one year of this roun number of sample villages and blocks we		ub-rounds of three months duration. Equal ach of these four sub-rounds.	
iteral quest.	ion	Sub Round			
Value	Label	·	Cases	Percentage	
1	Sub round	11	76739	24.0%	
2	Sub round 2		77267	24.2%	
3	Sub round 3		84744	26.5%	
4	Sub round 4		81083	25.4%	
		14	81083	tistics of the population of interest.	

#7 SubSample: Sub Sample

2

-		-			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition	Pefinition An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample i drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate. Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units. The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.		Anterpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is f the population parameters. The comparison of associated with the combined sample estimate. ain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) amples for any State/ UT cover independent and		
Literal question		Sub Sample			
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage	
1	Central sa	mple	159894	50.0%	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest. #8 VIII Blk Sino: Village/BI, Srl, No.

State sample

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition	The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units.		
Literal question	Village/BI. Srl. No.		

159939

50.0%

File Block 9pt1 - Household expenditure for purchase of durables

#9 Hhold_no: Sample	e Household No.			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Literal question	Sample Household No.			
#10 B3_1_q11: Month	ly per capita expenditure			
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-27	588] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=164.302 /-] [S	tdDev=158.027 /-]		
Literal question	Monthly per capita expenditure			
#11 MPCE_Code: MP	CE Code			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Literal question	MPCE Code			
#12 Record_Type: Re	cord Type			
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Literal question	Record Type			
Value Label		Cases	Percentage	
11		319833		100.0%
	e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interprete	ed as summary statistics	of the population of interest.	
^{#13} B9_1_q8: Block 9				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Literal question	Block 9.1 Item Code			
	Frequency table not shown (73	3 Modalities)		
^{#14} B9_1_q10: Numb	1			
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-99] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=2.993 /-] [Std[Dev=6.902 /-]		
Literal question	Number			
^{#15} B9_1_q11: Value	of First-hand purchase - in cash			
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-99	00] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=147.483 /-] [S	tdDev=361.74 /-]		
Literal question	Value of First-hand purchase - in cash			
^{#16} B9_1_q12: Value of First-hand purchase - in cash & kind				
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-99	00] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=148.703 /-] [StdDev=365.99 /-]			
iteral question Value of First-hand purchase - in cash & kind				
#17 B9_1_q13: Value	of Second-hand purchase - in cash			
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-87	00] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=4.128 /-] [Std[Dev=134.391 /-]		

File Block 9pt1 - Household expenditure for purchase of durables

	-	-	-				
^{#17} B9_1_ (q13: Value	of Second-hand purchase - in cash					
Literal quest	ion	Value of Second-hand purchase - in cash					
^{#18} B9_1_	q14: Value	of Second-hand purchase - in cash 8	k kind				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0	ype= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-8900.04] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=2.418 /-] [StdDev=86.521 /-]					
Literal quest	ion	Value of Second-hand purchase - in cash & kind	ł				
^{#19} Wgt_C	ombined: I	Multiplier Combined					
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 9	9.85-42792.68] [N	/lissing=*]			
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=1069.444	/-] [StdDev=751.	561 /-]			
^{#20} Wgt_S	ubSample:	Multiplier Sub-sample					
nformation		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 19.04-85585.36] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=2137.159	in=2137.159 /-] [StdDev=1521.696 /-]				
^{#21} Old_HI	H_Type: OI	d Household Type					
nformation		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=319833 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Literal quest	ion	Old Household Type					
Value	Label		Cases	Pe	rcentage		
1			67231		21.0%		
2			40298	12.69	%		
3			12070	3.8%			
4			96284			30.1%	
9	to the stand stand	e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be inter	103950		- f in f - n - f	32.5%	

File Block 9pt2 - Monthly household expenditure for construction & repair of durables

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]	Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW	// W]	[Valid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Recoding and	Derivation	This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining sector, state region, stratum, sub round sub sample, serial no. of village / block and sample household number.			
#2 Sector: Sector					
Information [Ty		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Definition		Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation	n.		
Literal question	on	Sector			
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage	
1	Rural		9313	65.1%	
2	Urban	Urban		34.9%	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.					

File Block 9pt2 - Monthly household expenditure for construction & repair of durables

#3 State_Reg	gion: Stat	te_Region				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/	w]	[Valid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]	/alid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Definition		Regions are hierarchical domains of	study below the level of State/ Unio	on Territory in the NSS.		
Literal question	n	State_Region				
#4 State: Sta	te	I				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/	W]	[Valid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal question	n	State				
Recoding and	Derivation	This variable has been derived from data.	the variable "State - Region" to ena	ble the users to easily access state wise		
		Frequency table	e not shown (31 Modalities)			
#5 Stratum:	Stratum					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character]	[Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/	wj	[Valid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Definition		Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban areas of the district.				
Literal question	n	Stratum				
#6 SubRoun	d: Sub Ro	ound				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Definition		The survey period of one year of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration. Equal number of sample villages and blocks were allotted for survey in each of these four sub-rounds.				
Literal question	n	Sub Round				
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage		
1	Sub round	11	3645	25.5%		
2	Sub round	12	3556	24.8%		
3	Sub round	13	3377	23.6%		
4	Sub round		3733	26.1%		
		e number of cases found in the data file. They c	annot be interpreted as summary statistics	of the population of interest.		
^{#7} SubSamp	le: Sub S	ample				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Definition		of two or more independent and par drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of p	allel samples, termed as interpenet	e of first stage units is drawn in the form rating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is ulation parameters. The comparison of with the combined sample estimate.		
			.,	estimates from each sub-round (season) or any State/ UT cover independent and		

File Block 9pt2 - Monthly household expenditure for construction & repair of durables

#7 SubSample: Sub Sample

		The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are term State Government staff are termed as State samp		sample and the matched samples surveyed by
Literal quest	ion	Sub Sample		
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage
1	Central s	ample	6923	48.4%
2	State sa	•	7388	51.6%
-	-	he number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpre	ted as summary s	tatistics of the population of interest.
^{#0} VIII_BIK	_31110. VII	lage/Bl. Srl. No.		
	A// \A/1	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [N	vv/ vv]	[Valid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Definition		The first-stage units are census villages in the rura urban sector. This variable indicates the serial nur		
Literal quest	ion	Village/Bl. Srl. No.		
#9 Hhold_I	no: Sampl	e Household No.		
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Literal quest	ion	Sample Household No.		
#10 B3_1_	q11: Mont	hly per capita expenditure		
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-6365.19] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=214.367 /-] [S	tdDev=210.86	5 /-]
Literal quest	Literal question Monthly per capita expenditure			
#11 MPCE_	_Code: MF	PCE Code		
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [N	W/ W]	[Valid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Literal quest	ion	MPCE Code		
#12 Record	d_Type: R	ecord Type		
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Literal quest	ion	Record Type		
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage
12			14311	100.0%
	-	he number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpre	ted as summary s	statistics of the population of interest.
	q1: Вюск	9.2 Item Code		
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [N		[Valid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]		
Literal quest	tion	Block 9.2 Item Code		
		Frequency table not shown (7	4 Modalities)	
#14 B9_2_	q3: Numb	er		
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9	9] [Missing=*]	

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-99] [Missing=*]

File Block 9pt2 - Monthly household expenditure for construction & repair of durables

^{#14} B9_2_q3: Number					
Statistics [NW/ W]	Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=0.369 /-] [StdDev=1.507 /-]				
iteral question Number					
^{#15} B9_2_q4: Value in cash					
Information	nformation [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9300] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=121.143 /-] [StdDev=448.477 /-]				
Literal question	Literal question Value in cash				
#16 B9_2_q5: Value in	n cash and kind				
Information	Information [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9300] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=122.019 /-] [StdDev=448.826 /-]					
Literal question Value in cash and kind					
#17 Wgt_Combined: I	Multiplier Combined				
Information	nformation [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 13.13-10978.56] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=1144.305 /-] [StdDev=730.374 /-]					
#18 Wgt_SubSample: Multiplier Sub-sample					
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 25.39-23733.69] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W]	Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=2286.227 /-] [StdDev=1487.254 /-]				
#19 Old_HH_Type: Old Household Type					
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=14311 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal question	Literal question Old Household Type				

File Block 9pt2 - Household expenditure for construction & repair of durables

#1 HHID: Key to identify a household

Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=88525 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]					
Recoding and Derivation This variable has been derived for identifying a household by combining sector, state region, stratum, su sub sample, serial no. of village / block and sample household number.					
#2 Sector: S	Sector	-			
Information [Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]					
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=88525 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]			
Definition		Sector : A word used for the rural-urban demarcation.			
Literal question		Sector			
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage	
1	Rural		59512	67.2%	
2 Urban		29013	32.8%		
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.					

File Block 9pt2 - Household expenditure for construction & repair of durables

#3 State	agion Stat	a Pagion				
	legion: Stat					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=88525 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Definition		Regions are hierarchical domains of study below the level of State/ Union Territory in the NSS.				
Literal quest	ion	State_Region				
#4 State: S	state					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=88525 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal quest	ion	State				
Recoding and Derivation This variable has been derived from the variable "State - Region" to enable the users to easily a data.			ble the users to easily access state wis			
		Frequency table	not shown (31 Modalities)			
#5 Stratum	: Stratum					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=88525 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Definition		Within each district of a State/ UT, two basic strata were formed: (i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and (ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban areas of the district.				
Literal question Stratum						
#6 SubRou	Ind: Sub Ro	ound				
Information [Type= discrete] [Format=ch			Missing=*]			
Statistics [N	w/ w]	[Valid=88525 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Definition		The survey period of one year of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months duration. Equal number of sample villages and blocks were allotted for survey in each of these four sub-rounds.				
Literal quest	ion	Sub Round				
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage		
1	Sub round	1	20420	23.1%		
2	Sub round	2	21218	24.0%		
3	Sub round	3	23762	26.8%		
4	Sub round					
	nple: Sub S	number of cases found in the data file. They ca	annot be interpreted as summary statistics	of the population of interest.		
Information		•	Missing=*1			
		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W] Definition		[Valid=88525 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
		An important feature of the NSS sampling design is that the total sample of first stage units is drawn in the form of two or more independent and parallel samples, termed as interpenetrating sub-samples. Each sub- sample is drawn by the same sampling scheme and is capable of providing valid estimates of the population parameters. The comparison of sub-sample wise estimates shows the margin of uncertainty associated with the combined sample estimate.				
		Interpenetrating sub-samples have been used in NSS (i) to obtain valid estimates from each sub-round (season) of the survey round, and (ii) to ensure that Central and State samples for any State/ UT cover independent and equally valid samples of units.				

File Block 9pt2 - Household expenditure for construction & repair of durables

#7 SubSample: Sub Sample

#7 SubSam	ple: Sub S	Sample				
		The samples surveyed by the NSSO staff are termed as Central sample and the matched samples surveyed by State Government staff are termed as State sample.				
Literal questi	on	Sub Sample				
Value	Label	Cases Percentage				
1	Central sa	Imple	43686	49.3%		
2		tate sample 44839				
	-	e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpret	ed as summary sta	atistics of the population of interest.		
	_51no: villa	age/BI. Srl. No.				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NV	V/ W]	[Valid=88525 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Definition		The first-stage units are census villages in the rural sector and the NSSO urban frame survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. This variable indicates the serial number assigned to such units.				
Literal questi	on	Village/Bl. Srl. No.				
^{#9} Hhold_n	o: Sample	Household No.				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NV	V/ W]	[Valid=88525 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal questi	Literal question Sample Household No.					
#10 B3_1_q	11: Month	ly per capita expenditure				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-27588] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NV	v/ w]	[Valid=88525 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=165.328 /-] [StdDev=172.176 /-]				
Literal questi	on	Monthly per capita expenditure				
#11 MPCE_	Code: MP	CE Code				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NV	v/ w]	[Valid=88525 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal questi	on	MPCE Code				
#12 Record	_Type: Re	cord Type				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NV	v/ w]	[Valid=88525 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal questi	on	Record Type				
Value	Label		Cases	Percentage		
13			88525	100.0%		
Warning: these fig	gures indicate th	e number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpret	ed as summary sta	atistics of the population of interest.		
#13 B9_2_q	6: Block 9	.2 Item Code				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=character] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NV	v/ w]	[Valid=88525 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal questi	on	Block 9.2 Item Code				
		Frequency table not shown (7	4 Modalities)			
#14 B9_2_q	8: Numbe	r				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-99	01 [Missing=*]			

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-99] [Missing=*]

File Block 9pt2 - Household expenditure for construction & repair of durables

#14 B9_2_q8: Nu	mber				
Statistics [NW/ W]		an=0 436 /-1 [StdDev=1 712 /-1			
Literal question	Number	[Valid=88525 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=0.436 /-] [StdDev=1.712 /-]			
	^{#15} B9_2_q9: Value in cash				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9950] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=88525 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=219.416 /-] [StdDev=642.843 /-]				
-	Literal question Value in cash				
^{#16} B9_2_q10: Va	alue in cash and kind				
Information	formation [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9950] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W]	stics [NW/ W] [Valid=88525 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=223.975 /-] [StdDev=650.24 /-]				
Literal question	Literal question Value in cash and kind				
#17 Wgt_Combin	ed: Multiplier Combined				
Information	ormation [Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 9.85-15242.81] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W]	Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=88525 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=1121.066 /-] [StdDev=730.966 /-]				
#18 Wgt_SubSam	ple: Multiplier Sub-sample				
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=num	eric] [Range= 19.04-30485.61] [I	Vissing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]	Statistics [NW/ W] [Valid=88525 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=2240.373 /-] [StdDev=1485.774 /-]				
#19 Old_HH_Type	e: Old Household Type				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=charact	ter] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=88525 /-] [Invalid=0 /-]				
Literal question	Old Household Type				
Value Lab	el	Cases	Percer	ntage	
1		17899		20.2%	
2		13128	14.8%)	
3		3929	4.4%		
4		28685		32.4%	
9	cate the number of cases found in the data file. Th	24884		28.1%	